

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.8007, 9.4970,  
-2.6587)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(37.8007, 9.4970, -2.6587)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(37.7438, 9.7642,  
-2.5267)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7E6174
RGB	126, 97, 116
RGB Percent	49%, 38%, 45%
CMY	0.5059, 0.6196, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.08, 0.51
HSL	321°, 13%, 44%
HSV	321°, 23%, 49%
XYZ	16.0313, 14.2459, 18.4278
YIQ	107.8370, 11.1850, 12.0570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

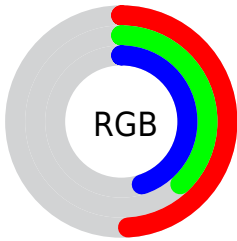
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	126, 97, 116
Decimal	8282484
CIE Lab	44.58, 15.12, -6.17
CIE LCh	45, 16.331, 337.790
Yxy	14.2466, 0.3291, 0.2925
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286472564 (0xFF7E6174)
YUV	107.8370, 4.0244, 15.9290
Hunter-Lab	37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267

# Details

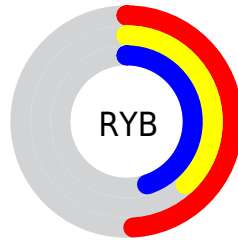
The HunterLab color  $37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996666$ . A complement of this color would be  $43.0407, -12.9260, 7.1327$ , and the grayscale version is  $38.6455, -2.0620, 2.0997$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $57.9575, 10.2133, -2.0056$ , and  $20.6793, 9.0813, -2.7783$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $34.6428, 15.1771, -4.4512$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $41.0689, 4.4022, -0.4287$ .

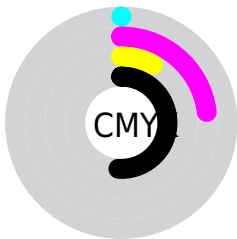
# Distribution



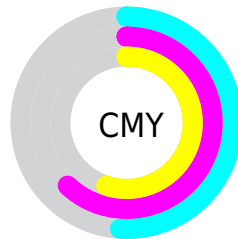
- Red (49%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



37.7438, 9.7642,  
-2.5267

37.7438, 9.7642,  
-2.5267

147.9052, 10.0473,  
1.0767

28.7965, 9.3463,  
-2.6661

57.9016, 10.3017,  
-2.0554

20.6944, 8.8076,  
-2.7305

69.0071, 10.4481,  
-1.7379

13.5383, 8.1206,  
-2.7059

80.7439, 10.5245,  
-1.3719

7.1241, 8.8680,  
-3.2052

93.0796, 10.5372,  
-0.9611

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.9864, 10.4918,  
-0.5085

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.4402, 10.3926,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.0166

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.4195, 10.2434,  
0.5124

■ 37.7438, 9.7642,  
-2.5267

■ 37.7438, 9.7642,  
-2.5267

■ 34.6428, 15.1771,  
-4.4512

■ 41.0689, 4.4022,  
-0.4287

■ 31.8010, 20.5683,  
-6.1379

■ 44.5841, -0.8686,  
1.7930

■ 29.2627, 25.8024,  
-7.4973

■ 48.2646, -6.0367,  
4.1059

■ 27.0752, 30.6697,  
-8.4208

■ 52.0891, -11.1025,  
6.4872

■ 25.2843, 34.8855,  
-8.7930

■ 56.0406, -16.0737,  
8.9213

■ 23.9247, 38.1305,  
-8.5224

■ 60.1050, -20.9607,  
11.3973

■ 23.0043, 40.1522,  
-7.5874

■ 64.2706, -25.7749,  
13.9081

■ 22.4794, 41.2439,  
-6.7704

■ 68.5279, -30.5275,  
16.4483

■ 72.8688, -35.2287,  
19.0144

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.7446, 5.6315, -8.1390



37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267



37.7446, 10.6400, 3.5709

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.7446, 9.7630, -2.5259



37.7446, -3.6305, 11.7143



37.7446, -11.0488, -5.6408

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267



43.0407, -12.9260, 7.1327

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.7446, -13.1969, 0.4725



37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267



37.7446, -9.0992, 10.0163

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.7446, 9.7630, -2.5259



37.7446, 2.6337, 11.1776



37.7446, -12.5071, 6.1244



37.7446, -6.4509, -10.1314



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267



37.7446, 9.2113, 7.0039



37.7446, -12.5071, 6.1244



37.7446, -12.0672, -3.6716

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.7446, 9.7630, -2.5259



57.1872, 1.7333, 1.1389



36.2790, 5.7124, -9.8039



27.1799, 0.9676, 0.4835



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.7446, 9.7630, -2.5259



47.7163, 17.0005, -4.8250



37.3385, 7.6541, 3.2490



20.9475, 1.1517, 0.2104



22.7668, 41.7681, -6.8329

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7446, 9.7630, -2.5259



47.7163, 17.0005, -4.8250



43.4143, -10.7967, 1.7850



20.9475, 1.1517, 0.2104



22.7668, 41.7681, -6.8329

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

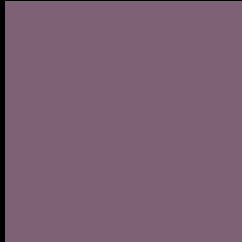
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

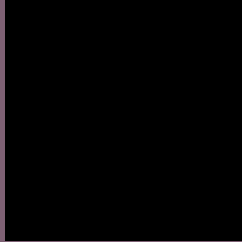
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267.

-2.5267.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267

### Protanopia

37.9041, 0.0509, -4.9381

### Deuteranopia

37.9250, 2.4749, -1.9445



## Tritanopia

37.8474, 6.9679, 2.0824

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267

## Protanomaly

37.7017, 3.3200, -4.1567

## Deuteranomaly

37.8511, 4.8958, -1.9971

## Tritanomaly

37.7109, 8.0341, 0.1847

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267

## Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

## Achromatomaly

38.3317, 2.2572, 0.3977

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 97, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 97, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 97, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 97, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 97, 116) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 97, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 97, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 97, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 97, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 97,  
116) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.7438, 9.7642, -2.5267 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 97, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 97,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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