

Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.7387, 3.7165,
1.2434)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(37.7387, 3.7165, 1.2434)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(37.6457, 3.8050,
0.9194)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75656C
RGB	117, 101, 108
RGB Percent	46%, 40%, 42%
CMY	0.5412, 0.6039, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.08, 0.54
HSL	334°, 7%, 43%
HSV	334°, 14%, 46%
XYZ	14.6966, 14.1720, 16.1482
YIQ	106.5820, 7.2890, 5.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

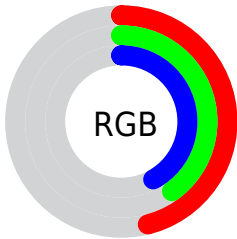
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 101, 108
Decimal	7693676
CIE Lab	44.48, 7.68, -1.59
CIE LCh	44, 7.845, 348.303
Yxy	14.1726, 0.3265, 0.3148
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285883756 (0xFF75656C)
YUV	106.5820, 0.6991, 9.1366
Hunter-Lab	37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194

Details

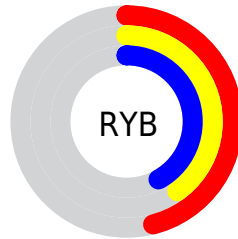
The HunterLab color $[37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[40.7621, -7.6481, 3.5251]$, and the grayscale version is $[38.1815, -2.0373, 2.0745]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57.7881, 3.4241, 2.0154]$, and $[20.5924, 3.9735, 0.0471]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.5326, 8.3333, 0.1011]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40.9320, -0.6408, 1.8986]$.

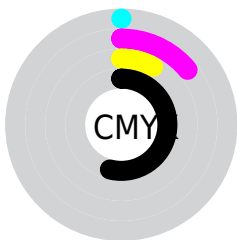
Distribution



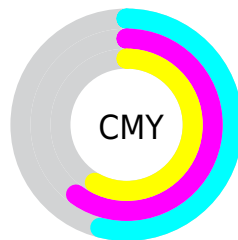
- Red (46%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37.6457, 3.8050,
0.9194

■ 37.6457, 3.8050,
0.9194

147.7505, 1.1213,
6.2775

■ 28.7068, 3.8098,
0.5279

■ 57.7884, 3.5725,
1.8480

■ 20.6141, 3.7249,
0.1914

■ 68.8871, 3.3642,
2.3756

■ 13.4686, 3.5282,
-0.0805

■ 80.6174, 3.1022,
2.9416

■ 7.0420, 4.3775,
-0.5529

■ 92.9470, 2.7912,
3.5437

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.8480, 2.4347,
4.1799

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.2961, 2.0359,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.8486

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.2700, 1.5974,
5.5482

■ 37.6457, 3.8050,
0.9194

■ 37.6457, 3.8050,
0.9194

■ 34.5326, 8.3333,
0.1011

■ 40.9320, -0.6408,
1.8986

■ 31.6192, 12.9216,
-0.5181

■ 44.3656, -4.9942,
3.0051

■ 28.9410, 17.5110,
-0.8875

■ 47.9283, -9.2595,
4.2156

■ 26.5394, 21.9939,
-0.9491

■ 51.6048, -13.4450,
5.5114

■ 24.4601, 26.1947,
-0.6434

■ 55.3824, -17.5608,
6.8785

■ 22.7491, 29.8656,
0.0751

■ 59.2510, -21.6171,
8.3060

■ 21.4433, 32.7167,
1.2147

■ 63.2018, -25.6237,
9.7852

■ 20.5470, 34.5358,
2.7110

■ 67.2279, -29.5894,
11.3096

■ 20.0563, 35.5466,
3.6611

■ 71.3231, -33.5220,
12.8738

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.6465, 2.3923, -1.7853



37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194



37.6465, 3.6218, 3.7315

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.6465, 3.8039, 0.9201



37.6465, -3.8046, 6.8940



37.6465, -5.7702, -2.2810

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194



40.7621, -7.6481, 3.5251

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.6465, -7.3305, 0.2855



37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194



37.6465, -6.2203, 5.5185

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.6465, 3.8039, 0.9201



37.6465, -0.8345, 7.0347



37.6465, -7.4926, 3.1444



37.6465, -3.1727, -3.7277

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194



37.6465, 2.6221, 5.2931



37.6465, -7.4926, 3.1444



37.6465, -6.4299, -1.5118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.6465, 3.8039, 0.9201



54.5804, -0.6042, 2.4805



37.2755, 3.1055, -3.7460



26.0359, -0.1120, 1.1475



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.6465, 3.8039, 0.9201



49.2112, 6.7407, 0.9076



37.6638, 2.4163, 3.8681



19.3003, 0.8540, 0.6685



21.0449, 37.2852, 3.9468



46.2778, 81.6525, 11.2968

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.6465, 3.8039, 0.9201



49.2112, 6.7407, 0.9076



40.7288, -6.2078, 0.4886



19.3003, 0.8540, 0.6685



21.0449, 37.2852, 3.9468



46.2778, 81.6525, 11.2968

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

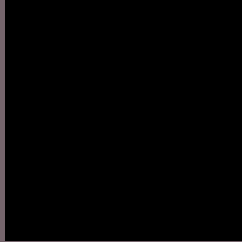
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.6457, 3.8050,

0.9194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194

Protanopia

37.8062, -0.9582, 0.1445

Deuteranopia

37.6336, 2.4305, 0.8806



Tritanopia

37.6741, 3.9563, 0.5147

Trichromacy



Original Color

37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194

Protanomaly

37.8414, 0.4814, 0.6577

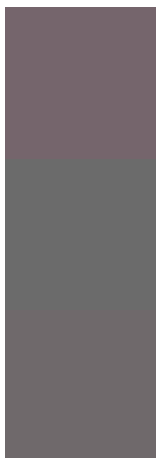
Deuteranomaly

37.7231, 2.7308, 0.9941

Tritanomaly

37.6741, 3.9563, 0.5147

Monochromacy



Original Color

37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194

Achromatopsia

38.3441, -2.0459, 2.0833

Achromatomaly

38.1369, 0.0091, 1.8747

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 101, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 101, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 101, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 101, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 101, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 101, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 101, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 101, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 101, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 101,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.6457, 3.8050, 0.9194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 101, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
101, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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