

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.8826, 1.5586,
-2.1432)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.8826, 1.5586, -2.1432)
contains.

HunterLab(38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(38.8083, 1.5667,
-2.2443)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	706A76
RGB	112, 106, 118
RGB Percent	44%, 42%, 46%
CMY	0.5608, 0.5843, 0.5373
CMYK	0.05, 0.10, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	270°, 5%, 44%
HSV	270°, 10%, 46%
XYZ	15.1062, 15.0608, 19.2504
YIQ	109.1620, -0.2760, 5.0040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

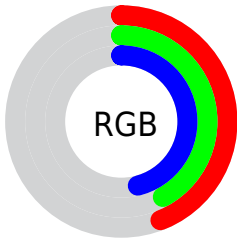
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 106, 118
Decimal	7367286
CIE _{Lab}	45.72, 4.81, -5.84
CIE _{LCh}	46, 7.568, 309.489
Yxy	15.0615, 0.3057, 0.3048
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285557366 (0xFF706A76)
YUV	109.1620, 4.3571, 2.4889
Hunter-Lab	38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443

Details

The HunterLab color $38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41.7644, -5.7186, 6.2762$, and the grayscale version is $39.1523, -2.0891, 2.1272$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $59.0836, 1.2032, -1.7349$, and $21.5873, 1.7783, -2.5812$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $35.2418, 5.4208, -7.0248$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $42.5008, -2.2084, 2.2396$.

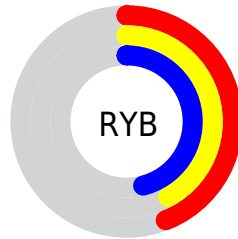
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (42%)

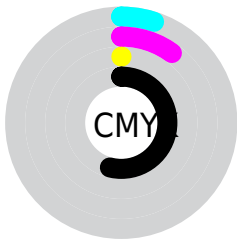
Blue (46%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (46%)

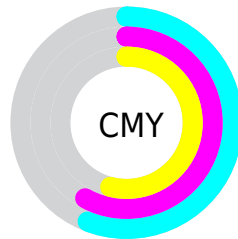


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.8083, 1.5667,
-2.2443

■ 38.8083, 1.5667,
-2.2443

■ 149.5788, -2.3448,
1.5282

■ 29.7700, 1.7524,
-2.4088

■ 59.1278, 1.0104,
-1.7281

■ 21.5676, 1.8655,
-2.5007

■ 70.3067, 0.6545,
-1.3902

■ 14.2981, 1.8894,
-2.5063

■ 82.1129, 0.2526,
-1.0050

■ 7.9564, 2.2109,
-2.6562

■ 94.5147, -0.1919,
-0.5758

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.4847, -0.6762,
-0.1056

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 120.9991, -1.1977,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.4031

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.0367, -1.7545,
0.9483

■ 38.8083, 1.5667,
-2.2443

■ 38.8083, 1.5667,
-2.2443

■ 35.2418, 5.4208,
-7.0248

■ 42.5008, -2.2084,
2.2396

■ 31.8186, 9.3668,
-12.1674

■ 46.3015, -5.9147,
6.4794

■ 28.5650, 13.4054,
-17.7393

■ 50.1989, -9.5659,
10.5210

■ 25.5144, 17.5175,
-23.8007

■ 54.1832, -13.1735,
14.4016

■ 22.7100, 21.6415,
-30.3750

■ 58.2465, -16.7476,
18.1512

■ 20.2065, 25.6366,
-37.3916

■ 62.3822, -20.2967,
21.7941

■ 18.0693, 29.2380,
-44.5940

■ 66.5846, -23.8279,
25.3499

■ 16.3652, 32.0390,
-51.4510

■ 70.8491, -27.3470,
28.8347

■ 14.9585, 34.3610,
-58.1167

■ 75.1717, -30.8590,
32.2616

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.8091, -1.1421, -3.5385



38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443



38.8091, 3.3319, 0.1924

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.8091, 1.5658, -2.2436



38.8091, -0.0841, 6.7932



38.8091, -7.4614, 1.2208

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443



41.7644, -5.7186, 6.2762

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.8091, -7.1971, 3.9392



38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443



38.8091, -2.9949, 7.0238

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.8091, 1.5658, -2.2436



38.8091, 2.3599, 5.3605



38.8091, -5.5822, 6.0157



38.8091, -6.3151, -1.4431

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443



38.8091, 3.7078, 2.0648



38.8091, -5.5822, 6.0157



38.8091, -7.5338, 2.1601

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.8091, 1.5658, -2.2436



54.9178, -1.4836, 1.2778



40.0066, -2.9481, -0.8010



26.1659, -0.5422, 0.4133



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.8091, 1.5658, -2.2436



50.4386, 3.1562, -4.2904



39.3120, 3.2570, -1.5692



19.1609, 0.5532, -0.8399



15.5346, 35.7124, -60.5726



33.5420, 78.0000, -137.6899

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1538, 2.3745, 0.9539



50.9982, 4.4554, 0.9104



41.3211, -7.3064, 5.7676



19.3095, 0.9036, 0.5370



21.2274, 37.9503, 1.3308



46.6748, 83.1025, 5.5831

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

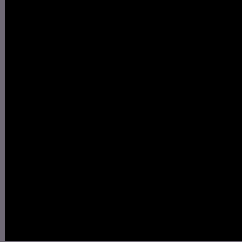
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443.

-2.2443.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443

Protanopia

38.9652, -0.5927, -2.5566

Deuteranopia

38.7151, 2.6112, -2.3465



Tritanopia

38.9845, 0.6152, -0.6350

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443

Protanomaly

38.8568, 0.4212, -2.6797

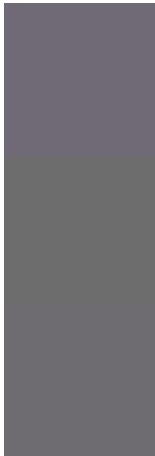
Deuteranomaly

38.6288, 2.3214, -2.4633

Tritanomaly

39.0142, 0.7757, -1.0561

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443

Achromatopsia

39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247

Achromatomaly

39.0000, -0.8886, 0.7117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 106, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 106, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 106, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 106, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 106, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 106, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 106, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 106, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 106, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 106,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.8083, 1.5667, -2.2443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 106, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
106, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor