

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.0923, 4.8746,
-5.6092)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(38.0923, 4.8746,
-5.6092)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72667B
RGB	114, 102, 123
RGB Percent	45%, 40%, 48%
CMY	0.5529, 0.6000, 0.5176
CMYK	0.07, 0.17, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	274°, 9%, 44%
HSV	274°, 17%, 48%
XYZ	15.2660, 14.5102, 20.7351
YIQ	107.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

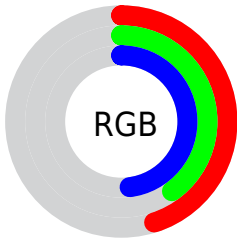
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 102, 123
Decimal	7497339
CIE Lab	44.96, 9.05, -9.97
CIE LCh	45, 13.461, 312.226
Yxy	14.5108, 0.3022, 0.2873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285687419 (0xFF72667B)
YUV	107.9820, 7.4039, 5.2778
Hunter-Lab	38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092

Details

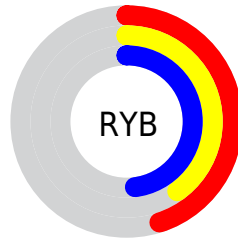
The HunterLab color $[38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[43.0176, -8.7345, 9.0280]$, and the grayscale version is $[38.6911, -2.0645, 2.1022]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58.2963, 4.7054, -5.2445]$, and $[20.9405, 4.6877, -5.3576]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.5346, 9.2374, -10.7301]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41.8024, 0.5987, -0.8095]$.

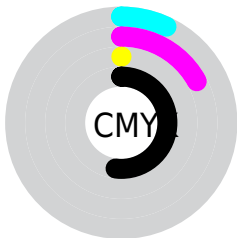
Distribution



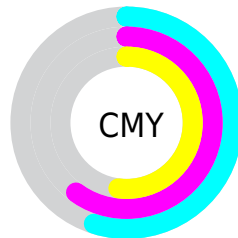
- Red (45%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.0923, 4.8746,
-5.6092

■ 38.0923, 4.8746,
-5.6092

■ 148.4541, 2.7232,
-3.3578

■ 29.1150, 4.8035,
-5.5662

■ 58.3033, 4.7806,
-5.4799

■ 20.9798, 4.6368,
-5.4414

■ 69.4330, 4.6359,
-5.3229

■ 13.7863, 4.3509,
-5.2254

■ 81.1926, 4.4346,
-5.1111

■ 7.4078, 4.9260,
-5.4875

■ 93.5500, 4.1816,
-4.8488

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.4777, 3.8810,
-4.5395

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 119.9514, 3.5359,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-4.1863

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.9498, 3.1492,
-3.7917

■ 38.0923, 4.8746,
-5.6092

■ 38.0923, 4.8746,
-5.6092

■ 34.5346, 9.2374,
-10.7301

■ 41.8024, 0.5987,
-0.8095

■ 31.1529, 13.6869,
-16.2284

■ 45.6424, -3.5951,
3.7193

■ 27.9812, 18.1968,
-22.1465

■ 49.5970, -7.7187,
8.0248

■ 25.0618, 22.6988,
-28.4918

■ 53.6535, -11.7842,
12.1470

■ 22.4478, 27.0480,
-35.1890

■ 57.8017, -15.8029,
16.1188

■ 20.2007, 30.9848,
-42.0103

■ 62.0331, -19.7848,
19.9676

■ 18.3838, 34.1213,
-48.5108

■ 66.3407, -23.7388,
23.7157

■ 16.9686, 36.3024,
-54.3852

■ 70.7186, -27.6721,
27.3813

■ 16.5611, 36.9963,
-56.2352

■ 75.1620, -31.5911,
30.9794

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.0931, 0.0919, -8.3659



38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092



38.0931, 7.8937, -0.9253

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.0931, 4.8737, -5.6084



38.0931, 1.0454, 10.0190



38.0931, -11.2648, 0.0177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092



43.0176, -8.7345, 9.0280

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.0931, -11.0399, 4.8468



38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092



38.0931, -4.1154, 10.2008

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.0931, 4.8737, -5.6084



38.0931, 5.6037, 7.8931



38.0931, -8.4832, 8.4281



38.0931, -9.1148, -4.8393

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092



38.0931, 8.4082, 2.4387



38.0931, -8.4832, 8.4281



38.0931, -11.4611, 1.7047

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.0931, 4.8737, -5.6084



56.9274, -0.3005, 0.1239



39.5552, -2.6571, -3.7612



27.4835, 0.0133, -0.1139



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.0931, 4.8737, -5.6084



49.3225, 8.5055, -9.7968



38.8710, 7.3244, -3.8067



19.9900, 0.7028, -0.8484



16.8345, 37.6172, -57.2418



36.0674, 81.3316, -128.3596

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5513, 5.6437, 0.7237



50.0768, 9.7451, 0.5924



42.4010, -10.9228, 7.8444



20.1020, 0.8995, 0.7124



21.4904, 38.0229, 4.4301



46.7617, 82.4053, 12.1973

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

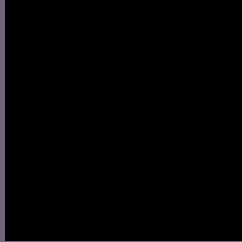
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092.

-5.6092.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092

Protanopia

38.3044, 0.3011, -6.4234

Deuteranopia

38.1863, 2.5063, -5.5209



Tritanopia

38.0989, 1.5293, -0.3525

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092

Protanomaly

38.3200, 1.6621, -5.8622

Deuteranomaly

38.0921, 3.5398, -5.6328

Tritanomaly

38.0423, 2.9293, -2.2588

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092

Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

Achromatomaly

38.4907, 0.1867, -0.3439

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 102, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 102, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 102, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 102, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 102, 123) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 102, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 102, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 102, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 102, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 102,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.0923, 4.8746, -5.6092 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 102, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
102, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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