

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.4198, -3.4654,  
-2.3991)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(38.4198, -3.4654,  
-2.3991) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(38.4945, -3.7616,  
-2.2670)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	626D75
RGB	98, 109, 117
RGB Percent	38%, 43%, 46%
CMY	0.6157, 0.5725, 0.5412
CMYK	0.16, 0.07, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	205°, 9%, 42%
HSV	205°, 16%, 46%
XYZ	13.7165, 14.8183, 18.9669
YIQ	106.6230, -9.1240, 0.1560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

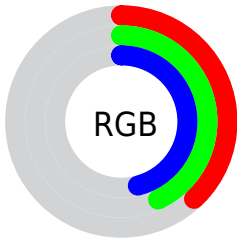
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	98, 105, 117
Decimal	6450549
CIE Lab	45.39, -2.32, -5.86
CIE LCh	45, 6.305, 248.368
Yxy	14.8189, 0.2888, 0.3120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284640629 (0xFF626D75)
YUV	106.6230, 5.1159, -7.5624
Hunter-Lab	38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670

# Details

The HunterLab color  $38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $38.6934, 0.0767, 6.1374$ , and the grayscale version is  $38.1852, -2.0375, 2.0747$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $58.6479, -4.8535, -1.8935$ , and  $21.3980, -2.7270, -2.4628$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $36.3225, -4.4230, -5.1674$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $40.7413, -2.8904, 0.5619$ .

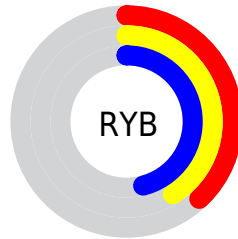
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (43%)

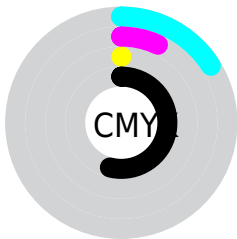
Blue (46%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (46%)

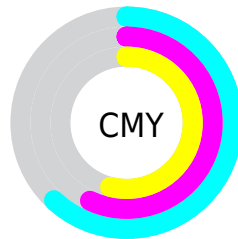


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.4945, -3.7616,  
-2.2670

■ 38.4945, -3.7616,  
-2.2670

■ 149.0863,  
-10.6563, 1.4845

■ 29.4828, -3.1331,  
-2.4282

■ 58.7666, -5.1076,  
-1.7567

■ 21.3098, -2.5332,  
-2.5163

■ 69.9240, -5.8225,  
-1.4213

■ 14.0734, -1.9614,  
-2.5176

■ 81.7098, -6.5646,  
-1.0385

■ 7.7212, -1.7242,  
-2.7504

■ 94.0922, -7.3330,  
-0.6116

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.0437, -8.1271,  
-0.1435

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 120.5403, -8.9461,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.5608, -9.7894,  
0.9065

■ 38.4945, -3.7616,  
-2.2670

■ 38.4945, -3.7616,  
-2.2670

■ 36.3225, -4.4230,  
-5.1674

■ 40.7413, -2.8904,  
0.5619

■ 34.2295, -4.8455,  
-8.1443

■ 43.0547, -1.8318,  
3.3220

■ 32.2235, -4.9999,  
-11.1978

■ 45.4302, -0.6075,  
6.0190

■ 30.3122, -4.8545,  
-14.3256

■ 47.8631, 0.7637,  
8.6586

■ 28.5036, -4.3776,  
-17.5203

■ 50.3492, 2.2659,  
11.2462

■ 26.8058, -3.5406,  
-20.7692

■ 52.8848, 3.8851,  
13.7871

■ 25.2255, -2.3226,  
-24.0536

■ 55.4665, 5.6094,  
16.2865

■ 23.7551, -0.7608,  
-27.3809

■ 58.0916, 7.4284,  
18.7488

■ 23.2120, -0.1507,  
-28.6876

■ 60.7572, 9.3331,  
21.1783

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.4953, -5.6490, -0.7648



38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670



38.4953, -1.3742, -2.5631

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4953, -3.7623, -2.2663



38.4953, 2.6732, 2.7362



38.4953, -4.9116, 5.4177

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670



38.6934, 0.0767, 6.1374

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.4953, -2.7332, 6.2359



38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670



38.4953, 1.6736, 4.7517

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4953, -3.7623, -2.2663



38.4953, 2.3812, 0.4218



38.4953, -0.3196, 5.9998



38.4953, -6.3010, 3.6971



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670



38.4953, 0.1876, -2.0214



38.4953, -0.3196, 5.9998



38.4953, -4.2495, 5.8024

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4953, -3.7623, -2.2663



54.8579, -3.7225, 1.1662



40.4455, -9.0115, 4.8086



26.2236, -1.8196, 0.4610



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4953, -3.7623, -2.2663



50.5564, -5.3548, -4.2843



35.9387, 0.5105, -5.6108



19.7715, -1.5550, -0.1097



24.3009, -0.0494, -30.2673



52.0139, 2.7281, -70.9020



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.9076, 5.3675, -0.4068



48.0480, 9.2593, -1.2119



41.2561, -4.1867, 8.7418



19.3212, 0.9666, 0.3702



21.4945, 38.9188, -2.4581



47.2658, 85.2495, -2.8325



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

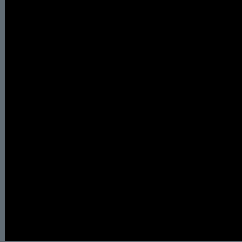
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

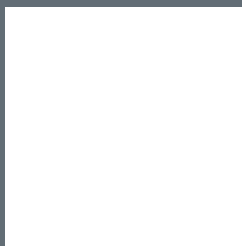
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670.

-2.2670.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670

### Protanopia

38.6033, -0.6310, -1.6012

### Deuteranopia

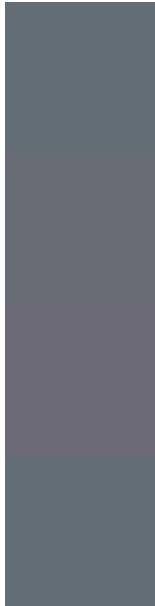
38.3658, 2.7899, -2.7976



## Tritanopia

38.5253, -3.5921, -2.7014

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670

## Protanomaly

38.6382, -1.9058, -1.5790

## Deuteranomaly

38.4763, 0.4382, -2.6946

## Tritanomaly

38.5253, -3.5921, -2.7014

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670

## Achromatopsia

38.3441, -2.0459, 2.0833

## Achromatomaly

38.4914, -2.7112, 0.5056

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 109, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 109, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 109, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 109, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 109, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 109, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 109, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 109, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 109, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 109,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.4945, -3.7616, -2.2670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 109, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 109,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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