

Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.5139, 0.5305,
1.0550)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(37.5139, 0.5305, 1.0550)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(37.5194, 0.6351,
1.1492)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E676B
RGB	110, 103, 107
RGB Percent	43%, 40%, 42%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5961, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.03, 0.57
HSL	326°, 3%, 42%
HSV	326°, 6%, 43%
XYZ	13.9345, 14.0771, 15.8927
YIQ	105.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

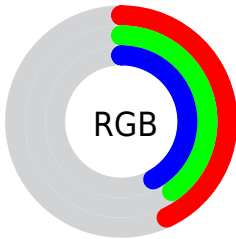
Format	Color
R _Y B	110, 103, 107
Decimal	7235435
CIE Lab	44.34, 3.54, -1.26
CIE LCh	44, 3.763, 340.396
Yxy	14.0777, 0.3174, 0.3206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285425515 (0xFF6E676B)
YUV	105.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035
Hunter-Lab	37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492

Details

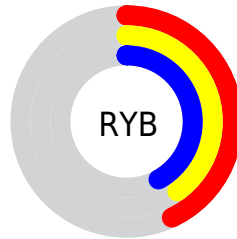
The HunterLab color $[37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[38.8284, -4.6399, 3.0222]$, and the grayscale version is $[37.7905, -2.0164, 2.0532]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57.6725, 0.0570, 2.2836]$, and $[20.4419, 1.0444, 0.2153]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.5468, 5.0096, -0.3259]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40.6373, -3.6592, 2.7316]$.

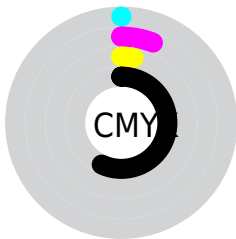
Distribution



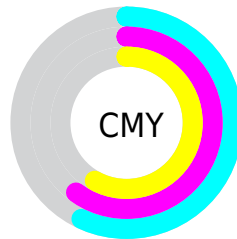
- Red (43%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37.5194, 0.6351,
1.1492

■ 37.5194, 0.6351,
1.1492

147.5512, -3.7505,
6.6330

■ 28.5914, 0.8891,
0.7392

■ 57.6427, -0.0449,
2.1109

■ 20.5108, 1.0761,
0.3823

■ 68.7326, -0.4576,
2.6536

■ 13.3790, 1.1814,
0.0878

■ 80.4546, -0.9136,
3.2340

■ 6.9348, 1.8569,
-0.3771

■ 92.7762, -1.4097,
3.8498

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.6696, -1.9435,
4.4991

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.1105, -2.5127,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.1803

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.0774, -3.1156,
5.8920

■ 37.5194, 0.6351,
1.1492

■ 37.5194, 0.6351,
1.1492

■ 34.5468, 5.0096,
-0.3259

■ 40.6373, -3.6592,
2.7316

■ 31.7396, 9.4536,
-1.6637

■ 43.8795, -7.8693,
4.3962

■ 29.1263, 13.9305,
-2.8205

■ 47.2317, -12.0012,
6.1269

■ 26.7397, 18.3701,
-3.7396

■ 50.6816, -16.0633,
7.9114

■ 24.6176, 22.6509,
-4.3509

■ 54.2192, -20.0646,
9.7407

■ 22.8004, 26.5878,
-4.5756

■ 57.8358, -24.0144,
11.6082

■ 21.3266, 29.9360,
-4.3417

■ 61.5245, -27.9210,
13.5088

■ 20.2234, 32.4323,
-3.6092

■ 65.2794, -31.7921,
15.4388

■ 19.4384, 34.0774,
-2.4768

■ 69.0955, -35.6345,
17.3951

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5202, -0.1968, -0.0148



37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492



37.5202, 0.7522, 2.5135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.5202, 0.6342, 1.1498



37.5202, -2.5012, 4.5364



37.5202, -4.0849, 0.2990

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492



38.8284, -4.6399, 3.0222

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.5202, -4.6828, 1.5650



37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492



37.5202, -3.7776, 3.9892

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.5202, 0.6342, 1.1498



37.5202, -1.0726, 4.4346



37.5202, -4.5712, 2.9134



37.5202, -2.9264, -0.5187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492



37.5202, 0.4088, 3.3479



37.5202, -4.5712, 2.9134



37.5202, -4.3573, 0.6881

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.5202, 0.6342, 1.1498



51.4800, -1.6247, 2.4117



37.2640, -0.0696, -0.5111



24.8672, -0.8301, 1.1804



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.5202, 0.6342, 1.1498



48.9773, 1.9061, 1.1500



37.4262, 0.1250, 2.4907



18.5215, 0.9028, 0.3764



20.9893, 37.9607, -2.0645



46.6587, 84.0460, -1.9553

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.5202, 0.6342, 1.1498



48.9773, 1.9061, 1.1500



38.9216, -4.1236, 1.6918



18.5215, 0.9028, 0.3764



20.9893, 37.9607, -2.0645



46.6587, 84.0460, -1.9553

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

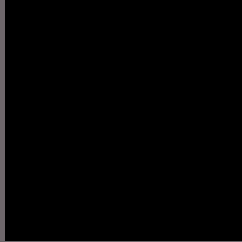
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.5194, 0.6351,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492

Protanopia

37.4800, -0.8150, 0.6376

Deuteranopia

37.6054, 2.2796, 1.2814



Tritanopia

37.4566, 2.0078, -0.6894

Trichromacy

**Original Color**

37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492

Protanomaly

37.5621, -0.5322, 0.7422

Deuteranomaly

37.5166, 1.9805, 1.1695

Tritanomaly

37.4273, 1.8505, -0.2740

Monochromacy

**Original Color**

37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492

Achromatopsia

37.9643, -2.0257, 2.0627

Achromatomaly

37.7751, -1.2913, 1.8523

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 103, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 103, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 103, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 103, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 103, 107) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 103, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 103, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 103, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 103, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 103,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.5194, 0.6351, 1.1492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 103, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
103, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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