

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.8838, -19.3486,
-14.9578)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.8838, -19.3486,
-14.9578) contains.

HunterLab(39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(39.4941,
-16.4828, -13.7826)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00798D
RGB	0, 121, 141
RGB Percent	0%, 47%, 55%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5255, 0.4471
CMYK	1.00, 0.14, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	189°, 100%, 28%
HSV	189°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	11.6451, 15.5978, 27.5962
YIQ	87.1010, -78.5360, -19.4320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

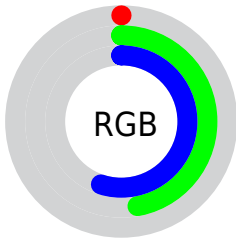
Format	Color
RYB	0, 65, 141
Decimal	31117
CIELab	46.44, -20.81, -18.91
CIELCh	46, 28.120, 222.256
Yxy	15.5984, 0.2124, 0.2844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221197 (0xFF00798D)
YUV	87.1010, 26.5722, -76.3876
Hunter-Lab	39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826

Details

The HunterLab color **39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **24.8270, 37.3312, 15.9505**, and the grayscale version is **30.8378, -1.6454, 1.6755**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.0427, -20.1879, -14.3379**, and **23.2165, -8.2934, -11.1155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.4938, -16.4821, -13.7836**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.2291, -16.8279, -12.6450**.

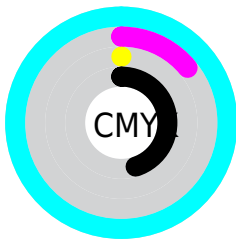
Distribution



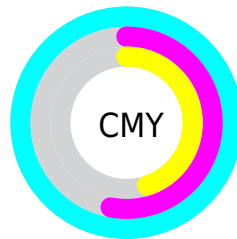
- Red (0%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

39.4941, -16.4828,
-13.7826

39.4941, -16.4828,
-13.7826

150.6520,
-31.5726, -14.3364

30.3981, -14.5975,
-13.4110

59.9163, -20.0354,
-14.3194

22.1322, -12.5948,
-12.9794

71.1418, -21.7422,
-14.4892

14.7910, -10.4095,
-12.5205

82.9922, -23.4188,
-14.5975

8.4457, -11.1892,
-12.3510

95.4360, -25.0734,
-14.6481

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.4463,
-26.7119, -14.6442

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.9992,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-28.3389, -14.5892

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.0740,
-29.9582, -14.4857

■ 39.4941, -16.4828,
-13.7826

■ 39.4941, -16.4828,
-13.7826

■ 39.4938, -16.4821,
-13.7836

■ 40.2291, -16.8279,
-12.6450

■ 41.0376, -16.8944,
-11.4163

■ 41.9541, -16.5544,
-10.0503

■ 42.9851, -15.7884,
-8.5474

■ 44.1338, -14.5931,
-6.9139

■ 45.4010, -12.9772,
-5.1599

■ 46.7855, -10.9589,
-3.2976

■ 48.2847, -8.5624,
-1.3403

■ 49.8951, -5.8158,
0.6989

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.4948, -20.6083, -2.3306



39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826



39.4948, -8.3083, -22.0037

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.4948, -16.4826, -13.7820



39.4948, 19.9492, -4.4364



39.4948, -6.4695, 17.1136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826



24.8270, 37.3312, 15.9505

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.4948, 4.4970, 16.8366



39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826



39.4948, 20.5799, 6.1599

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.4948, -16.4826, -13.7820



39.4948, 13.0282, -15.6797



39.4948, 14.6677, 13.3626



39.4948, -15.2628, 14.2622

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826



39.4948, -1.2794, -23.4760



39.4948, 14.6677, 13.3626



39.4948, -2.9327, 17.3557

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.4948, -16.4826, -13.7820



62.4825, -14.8588, -4.5808



43.6995, -37.0926, 25.4533



29.1993, -7.5164, -2.6057



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.4948, -16.4826, -13.7820



52.6746, -21.8273, -18.7197



20.8654, 15.0132, -58.4857



24.4698, -2.7307, 0.4228



37.7349, -15.7683, -13.1261



3.9909, -1.9226, -0.8380

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5400, 50.6479, -23.1716



35.4885, 67.6880, -30.6551



35.8593, 9.8361, 22.2676



23.4479, 1.5497, -0.3384



25.3452, 48.3774, -22.1721



2.5249, 4.8938, -2.7852

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

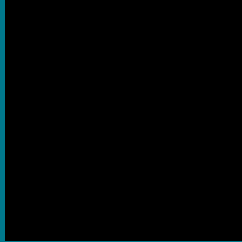
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826.



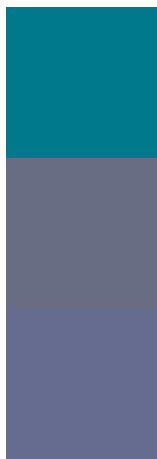
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826.

-16.4828, -13.7826.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826

Protanopia

39.5050, 0.7172, -8.4072

Deuteranopia

39.4506, 2.7950, -15.2964



Tritanopia

39.4779, -18.7871, -8.7880

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826

Protanomaly

38.4094, -8.6928, -11.8671

Deuteranomaly

38.6228, -7.3101, -16.2208

Tritanomaly

39.5833, -18.1660, -10.2604

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826

Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

Achromatomaly

32.8595, -10.2913, -5.0307

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 121, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 121, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 121, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 121, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 121, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 121, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 121, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 121, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 121, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 121,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.4941, -16.4828, -13.7826 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 121, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 121,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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