

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.0720, 70.8625,
-102.4858)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.0720, 70.8625,
-102.4858) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(38.0700, 70.8595,
-102.4797)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9829EF
RGB	152, 41, 239
RGB Percent	60%, 16%, 94%
CMY	0.4039, 0.8392, 0.0627
CMYK	0.36, 0.83, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	274°, 86%, 55%
HSV	274°, 83%, 94%
XYZ	29.3218, 14.4932, 82.9133
YIQ	96.7610, 2.5980, 85.1100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

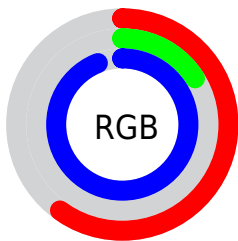
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 41, 239
Decimal	9972207
CIE _{Lab}	44.93, 75.21, -77.58
CIE _{LCh}	45, 108.051, 314.111
Yxy	14.4937, 0.2314, 0.1144
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288162287 (0xFF9829EF)
YUV	96.7610, 70.1238, 48.4446
Hunter-Lab	38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797

Details

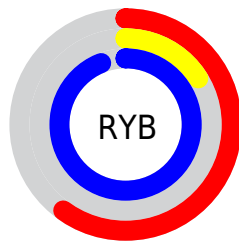
The HunterLab color **38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9933FF**. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be **81.5366, -54.7523, 47.7585**, and the grayscale version is **34.2314, -1.8265, 1.8599**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.5598, 64.1855, -65.6003**, and **23.6676, 54.8012, -95.3230** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1325, 74.9480, -114.8524**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.1136, 63.9166, -87.8987**.

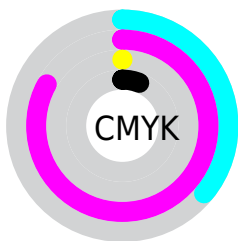
Distribution



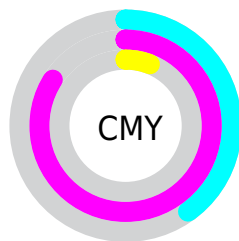
- Red (60%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)















- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797	 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797
148.4186, 89.8872, -105.6980	 29.0944, 68.5403, -105.1221
 58.2774, 75.6138, -100.9291	 20.9614, 66.4997, -110.5145
 69.4055, 77.9162, -101.0764	 13.7702, 65.2932, -121.8356
 81.1636, 80.1365, -101.5389	 7.3898, 70.2309, -155.2097
 93.5197, 82.2671, -102.2011	0.0000, INF, -NF
	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 106.4460, 84.3061, -102.9895	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 119.9184, 86.2541,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

-103.8553

133.9156, 88.1135,
-104.7658

■ 38.0700, 70.8595,
-102.4797

■ 38.0700, 70.8595,
-102.4797

■ 35.1325, 74.9480,
-114.8524

■ 42.1136, 63.9166,
-87.8987

■ 33.6146, 76.1051,
-121.9903

■ 47.1472, 55.1927,
-72.6755

■ 53.0143, 45.6130,
-57.8627

■ 59.5655, 35.7642,
-43.9538

■ 66.6762, 25.9524,
-31.0755

■ 74.2485, 16.3090,
-19.1725

■ 82.2074, 6.8723,
-8.1202

■ 90.4950, -2.3634,
2.2187

■ 98.7106, -10.8513,
11.5855

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.0706, 19.4169, -169.2204



38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797



38.0706, 108.9772, -25.0825

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.0706, 70.8601, -102.4778



38.0706, 22.3409, 26.6494



38.0706, -52.6012, -21.4400

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797



81.5366, -54.7523, 47.7585

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.0706, -52.3687, 17.5359



38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797



38.0706, -19.5848, 26.6494

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.0706, 70.8601, -102.4778



38.0706, 73.7735, 26.4032



38.0706, -43.1484, 26.6494



38.0706, -44.0276, -97.5163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797



38.0706, 114.5684, 7.1181



38.0706, -43.1484, 26.6494



38.0706, -53.3811, -3.7754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.0706, 70.8601, -102.4778



78.0512, 19.8628, -23.4243



47.6398, 8.3932, -72.1295



34.7728, 10.8792, -12.9102

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.0706, 70.8601, -102.4778



36.3480, 81.7186, -130.4937



50.5959, 89.7830, -54.2039



39.5800, 1.7427, -2.1270



25.1463, 56.7591, -89.9137



7.6476, 16.8430, -24.0982

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.3628, 73.9678, 3.7485



47.4534, 83.5004, 11.0086



79.0207, -65.1511, 45.2103



39.8425, 2.2325, 1.2838



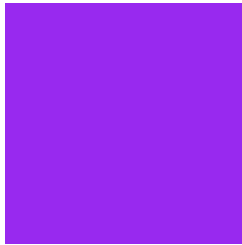
32.7569, 57.8957, 7.2254



9.5515, 17.0763, 0.5981

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

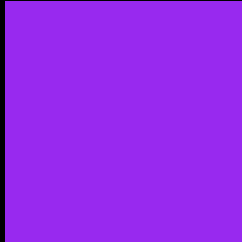
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

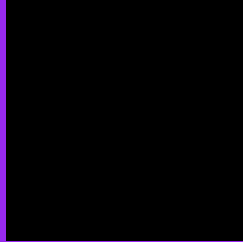
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797.

-102.4797.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797

Protanopia

38.3539, 13.7425, -77.6052

Deuteranopia

38.1119, 0.9271, -49.6379



Tritanopia

37.9748, 7.4352, 1.8125

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797



Protanomaly

34.6205, 32.3999, -100.0932



Deuteranomaly

34.0721, 23.6011, -80.2024



Tritanomaly

36.0087, 29.3486, -28.3579

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797



Achromatopsia

34.5743, -1.8448, 1.8785



Achromatomaly

33.5553, 23.2785, -29.1564

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 41, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 41, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 41, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 41, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 41, 239) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 41, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 41, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 41, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 41, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 41,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.0700, 70.8595, -102.4797 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 41, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 41,  
239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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