

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.8852, 11.6154,
2.4786)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.8852, 11.6154,
2.4786) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(38.9056, 11.7056,
2.5576)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89626C
RGB	137, 98, 108
RGB Percent	54%, 38%, 42%
CMY	0.4627, 0.6157, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.21, 0.46
HSL	345°, 17%, 46%
HSV	345°, 28%, 54%
XYZ	17.3910, 15.1365, 16.1924
YIQ	110.8010, 20.0340, 11.3780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

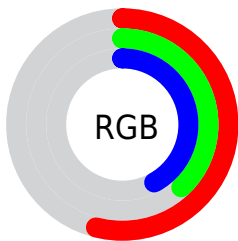
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 98, 108
Decimal	9003628
CIE Lab	45.82, 17.39, 0.63
CIE LCh	46, 17.398, 2.065
Yxy	15.1372, 0.3570, 0.3107
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287193708 (0xFF89626C)
YUV	110.8010, -1.3809, 22.9765
Hunter-Lab	38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576

Details

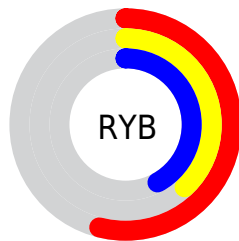
The HunterLab color $[38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $[46.9262, -14.3589, 3.2941]$, and the grayscale version is $[39.7943, -2.1233, 2.1621]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59.2237, 12.3712, 3.8723]$, and $[21.6403, 10.4979, 1.4225]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.4747, 16.9493, 2.9208]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42.6074, 6.5413, 2.4368]$.

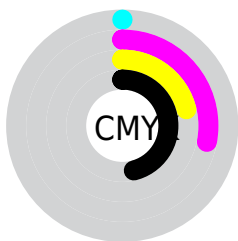
Distribution



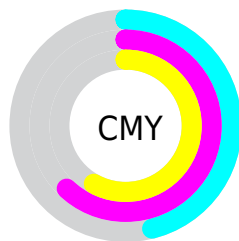
- Red (54%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.9056, 11.7056,
2.5576

■ 38.9056, 11.7056,
2.5576

■ 149.7314, 12.7936,
8.8431

■ 29.8592, 11.1796,
2.0282

■ 59.2399, 12.4454,
3.7321

■ 21.6477, 10.5289,
1.5397

■ 70.4254, 12.6871,
4.3714

■ 14.3679, 9.7273,
1.0964

■ 82.2379, 12.8552,
5.0431

■ 8.0279, 9.3527,
0.7607

■ 94.6457, 12.9565,
5.7459

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.6215, 12.9967,
6.4783

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 121.1413, 12.9803,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.1842, 12.9115,
8.0279

■ 38.9056, 11.7056,
2.5576

■ 38.9056, 11.7056,
2.5576

■ 35.4747, 16.9493,
2.9208

■ 42.6074, 6.5413,
2.4368

■ 32.3620, 22.1899,
3.5638

■ 46.5365, 1.4985,
2.5171

■ 29.6262, 27.2632,
4.5191

■ 50.6607, -3.4147,
2.7652

■ 27.3299, 31.9102,
5.7940

■ 54.9533, -8.2042,
3.1524

■ 25.5304, 35.7849,
7.3501

■ 59.3932, -12.8824,
3.6555

■ 24.2640, 38.5306,
9.0871

■ 63.9630, -17.4639,
4.2556

■ 23.4428, 40.2074,
10.7878

■ 68.6489, -21.9636,
4.9380

■ 23.3248, 40.4678,
11.0151

■ 73.4393, -26.3952,
5.6905

■ 78.3248, -30.7709,
6.5035

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.9065, 10.0162, -4.0958



38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576



38.9065, 9.4962, 8.0977

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.9065, 11.7041, 2.5583



38.9065, -8.7067, 11.1654



38.9065, -7.9516, -10.3905

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576



46.9262, -14.3589, 3.2941

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.9065, -12.4398, -4.9937



38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576



38.9065, -12.8545, 7.4502

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.9065, 11.7041, 2.5583



38.9065, -2.5428, 12.5130



38.9065, -14.1741, 1.6720



38.9065, -1.6111, -12.2873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576



38.9065, 6.1937, 10.6230



38.9065, -14.1741, 1.6720



38.9065, -9.7117, -8.8850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.9065, 11.7041, 2.5583



61.8805, 2.4947, 3.3524



38.7604, 13.1131, -12.0889



28.9814, 1.5870, 1.5758



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.9065, 11.7041, 2.5583



49.1325, 20.0672, 3.6874



40.9111, 6.0247, 8.5670



22.5128, 0.8975, 1.2195



22.5156, 39.0713, 10.5742



1.8914, 3.3906, 0.0480

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.9065, 11.7041, 2.5583



49.1325, 20.0672, 3.6874



44.5147, -8.6934, -4.2451



22.5128, 0.8975, 1.2195



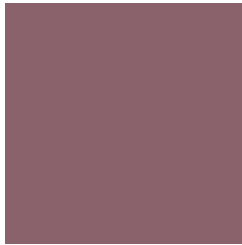
22.5156, 39.0713, 10.5742



1.8914, 3.3906, 0.0480

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

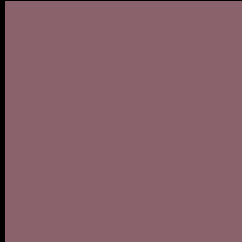
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

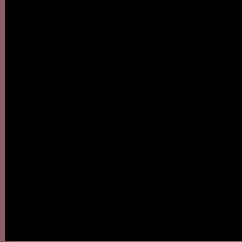
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.9056, 11.7056,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576

Protanopia

38.9759, -0.8558, -0.2150

Deuteranopia

38.9330, 2.7078, 2.8547



Tritanopia

38.8514, 11.4280, 3.3312

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576

Protanomaly

38.7200, 3.6154, 0.4495

Deuteranomaly

38.7297, 6.0082, 2.6760

Tritanomaly

38.8784, 11.5661, 2.9463

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

39.2771, 2.6804, 1.9809

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 98, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 98, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 98, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 98, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 98, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 98, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 98, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 98, 108); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 98, 108); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 98, 108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.9056, 11.7056, 2.5576 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 98, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137, 98,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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