

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.0988, 2.8792,
-0.3289)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(38.0988, 2.8792,
-0.3289)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	736770
RGB	115, 103, 112
RGB Percent	45%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.5490, 0.5961, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.03, 0.55
HSL	315°, 6%, 43%
HSV	315°, 10%, 45%
XYZ	14.8451, 14.5152, 17.3485
YIQ	107.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

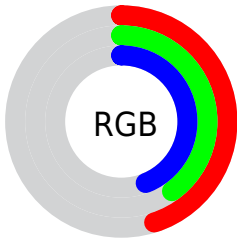
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 103, 112
Decimal	7563120
CIE Lab	44.96, 6.50, -3.32
CIE LCh	45, 7.293, 332.956
Yxy	14.5158, 0.3178, 0.3108
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285753200 (0xFF736770)
YUV	107.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775
Hunter-Lab	38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289

Details

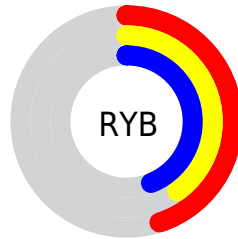
The HunterLab color $[38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[40.2319, -6.8430, 4.5748]$, and the grayscale version is $[38.5693, -2.0580, 2.0955]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58.3155, 2.6097, 0.2706]$, and $[20.9566, 2.9695, -0.7575]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.1001, 7.8471, -2.7328]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41.2653, -2.0004, 2.1417]$.

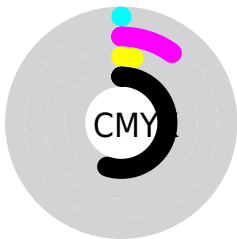
Distribution



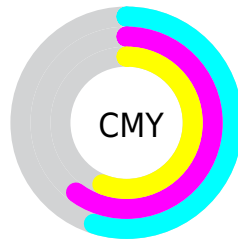
- Red (45%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.0988, 2.8792,
-0.3289

■ 38.0988, 2.8792,
-0.3289

■ 148.4643, -0.3107,
4.3713

■ 29.1209, 2.9584,
-0.6246

■ 58.3108, 2.5133,
0.4271

■ 20.9852, 2.9549,
-0.8569

■ 69.4410, 2.2442,
0.8758

■ 13.7909, 2.8487,
-1.0135

■ 81.2010, 1.9245,
1.3668

■ 7.4130, 3.4224,
-1.4507

■ 93.5588, 1.5585,
1.8973

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.4869, 1.1493,
2.4649

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 119.9609, 0.6999,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.0675

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.9597, 0.2126,
3.7035

■ 38.0988, 2.8792,
-0.3289

■ 38.0988, 2.8792,
-0.3289

■ 35.1001, 7.8471,
-2.7328

■ 41.2653, -2.0004,
2.1417

■ 32.2931, 12.8778,
-5.0360

■ 44.5752, -6.7797,
4.6536

■ 29.7103, 17.9103,
-7.1836

■ 48.0114, -11.4618,
7.1928

■ 27.3883, 22.8366,
-9.0985

■ 51.5591, -16.0543,
9.7506

■ 25.3672, 27.4854,
-10.6778

■ 55.2064, -20.5670,
12.3214

■ 23.6870, 31.6188,
-11.7997

■ 58.9431, -25.0107,
14.9024

■ 22.3798, 34.9565,
-12.3444

■ 62.7610, -29.3954,
17.4920

■ 21.4604, 37.2452,
-12.2334

■ 66.6529, -33.7307,
20.0894

■ 20.7864, 38.8486,
-11.7719

■ 70.6129, -38.0250,
22.6946

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.0996, 0.9374, -2.4772



38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289



38.0996, 3.4904, 2.3370

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.0996, 2.8782, -0.3282



38.0996, -2.3121, 6.8408



38.0996, -6.4467, -0.8178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289



40.2319, -6.8430, 4.5748

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.0996, -7.2623, 1.8089



38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289



38.0996, -4.9188, 6.1246

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.0996, 2.8782, -0.3282



38.0996, 0.4432, 6.3579



38.0996, -6.7111, 4.3291



38.0996, -4.4513, -2.7738

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289



38.0996, 3.0487, 4.0172



38.0996, -6.7111, 4.3291



38.0996, -6.8653, 0.0224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.0996, 2.8782, -0.3282



54.0788, -0.9622, 1.9849



37.4208, 0.7660, -2.6270



26.2646, -0.2433, 0.8538



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.0996, 2.8782, -0.3282



49.7915, 5.7742, -1.3860



37.9297, 1.9671, 2.0909



19.3469, 1.1048, 0.0045



22.2170, 41.5090, -12.4787



48.8990, 91.1144, -25.5597

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.0996, 2.8782, -0.3282



49.7915, 5.7742, -1.3860



40.3921, -5.9481, 2.2836



19.3469, 1.1048, 0.0045



22.2170, 41.5090, -12.4787



48.8990, 91.1144, -25.5597

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

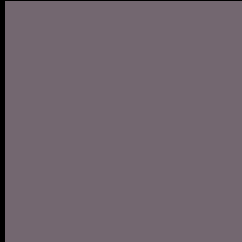
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

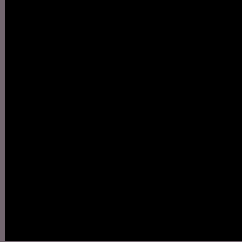
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289.

-0.3289.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289

Protanopia

38.1931, -0.7757, -1.1923

Deuteranopia

38.0102, 2.5821, -0.4443



Tritanopia

38.0697, 2.7236, 0.0843

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289

Protanomaly

38.1400, 0.3627, -0.7781

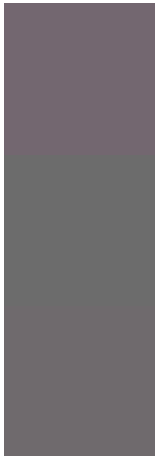
Deuteranomaly

38.0102, 2.5821, -0.4443

Tritanomaly

38.0697, 2.7236, 0.0843

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289

Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

Achromatomaly

38.4600, -0.1475, 1.3924

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 103, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 103, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 103, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 103, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 103, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 103, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 103, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 103, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 103, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 103,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.0988, 2.8792, -0.3289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 103, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
103, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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