

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.8981, -10.5998,  
7.1228)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(37.8981, -10.5998,  
7.1228) contains.

<b>HunterLab(37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(37.7929,  
-10.4992, 6.8575)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	596F5D
RGB	89, 111, 93
RGB Percent	35%, 44%, 36%
CMY	0.6510, 0.5647, 0.6353
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.16, 0.56
HSL	131°, 11%, 39%
HSV	131°, 20%, 44%
XYZ	11.7800, 14.2830, 12.4919
YIQ	102.3700, -7.3340, -10.2620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

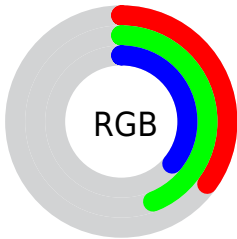
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	89, 108, 111
Decimal	5861213
CIE Lab	44.64, -12.07, 7.36
CIE LCh	45, 14.141, 148.620
Yxy	14.2836, 0.3055, 0.3705
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284051293 (0xFF596F5D)
YUV	102.3700, -4.6194, -11.7255
Hunter-Lab	37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575

# Details

The HunterLab color  $37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $34.0384, 7.4640, -3.1252$ , and the grayscale version is  $36.6102, -1.9534, 1.9891$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $58.0229, -13.2401, 8.9675$ , and  $20.6733, -7.7984, 4.8894$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $36.9104, -14.2234, 9.0487$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $38.7885, -6.4273, 4.5414$ .

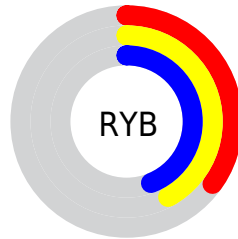
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (44%)

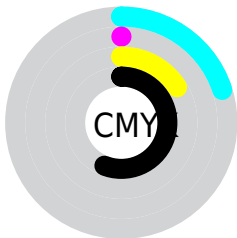
Blue (36%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (44%)

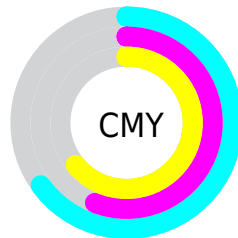


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



37.7929, -10.4992,  
6.8575

37.7929, -10.4992,  
6.8575

147.9825,  
-21.6499, 15.9525

28.8413, -9.2194,  
5.8948

57.9581, -12.9904,  
8.7906

20.7346, -7.8916,  
4.9210

69.0671, -14.2200,  
9.7701

13.5732, -6.4810,  
3.9162

80.8071, -15.4473,  
10.7622

7.1648, -7.7252,  
4.6501

93.1458, -16.6759,  
11.7685

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.0556,  
-17.9087, 12.7901

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.5122,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-19.1476, 13.8277

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.4942,  
-20.3943, 14.8817

■ 37.7929, -10.4992,  
6.8575

■ 37.7929, -10.4992,  
6.8575

■ 36.9104, -14.2234,  
9.0487

■ 38.7885, -6.4273,  
4.5414

■ 36.1406, -17.5590,  
11.0898

■ 39.8915, -2.0466,  
2.1222

■ 35.4852, -20.4736,  
12.9587

■ 41.0988, 2.6005,  
-0.3775

■ 34.9434, -22.9425,  
14.6348

■ 42.4057, 7.4741,  
-2.9377

■ 34.5125, -24.9522,  
16.1015

■ 43.8074, 12.5369,  
-5.5409

■ 34.1875, -26.5033,  
17.3469

■ 45.2988, 17.7556,  
-8.1719

■ 33.9610, -27.6127,  
18.3652

■ 46.8747, 23.1006,  
-10.8184

■ 33.7971, -28.4247,  
19.1386

■ 48.5301, 28.5467,  
-13.4702

■ 33.7944, -28.4382,  
19.1500

■ 50.2601, 34.0724,  
-16.1194

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.7937, -6.8758, 9.7570



37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575



37.7937, -11.8707, 2.2949

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.7937, -10.4999, 6.8580



37.7937, -2.2689, -9.2393



37.7937, 7.5583, 6.4990

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575



34.0384, 7.4640, -3.1252

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.7937, 8.9591, 1.8180



37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575



37.7937, 3.0970, -7.7065

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.7937, -10.4999, 6.8580



37.7937, -7.2868, -7.4089



37.7937, 7.2836, -3.4698



37.7937, 3.5549, 9.5712



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575



37.7937, -11.3845, -1.2425



37.7937, 7.2836, -3.4698



37.7937, 8.3587, 5.0838

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.7937, -10.4999, 6.8580



52.4273, -6.5012, 4.9072



39.0350, -6.1588, 9.5899



25.6640, -3.3186, 2.4785



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.7937, -10.4999, 6.8580



49.9828, -16.5196, 10.6164



38.0606, -8.9837, 3.0309



19.4222, -3.0393, 2.1728



36.6797, -30.8969, 20.8510



81.8077, -69.3243, 47.3986



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0384, 7.4640, -3.1252



43.7819, 13.1818, -5.8730



33.7272, 5.8369, 1.2886



18.5569, 1.0928, -0.1266



22.0575, 41.7769, -16.7767



49.1121, 92.8249, -35.8524



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

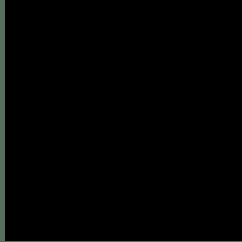
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.7929,

-10.4992, 6.8575.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575

### Protanopia

37.7105, -2.3166, 7.9884

### Deuteranopia

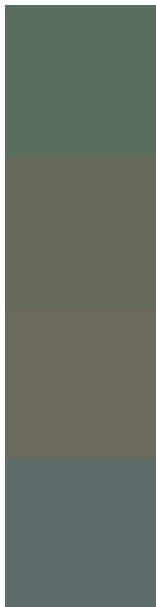
37.7504, 2.1429, 6.2953



## Tritanopia

37.8328, -4.7343, -2.6646

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575

## Protanomaly

37.6222, -5.3955, 7.4903

## Deuteranomaly

37.5492, -2.6939, 6.3695

## Tritanomaly

37.8091, -6.7320, 0.9322

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575

## Achromatopsia

36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

## Achromatomaly

36.8041, -5.0747, 3.5732

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 111, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 111, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 111, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 111, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 111, 93) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 111, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 111, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 111, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 111, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 111,  
93) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.7929, -10.4992, 6.8575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 111, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 111,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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