

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.8336, -1.6327,
1.8111)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(38.8336, -1.6327,
1.8111)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D6C6D
RGB	109, 108, 109
RGB Percent	43%, 42%, 43%
CMY	0.5725, 0.5765, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	300°, 0%, 43%
HSV	300°, 1%, 43%
XYZ	14.4296, 15.0805, 16.6184
YIQ	108.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

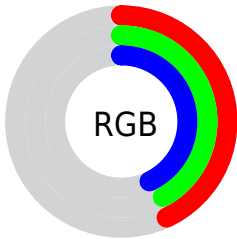
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 108, 109
Decimal	7171181
CIE Lab	45.75, 0.59, -0.43
CIE LCh	46, 0.729, 324.260
Yxy	15.0811, 0.3128, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285361261 (0xFF6D6C6D)
YUV	108.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111

Details

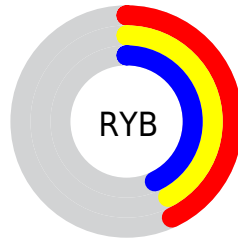
The HunterLab color $[38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[38.9982, -2.5175, 2.4158]$, and the grayscale version is $[38.8816, -2.0746, 2.1125]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58.9982, -2.6773, 2.8854]$, and $[21.7012, -0.7586, 0.9075]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.9496, 3.3808, -1.6507]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41.8641, -6.5229, 5.1916]$.

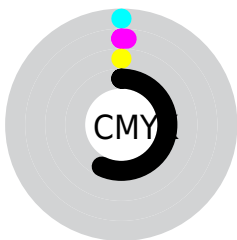
Distribution



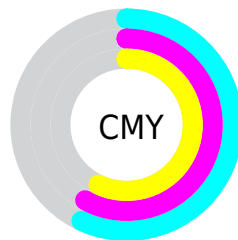
- Red (43%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.8336, -1.6327,
1.8111

■ 38.8336, -1.6327,
1.8111

■ 149.6184, -7.3015,
7.6716

■ 29.7932, -1.1878,
1.3449

■ 59.1570, -2.6530,
2.8728

■ 21.5885, -0.7904,
0.9262

■ 70.3376, -3.2202,
3.4609

■ 14.3162, -0.4481,
0.5618

■ 82.1454, -3.8224,
4.0842

■ 7.9751, -0.1025,
0.2127

■ 94.5488, -4.4578,
4.7408

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.5203, -5.1248,
5.4292

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 121.0361, -5.8219,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.0751, -6.5478,
6.8958

■ 38.8336, -1.6327,
1.8111

■ 38.8336, -1.6327,
1.8111

■ 35.9496, 3.3808,
-1.6507

■ 41.8641, -6.5229,
5.1916

■ 33.2314, 8.5092,
-5.1877

■ 45.0205, -11.2886,
8.4897

■ 30.7059, 13.7179,
-8.7758

■ 48.2886, -15.9395,
11.7117

■ 28.4033, 18.9383,
-12.3680

■ 51.6561, -20.4870,
14.8652

■ 26.3578, 24.0517,
-15.8828

■ 55.1127, -24.9439,
17.9586

■ 24.6049, 28.8779,
-19.1971

■ 58.6497, -29.3224,
21.0001

■ 23.1776, 33.1786,
-22.1482

■ 62.2600, -33.6340,
23.9974

■ 22.0997, 36.6896,
-24.5560

■ 65.9374, -37.8888,
26.9574

■ 21.3770, 39.1895,
-26.2698

■ 69.6768, -42.0961,
29.8861

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.8344, -1.8514, 1.6412



38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111



38.8344, -1.5338, 2.0623

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.8344, -1.6336, 1.8117



38.8344, -2.0200, 2.6230



38.8344, -2.5667, 1.9016

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111



38.9982, -2.5175, 2.4158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.8344, -2.6116, 2.1654



38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111



38.8344, -2.2965, 2.5806

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.8344, -1.6336, 1.8117



38.8344, -1.7573, 2.5297



38.8344, -2.5128, 2.4136



38.8344, -2.3900, 1.6934

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111



38.8344, -1.5479, 2.2406



38.8344, -2.5128, 2.4136



38.8344, -2.5977, 1.9867

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.8344, -1.6336, 1.8117



52.3296, -2.7922, 2.8432



38.7578, -1.9227, 1.7158



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.8344, -1.6336, 1.8117



51.9216, -2.1118, 2.3731



38.8211, -1.7066, 2.0020



18.9249, -0.8011, 0.8863



22.5685, 44.3713, -29.7733



50.9438, 100.1593, -67.2080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.8069, -1.7842, 2.2044



51.8803, -2.3379, 2.9629



39.0114, -2.4450, 2.2273



18.9118, -0.8728, 1.0732



19.5006, 33.3956, 12.5999



44.0188, 75.3837, 28.4430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

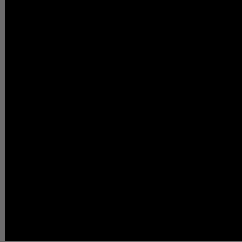
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

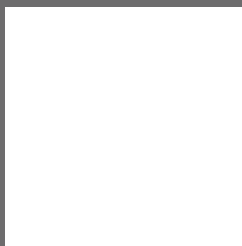
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.8336, -1.6327,

1.8111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111

Protanopia

38.9156, -1.3486, 1.9132

Deuteranopia

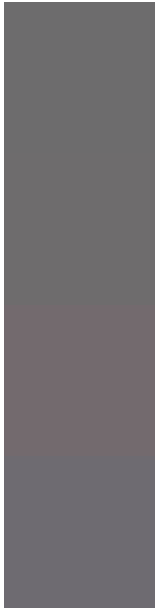
38.8336, 2.5394, 1.4509



Tritanopia

38.8178, 0.0454, -0.8537

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111

Protanomaly

38.9156, -1.3486, 1.9132

Deuteranomaly

38.8313, 1.1754, 1.4242

Tritanomaly

38.7591, -0.2733, -0.0199

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111

Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

Achromatomaly

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 108, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 108, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 108, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 108, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 108, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 108, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 108, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 108, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 108, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 108,  
109) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.8336, -1.6327, 1.8111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 108, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
108, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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