

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.3393, -20.3605,
-55.9197)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.3393, -20.3605,
-55.9197) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.7906, -4.1968,
-44.4249)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007CC2
RGB	0, 124, 194
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 76%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5137, 0.2392
CMYK	1.00, 0.36, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	202°, 100%, 38%
HSV	202°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	16.9453, 18.3104, 53.6801
YIQ	94.9040, -96.3740, -4.5180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

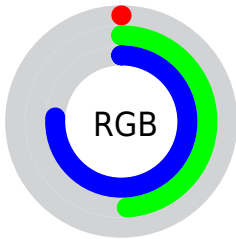
Format	Color
RYB	0, 76, 194
Decimal	31938
CIELab	49.87, -2.51, -44.43
CIELCh	50, 44.497, 266.763
Yxy	18.3109, 0.1905, 0.2059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222018 (0xFF007CC2)
YUV	94.9040, 48.8543, -83.2308
Hunter-Lab	42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249

Details

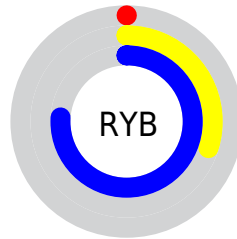
The HunterLab color **42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **39.8181, 39.8853, 25.2323**, and the grayscale version is **33.6470, -1.7953, 1.8281**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.6416, -5.4596, -45.9062**, and **26.5750, 2.6478, -38.9324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.7867, -4.1902, -44.4342**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.0236, -6.9073, -39.5895**.

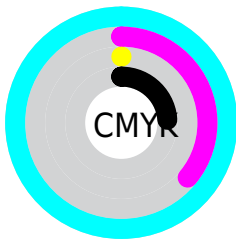
Distribution



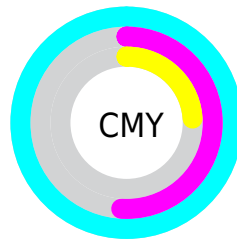
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.7906, -4.1968,
-44.4249

■ 42.7906, -4.1968,
-44.4249

■ 155.7619,
-11.2734, -50.0880

■ 33.4267, -3.5421,
-43.9231

■ 63.6918, -5.5877,
-45.7649

■ 24.8669, -2.9163,
-43.7411

■ 75.1354, -6.3243,
-46.4734

■ 17.1961, -2.3179,
-44.2863

■ 87.1925, -7.0873,
-47.1673

■ 10.5326, -1.7435,
-46.6962

■ 99.8333, -7.8758,
-47.8323

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 113.0321, -8.6893,
-48.4604

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 126.7662, -9.5271,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-49.0470

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.0155,
-10.3887, -49.5899

■ 42.7906, -4.1968,
-44.4249

■ 42.7906, -4.1968,
-44.4249

■ 42.7867, -4.1902,
-44.4342

■ 45.0236, -6.9073,
-39.5895

■ 47.4356, -9.0417,
-34.7230

■ 50.0543, -10.4850,
-29.7972

■ 52.8756, -11.2435,
-24.8461

■ 55.8908, -11.3503,
-19.9026

■ 59.0883, -10.8536,
-14.9936

■ 62.4559, -9.8077,
-10.1388

■ 65.9811, -8.2677,
-5.3510

■ 69.6521, -6.2868,
-0.6371

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.7913, -19.4332, -34.7012



42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249



42.7913, 14.1949, -37.9876

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.7913, -4.1960, -44.4239



42.7913, 32.6551, 14.5226



42.7913, -27.2562, 16.5780

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249



39.8181, 39.8853, 25.2323

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.7913, -16.5965, 22.3616



42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249



42.7913, 18.0763, 21.5598

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.7913, -4.1960, -44.4239



42.7913, 37.4039, 0.4548



42.7913, -0.3409, 23.7198



42.7913, -31.3102, 4.1226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249



42.7913, 25.5287, -26.4173



42.7913, -0.3409, 23.7198



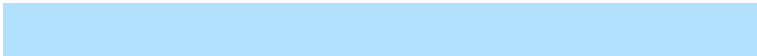
42.7913, -24.4214, 19.1363

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.7913, -4.1960, -44.4239



83.8359, -13.2874, -13.9694



62.4505, -51.1695, 32.4050



38.3093, -6.5347, -7.8486

0.0000, NaN, NaN



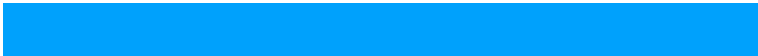
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.7913, -4.1960, -44.4239



57.1543, -4.9311, -60.7932



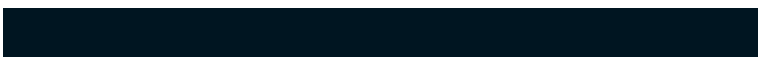
21.8647, 44.8515, -124.1438



32.8591, -2.8929, -0.1651



34.9231, -3.7681, -35.5165



8.0861, -2.0487, -5.6843

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.9522, 65.6105, -8.1455



48.3372, 88.1272, -10.2245



61.9243, -5.4982, 38.0601



31.9121, 1.9795, 0.2840



29.1778, 53.3015, -6.9874



6.1697, 11.4546, -2.9030

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

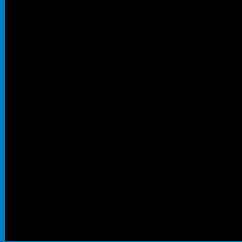
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249.

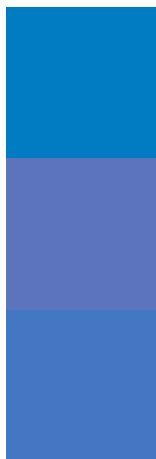


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249

Protanopia

42.8415, 6.8106, -38.5461

Deuteranopia

42.8518, 3.4506, -44.9699



Tritanopia

42.6095, -20.4252, -9.1660

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249

Protanomaly

42.2388, 0.8595, -42.3384

Deuteranomaly

42.5775, -0.3733, -45.6658

Tritanomaly

42.3986, -14.9861, -20.6440

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249

Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

Achromatomaly

35.9269, -7.6518, -13.4323

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 124, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 124, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 124, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 124, 194) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 124, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 124, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 124, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.7906, -4.1968, -44.4249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 124, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 124,  
194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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