

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.4714, 23.3435,  
1.3402)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(38.4714, 23.3435,  
1.3402) contains.

<b>HunterLab(38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(38.4866, 23.3166,  
1.3977)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9A576E
RGB	154, 87, 110
RGB Percent	60%, 34%, 43%
CMY	0.3961, 0.6588, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.29, 0.40
HSL	339°, 28%, 47%
HSV	339°, 44%, 60%
XYZ	19.5491, 14.8122, 16.5805
YIQ	109.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

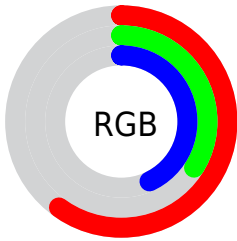
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	154, 87, 110
Decimal	10114926
CIELab	45.38, 30.59, -0.98
CIELCh	45, 30.605, 358.166
Yxy	14.8129, 0.3838, 0.2908
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288305006 (0xFF9A576E)
YUV	109.6550, 0.1701, 38.8906
Hunter-Lab	38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977

# Details

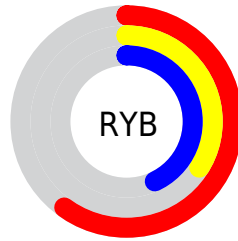
The HunterLab color **38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **51.7460, -23.0014, 6.8782**, and the grayscale version is **39.3472, -2.0995, 2.1378**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.6957, 25.3129, 2.5515**, and **21.3930, 20.8818, 0.5147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1734, 29.3530, 1.9128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.2034, 17.1411, 1.2910**.

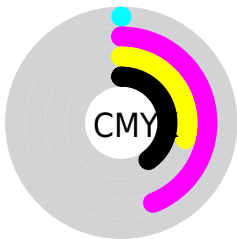
# Distribution



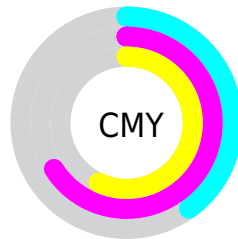
- Red (60%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.4866, 23.3166,  
1.3977

■ 38.4866, 23.3166,  
1.3977

■ 149.0741, 29.3031,  
7.0268

■ 29.4757, 22.1433,  
0.9661

■ 58.7577, 25.2833,  
2.3982

■ 21.3034, 20.8317,  
0.5852

■ 69.9145, 26.1049,  
2.9584

■ 14.0678, 19.3826,  
0.2634

■ 81.6999, 26.8318,  
3.5553

■ 7.7153, 19.0207,  
-0.1064

■ 94.0818, 27.4725,  
4.1868

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.0328, 28.0343,  
4.8512

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.5290, 28.5233,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.5468

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.5490, 28.9447,  
6.2724

■ 38.4866, 23.3166,  
1.3977

■ 38.4866, 23.3166,  
1.3977

■ 35.1734, 29.3530,  
1.9128

■ 42.2034, 17.1411,  
1.2910

■ 32.3304, 34.9970,  
2.8885

■ 46.2587, 10.9872,  
1.5251

■ 30.0276, 39.8775,  
4.3457


■ 50.6010, 4.9326,  
2.0397


■ 28.3181, 43.5691,  
6.2377


■ 55.1875, -0.9905,  
2.7825


■ 27.2167, 45.7353,  
8.4296


■ 59.9838, -6.7765,  
3.7109

 26.6942, 46.6727,  
9.8222

 64.9621, -12.4336,  
4.7915

 70.1003, -17.9758,  
5.9980

 75.3803, -23.4192,  
7.3099

 80.7874, -28.7795,  
8.7110

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.4875, 19.1517, -11.0988



38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977



38.4875, 20.0297, 10.9448

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4875, 23.3147, 1.3985



38.4875, -12.1792, 16.6662



38.4875, -13.2945, -21.0888

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977



51.7460, -23.0014, 6.8782

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.4875, -20.0659, -9.5332



38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977



38.4875, -19.4785, 11.8195

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4875, 23.3147, 1.3985



38.4875, -1.3276, 18.0134



38.4875, -22.1880, 2.7787



38.4875, -2.7784, -26.2803



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977



38.4875, 14.2557, 14.9446



38.4875, -22.1880, 2.7787



38.4875, -16.0345, -17.6770

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4875, 23.3147, 1.3985



68.3469, 6.4520, 2.7701



37.3359, 23.2622, -25.1351



31.9211, 3.8725, 1.2352



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4875, 23.3147, 1.3985



47.5995, 39.1954, 2.5329



40.1466, 15.6732, 11.6948



25.0119, 1.1324, 1.1105



24.1076, 42.1750, 8.6786



3.0540, 5.5441, -0.4609



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.4875, 23.3147, 1.3985



47.5995, 39.1954, 2.5329



49.2860, -14.7962, -6.6665



25.0119, 1.1324, 1.1105



24.1076, 42.1750, 8.6786

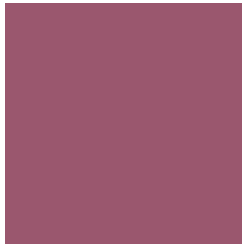


3.0540, 5.5441, -0.4609



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

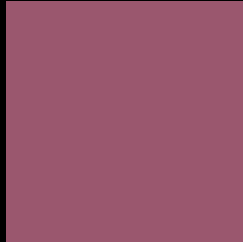
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

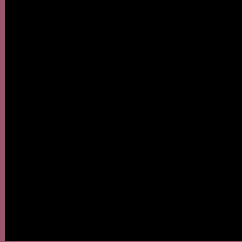
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.4866, 23.3166,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977

### Protanopia

38.7101, 0.1085, -4.3463

### Deuteranopia

38.5799, 2.8670, 2.4461



**Tritanopia**

38.4208, 20.2024, 6.9511

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977

## Protanomaly

38.2535, 7.6955, -2.8586

## Deuteranomaly

38.3714, 10.0261, 1.8980

## Tritanomaly

38.3293, 21.2932, 4.9463

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977

## Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

## Achromatomaly

38.8126, 6.4444, 1.4940

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 87, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 87, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 87, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 87, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 87, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 87, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 87, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 87, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 87, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 87,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.4866, 23.3166, 1.3977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 87, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154, 87,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor