

Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.7246, 9.5352,
-0.2717)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(37.7246, 9.5352, -0.2717)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(37.7972, 9.6334,
-0.1315)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80616F
RGB	128, 97, 111
RGB Percent	50%, 38%, 44%
CMY	0.4980, 0.6196, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.13, 0.50
HSL	333°, 14%, 44%
HSV	333°, 24%, 50%
XYZ	16.0460, 14.2863, 16.9508
YIQ	107.8650, 13.9820, 10.9260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

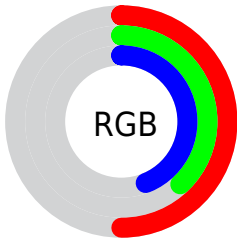
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 97, 111
Decimal	8413551
CIE Lab	44.64, 14.96, -3.04
CIE LCh	45, 15.263, 348.525
Yxy	14.2869, 0.3394, 0.3021
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286603631 (0xFF80616F)
YUV	107.8650, 1.5456, 17.6584
Hunter-Lab	37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315

Details

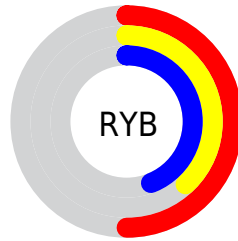
The HunterLab color $[37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $[43.8121, -12.7599, 5.2286]$, and the grayscale version is $[38.6645, -2.0630, 2.1007]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58.0068, 10.0584, 0.5028]$, and $[20.6393, 8.6782, -0.6394]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.5840, 14.7612, -0.8750]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41.2398, 4.5639, 0.8411]$.

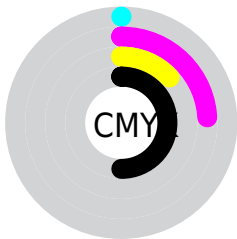
Distribution



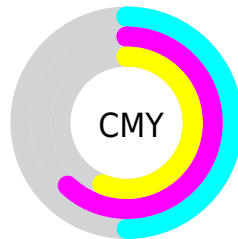
- Red (50%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37.7972, 9.6334,
-0.1315

■ 37.7972, 9.6334,
-0.1315

■ 147.9894, 9.8499,
4.6655

■ 28.8453, 9.2249,
-0.4409

■ 57.9632, 10.1535,
0.6496

■ 20.7381, 8.6963,
-0.6880

■ 69.0724, 10.2920,
1.1099

■ 13.5763, 8.0202,
-0.8607

■ 80.8127, 10.3608,
1.6120

■ 7.1684, 8.7108,
-1.3656

■ 93.1517, 10.3663,
2.1530

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.0618, 10.3139,
2.7307

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 119.5186, 10.2079,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.5008, 10.0522,
3.9886

■ 37.7972, 9.6334,
-0.1315

■ 37.7972, 9.6334,
-0.1315

■ 34.5840, 14.7612,
-0.8750

■ 41.2398, 4.5639,
0.8411

■ 31.6378, 19.8809,
-1.3328

■ 44.8761, -0.4116,
1.9934

■ 29.0064, 24.8616,
-1.4359

■ 48.6801, -5.2852,
3.2899

■ 26.7417, 29.4954,
-1.1144

■ 52.6302, -10.0600,
4.7027

■ 24.8949, 33.4929,
-0.3150

■ 56.7086, -14.7447,
6.2106

■ 23.5052, 36.5260,
0.9701

■ 60.9010, -19.3507,
7.7977

■ 22.5748, 38.3644,
2.6649

■ 65.1958, -23.8897,
9.4516

■ 22.1195, 39.2522,
3.6581

■ 69.5830, -28.3725,
11.1628

■ 74.0548, -32.8093,
12.9237

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.7981, 6.7714, -5.7262



37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315



37.7981, 9.2332, 5.2976

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.7981, 9.6321, -0.1308



37.7981, -5.5221, 10.8521



37.7981, -9.1747, -6.8567

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315



43.8121, -12.7599, 5.2286

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.7981, -12.0914, -1.4976



37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315



37.7981, -10.0726, 8.4726

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.7981, 9.6321, -0.1308



37.7981, 0.2420, 11.1032



37.7981, -12.4098, 4.1222



37.7981, -4.2278, -9.9847

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315



37.7981, 7.1771, 8.1265



37.7981, -12.4098, 4.1222



37.7981, -10.4119, -5.2220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.7981, 9.6321, -0.1308



58.1004, 1.3839, 2.1730



36.9524, 8.0348, -9.8568



28.0074, 0.8120, 1.0175



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.7981, 9.6321, -0.1308



47.7888, 16.4849, -0.7538



37.6757, 7.1771, 5.5426



20.9142, 0.9724, 0.6851



22.0266, 39.0885, 3.6337

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7981, 9.6321, -0.1308



47.7888, 16.4849, -0.7538



43.8980, -10.0882, -0.7097



20.9142, 0.9724, 0.6851



22.0266, 39.0885, 3.6337

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

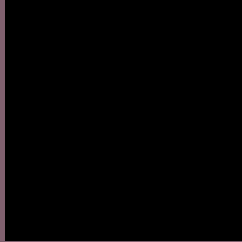
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315.

-0.1315.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315

Protanopia

37.9043, -0.2637, -2.4935

Deuteranopia

37.9522, 2.2711, 0.3800



Tritanopia

37.7721, 7.9502, 2.4361

Trichromacy



Original Color

37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315

Protanomaly

37.7205, 3.0727, -1.7258

Deuteranomaly

37.8881, 4.7220, 0.3444

Tritanomaly

37.8271, 8.2370, 1.6508

Monochromacy



Original Color

37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315

Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

Achromatomaly

38.2748, 1.9518, 1.2071

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 97, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 97, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 97, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 97, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 97, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 97, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 97, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 97, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 97, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 97,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.7972, 9.6334, -0.1315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 97, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 97,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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