

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.2612, 14.5592,
1.3480)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.2612, 14.5592,
1.3480) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(38.2080, 14.4743,
1.3460)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B5E6D
RGB	139, 94, 109
RGB Percent	55%, 37%, 43%
CMY	0.4549, 0.6314, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.22, 0.45
HSL	340°, 19%, 46%
HSV	340°, 32%, 55%
XYZ	17.4105, 14.5985, 16.3682
YIQ	109.1650, 22.0050, 14.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

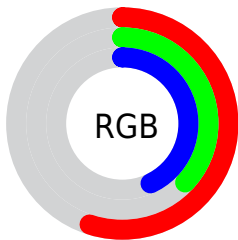
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 94, 109
Decimal	9133677
CIE Lab	45.08, 20.69, -1.03
CIE LCh	45, 20.713, 357.141
Yxy	14.5992, 0.3599, 0.3018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287323757 (0xFF8B5E6D)
YUV	109.1650, -0.0813, 26.1653
Hunter-Lab	38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460

Details

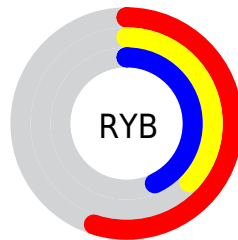
The HunterLab color $[38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $[47.2235, -16.5403, 4.8667]$, and the grayscale version is $[39.1639, -2.0897, 2.1278]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58.4177, 15.2953, 2.5102]$, and $[21.1081, 13.0428, 0.4339]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.8661, 19.9308, 1.4458]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41.8428, 9.0481, 1.5371]$.

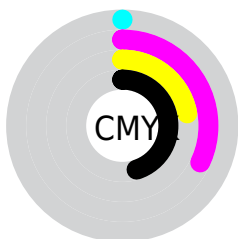
Distribution



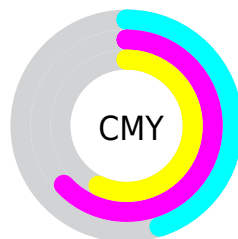
- Red (55%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

38.2080, 14.4743,
1.3460

38.2080, 14.4743,
1.3460

148.6362, 16.8661,
6.9445

29.2208, 13.7680,
0.9189

58.4367, 15.5479,
2.3383

21.0748, 12.9278,
0.5431

69.5744, 15.9450,
2.8948

13.8688, 11.9299,
0.2271

81.3416, 16.2619,
3.4883

7.4994, 11.9981,
-0.1628

93.7062, 16.5060,
4.1165

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.6407, 16.6836,
4.7776

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.1210, 16.8000,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.1258, 16.8596,
6.1929

■ 38.2080, 14.4743,
1.3460

■ 38.2080, 14.4743,
1.3460

■ 34.8661, 19.9308,
1.4458

■ 41.8428, 9.0481,
1.5371

■ 31.8675, 25.2997,
1.8889

■ 45.7233, 3.7183,
1.9655

■ 29.2733, 30.3701,
2.7236

■ 49.8141, -1.4931,
2.5885

■ 27.1443, 34.8355,
3.9703

■ 54.0860, -6.5837,
3.3704

■ 25.5311, 38.3269,
5.5963

■ 58.5154, -11.5615,
4.2831

■ 24.4542, 40.5238,
7.4952

■ 63.0835, -16.4395,
5.3045

■ 23.8513, 41.6840,
8.9171

■ 67.7748, -21.2317,
6.4170

■ 72.5768, -25.9517,
7.6071

■ 77.4791, -30.6120,
8.8637

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.2089, 11.6798, -6.6899



38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460



38.2089, 12.5503, 8.1416

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.2089, 14.4728, 1.3468



38.2089, -8.7731, 12.8972



38.2089, -9.9930, -12.2777

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460



47.2235, -16.5403, 4.8667

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.2089, -14.7253, -5.1735



38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460



38.2089, -14.0626, 9.1641

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.2089, 14.4728, 1.3468



38.2089, -1.2747, 13.9479



38.2089, -16.1528, 2.7986



38.2089, -2.8009, -15.4995

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460



38.2089, 8.9333, 11.2846



38.2089, -16.1528, 2.7986



38.2089, -11.9010, -10.2015

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.2089, 14.4728, 1.3468



62.3446, 3.4597, 2.7897



37.6236, 14.6974, -15.0519



29.6059, 2.0801, 1.2943



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.2089, 14.4728, 1.3468



47.7467, 24.8316, 1.8608



39.6265, 8.9013, 8.7277



22.5262, 0.9695, 1.0286



22.6658, 39.6245, 8.3768



1.9140, 3.4725, -0.2718

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.2089, 14.4728, 1.3468



47.7467, 24.8316, 1.8608



45.3999, -10.8000, -4.1134



22.5262, 0.9695, 1.0286



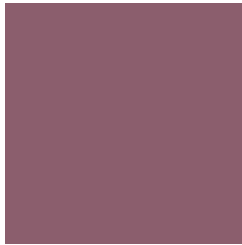
22.6658, 39.6245, 8.3768



1.9140, 3.4725, -0.2718

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

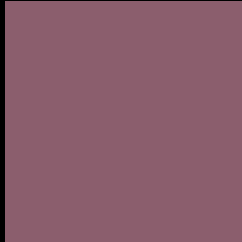
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

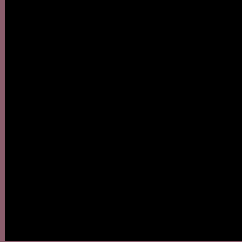
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.2080, 14.4743,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460

Protanopia

38.2534, -0.4479, -2.0458

Deuteranopia

38.3980, 2.2560, 2.2220



Tritanopia

38.1405, 12.6827, 4.1832

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460

Protanomaly

38.1399, 4.4082, -0.7074

Deuteranomaly

38.1537, 6.7828, 1.5820

Tritanomaly

38.2199, 13.0866, 3.0477

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460

Achromatopsia

39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247

Achromatomaly

38.7270, 3.4689, 1.7740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 94, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 94, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 94, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 94, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 94, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 94, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 94, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 94, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 94, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 94,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.2080, 14.4743, 1.3460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 94, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 94,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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