

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.2420, -6.5607,
4.8999)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.2420, -6.5607, 4.8999)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(38.3727, -6.5781,
4.9011)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	636E64
RGB	99, 110, 100
RGB Percent	39%, 43%, 39%
CMY	0.6118, 0.5686, 0.6078
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.09, 0.57
HSL	125°, 5%, 41%
HSV	125°, 10%, 43%
XYZ	13.0218, 14.7246, 14.2125
YIQ	105.5710, -3.3460, -5.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

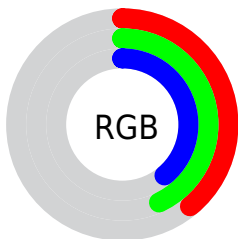
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 109, 110
Decimal	6516324
CIE Lab	45.26, -6.27, 4.16
CIE LCh	45, 7.525, 146.446
Yxy	14.7253, 0.3103, 0.3509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284706404 (0xFF636E64)
YUV	105.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628
Hunter-Lab	38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011

Details

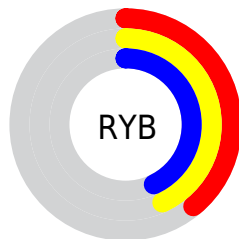
The HunterLab color $[38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[36.5284, 2.7930, -0.9270]$, and the grayscale version is $[37.8132, -2.0176, 2.0545]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58.7870, -8.4943, 6.5468]$, and $[21.0532, -4.7823, 3.4037]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[37.3703, -10.7246, 7.4928]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39.4884, -2.1077, 2.1459]$.

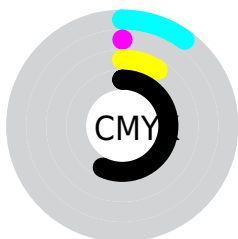
Distribution



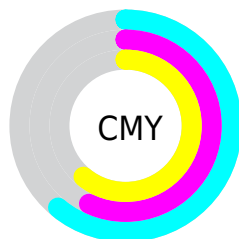
- Red (39%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.3727, -6.5781,
4.9011

■ 38.3727, -6.5781,
4.9011

148.8950,
-15.1719, 12.6306

■ 29.3714, -5.6926,
4.1518

■ 58.6264, -8.3787,
6.4628

■ 21.2098, -4.8070,
3.4186

■ 69.7754, -9.2987,
7.2765

■ 13.9864, -3.9087,
2.6946

■ 81.5533, -10.2345,
8.1129

■ 7.6278, -3.9897,
2.6753

■ 93.9282, -11.1869,
8.9720

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.8724,
-12.1565, 9.8536

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.3621,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.1438, 10.7574

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.3759,
-14.1489, 11.6832

■ 38.3727, -6.5781,
4.9011

■ 38.3727, -6.5781,
4.9011

■ 37.3703, -10.7246,
7.4928

■ 39.4884, -2.1077,
2.1459

■ 36.4821, -14.5006,
9.8919

■ 40.7107, 2.6448,
-0.7474

■ 35.7112, -17.8661,
12.0721

■ 42.0356, 7.6359,
-3.7530

■ 35.0584, -20.7863,
14.0092

■ 43.4578, 12.8258,
-6.8480

■ 34.5227, -23.2356,
15.6835

■ 44.9720, 18.1790,
-10.0122

■ 34.1013, -25.2013,
17.0816

■ 46.5728, 23.6643,
-13.2285

■ 33.7887, -26.6861,
18.1980

■ 48.2548, 29.2549,
-16.4824

■ 33.5769, -27.7107,
19.0363

■ 50.0130, 34.9285,
-19.7622

■ 33.4281, -28.4305,
19.5912

■ 51.8426, 40.6663,
-23.0585

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.3735, -4.4972, 6.5336



38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011



38.3735, -7.4485, 2.4155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.3735, -6.5789, 4.9016



38.3735, -2.3940, -3.5807



38.3735, 3.0623, 4.3729

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011



36.5284, 2.7930, -0.9270

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.3735, 3.6654, 1.7591



38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011



38.3735, 0.4610, -2.9609

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.3735, -6.5789, 4.9016



38.3735, -5.0779, -2.5910



38.3735, 2.7001, -0.9546



38.3735, 1.0757, 6.2446

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011



38.3735, -7.2434, 0.5592



38.3735, 2.7001, -0.9546



38.3735, 3.4361, 3.5578

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.3735, -6.5789, 4.9016



51.8591, -4.6596, 3.9890



39.1280, -3.9421, 6.1541



24.9667, -2.4470, 2.0468



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.3735, -6.5789, 4.9016



50.5303, -10.0326, 7.3125



38.5145, -5.7912, 2.8833



19.4106, -3.1043, 2.3397



36.6344, -31.1809, 21.5208



81.7286, -69.8210, 48.5698

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.5284, 2.7930, -0.9270



47.5269, 5.2269, -2.1769



36.3732, 1.9613, 1.2788



18.5701, 1.1639, -0.3150



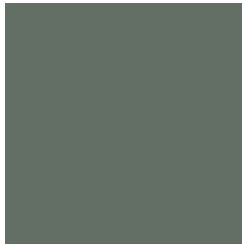
22.5511, 43.5110, -23.3473



50.2660, 96.8819, -51.2381

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

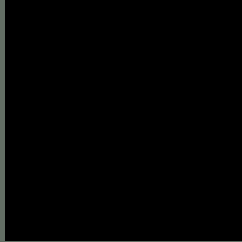
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

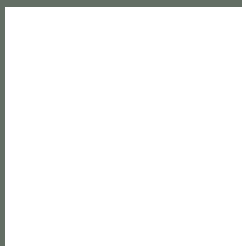
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011.

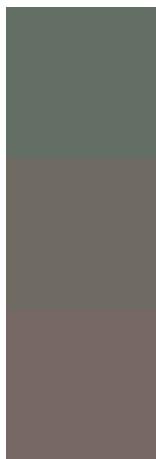


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011

Protanopia

38.4405, -2.1785, 5.8261

Deuteranopia

38.1602, 2.4814, 4.4284



Tritanopia

38.4849, -2.4397, -1.7839

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011

Protanomaly

38.4080, -3.6456, 5.3808

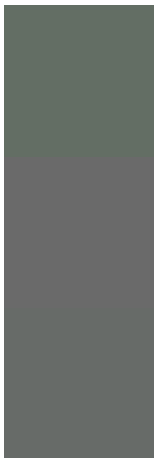
Deuteranomaly

38.3307, -1.0209, 4.5572

Tritanomaly

38.5094, -4.1209, 0.9449

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011

Achromatopsia

37.9643, -2.0257, 2.0627

Achromatomaly

37.9453, -3.6043, 2.8548

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 110, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 110, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 110, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 110, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 110, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 110, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 110, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 110, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 110, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 110,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.3727, -6.5781, 4.9011 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 110, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 110,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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