

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.4905, 2.0148,
-6.3302)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.4905, 2.0148, -6.3302)
contains.

HunterLab(38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(38.4343, 2.1144,
-6.2101)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C697D
RGB	108, 105, 125
RGB Percent	42%, 41%, 49%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5882, 0.5098
CMYK	0.14, 0.16, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	249°, 9%, 45%
HSV	249°, 16%, 49%
XYZ	14.9376, 14.7720, 21.4660
YIQ	108.1770, -4.6320, 6.8560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

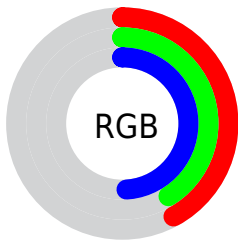
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 105, 125
Decimal	7104893
CIE Lab	45.32, 5.51, -10.68
CIE LCh	45, 12.016, 297.313
Yxy	14.7726, 0.2919, 0.2887
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285294973 (0xFF6C697D)
YUV	108.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552
Hunter-Lab	38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101

Details

The HunterLab color $[38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[44.5253, -6.1193, 9.5320]$, and the grayscale version is $[38.7635, -2.0683, 2.1061]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58.7068, 1.9230, -6.3294]$, and $[21.2334, 2.1930, -5.9700]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.3284, 5.1430, -12.2674]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42.6805, -0.7560, -0.6664]$.

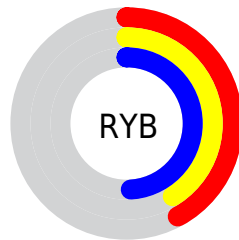
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (41%)

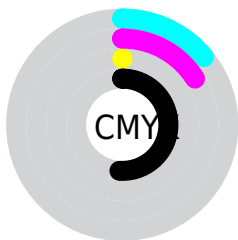
Blue (49%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (49%)

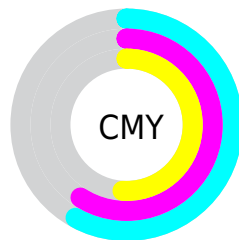


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.4343, 2.1144,
-6.2101

■ 38.4343, 2.1144,
-6.2101

■ 148.9918, -1.4930,
-4.1879

■ 29.4278, 2.2553,
-6.1380

■ 58.6973, 1.6386,
-6.1371

■ 21.2604, 2.3191,
-5.9841

■ 69.8505, 1.3192,
-6.0070

■ 14.0304, 2.2878,
-5.7406

■ 81.6325, 0.9520,
-5.8214

■ 7.6752, 2.7204,
-5.8506

■ 94.0111, 0.5405,
-5.5845

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.9591, 0.0879,
-5.2998

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 120.4522, -0.4033,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-4.9705

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.4694, -0.9309,
-4.5991

■ 38.4343, 2.1144,
-6.2101

■ 38.4343, 2.1144,
-6.2101

■ 34.3284, 5.1430,
-12.2674

■ 42.6805, -0.7560,
-0.6664

■ 30.3851, 8.3781,
-18.9894

■ 47.0463, -3.5028,
4.4768

■ 26.6394, 11.8721,
-26.5597

■ 51.5184, -6.1558,
9.3086

■ 23.1391, 15.6747,
-35.1823

■ 56.0859, -8.7373,
13.8962

■ 19.9527, 19.7991,
-45.0129

■ 60.7398, -11.2644,
18.2913

■ 17.1764, 24.1403,
-55.9664

■ 65.4732, -13.7506,
22.5336

■ 14.9366, 28.3232,
-67.3166

■ 70.2800, -16.2061,
26.6543

■ 13.3093, 31.8206,
-77.6745

■ 75.1553, -18.6392,
30.6776

■ 12.7144, 33.4192,
-82.0571

■ 80.0947, -21.0561,
34.6229

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.4351, -2.4689, -7.3543



38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101



38.4351, 5.7222, -2.7629

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4351, 2.1136, -6.2094



38.4351, 2.8689, 8.5530



38.4351, -10.5392, 2.4866

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101



44.5253, -6.1193, 9.5320

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.4351, -9.2551, 6.3863



38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101



38.4351, -1.6351, 9.6198

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4351, 2.1136, -6.2094



38.4351, 6.1725, 5.7751



38.4351, -6.0491, 8.8755



38.4351, -9.6399, -1.9958

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101



38.4351, 7.0139, 0.1874



38.4351, -6.0491, 8.8755



38.4351, -10.3500, 3.9041

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4351, 2.1136, -6.2094



57.6210, -1.3401, -0.2684



42.9946, -6.6201, -0.3787



27.3233, -0.5368, -0.3221



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4351, 2.1136, -6.2094



49.5087, 4.2045, -11.0280



39.2590, 4.8616, -5.0254



20.5920, 0.0618, -1.1690



12.9808, 34.1348, -83.8955

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.8358, 6.5628, -2.7437



51.8169, 11.4305, -5.1684



43.7654, -8.8509, 8.7068



20.9802, 1.3268, -0.2534



23.7516, 45.2679, -20.2537

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

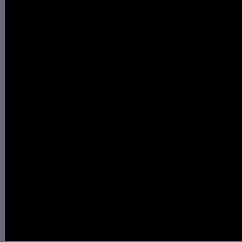
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101.

-6.2101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101

Protanopia

38.3380, 0.4826, -6.8939

Deuteranopia

38.5163, 2.3903, -6.0911



Tritanopia

38.4933, -1.0701, -1.2819

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101

Protanomaly

38.4937, 1.0131, -6.6651

Deuteranomaly

38.5163, 2.3903, -6.0911

Tritanomaly

38.4263, 0.3296, -3.2450

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101

Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

Achromatomaly

38.6244, -0.6776, -0.6489

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 105, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 105, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 105, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 105, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

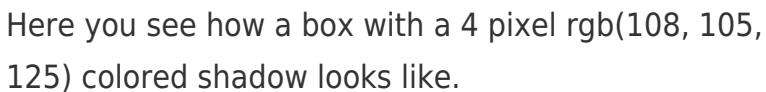
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 105, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 105, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 105, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 105, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 105, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 105,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.4343, 2.1144, -6.2101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 105, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
105, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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