

Converting Colors

HunterLab(38.9695, 9.3914,
2.5951)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(38.9695, 9.3914, 2.5951)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(38.9661, 9.3951,
2.5881)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85646C
RGB	133, 100, 108
RGB Percent	52%, 39%, 42%
CMY	0.4784, 0.6078, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.19, 0.48
HSL	345°, 14%, 46%
HSV	345°, 25%, 52%
XYZ	16.9368, 15.1836, 16.2254
YIQ	110.7790, 17.1000, 9.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

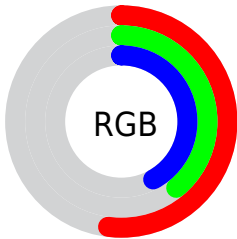
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 100, 108
Decimal	8741996
CIE _{Lab}	45.89, 14.62, 0.67
CIE _{LCh}	46, 14.633, 2.606
Yxy	15.1843, 0.3503, 0.3141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286932076 (0xFF85646C)
YUV	110.7790, -1.3700, 19.4878
Hunter-Lab	38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881

Details

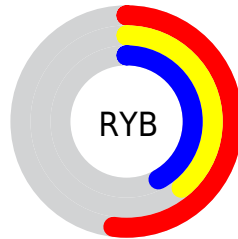
The HunterLab color $[38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $[45.7880, -12.5099, 2.8707]$, and the grayscale version is $[39.7865, -2.1229, 2.1617]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59.3306, 9.9497, 3.9550]$, and $[21.7305, 8.6509, 1.4960]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.5463, 14.4145, 2.9134]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42.6315, 4.4736, 2.4773]$.

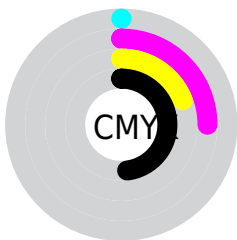
Distribution



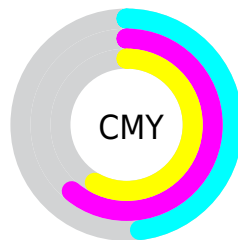
- Red (52%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.9661, 9.3951,
2.5881

■ 38.9661, 9.3951,
2.5881

149.8262, 9.4075,
8.8909

■ 29.9146, 9.0186,
2.0561

■ 59.3094, 9.8591,
3.7672

■ 21.6975, 8.5260,
1.5647

■ 70.4991, 9.9728,
4.4086

■ 14.4113, 7.8908,
1.1182

■ 82.3156, 10.0182,
5.0823

■ 8.0720, 7.6207,
0.7811

■ 94.7270, 10.0017,
5.7869

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.7064, 9.9285,
6.5212

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.2296, 9.8027,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.2758, 9.6280,
8.0742

■ 38.9661, 9.3951,
2.5881

■ 38.9661, 9.3951,
2.5881

■ 35.5463, 14.4145,
2.9134

■ 42.6315, 4.4736,
2.4773

■ 32.4143, 19.4739,
3.4876

■ 46.5034, -0.3225,
2.5444

■ 29.6241, 24.4473,
4.3427

■ 50.5531, -4.9929,
2.7602

■ 27.2351, 29.1233,
5.4928

■ 54.7572, -9.5465,
3.0997

■ 25.3062, 33.1971,
6.9152

■ 59.0967, -13.9969,
3.5427

■ 23.8824, 36.3157,
8.5326

■ 63.5564, -18.3586,
4.0727

■ 22.9629, 38.2419,
10.2006

■ 68.1236, -22.6457,
4.6768

■ 22.5658, 39.1123,
10.9552

■ 72.7881, -26.8710,
5.3442

■ 77.5414, -31.0458,
6.0665

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.9670, 8.0566, -2.9476



38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881



38.9670, 7.5138, 7.2961

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.9670, 9.3937, 2.5888



38.9670, -7.7724, 9.8711



38.9670, -6.9618, -8.2323

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881



45.7880, -12.5099, 2.8707

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.9670, -10.8293, -3.8783



38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881



38.9670, -11.2782, 6.5888

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.9670, 9.3937, 2.5888



38.9670, -2.5748, 11.1083



38.9670, -12.3651, 1.6475



38.9670, -1.5853, -9.6989

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881



38.9670, 4.7484, 9.4803



38.9670, -12.3651, 1.6475



38.9670, -8.4707, -7.0300

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.9670, 9.3937, 2.5888



60.9910, 1.0610, 3.3646



38.9226, 10.8214, -9.6288



28.8365, 0.6407, 1.5939



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.9670, 9.3937, 2.5888



49.4147, 16.5036, 3.6817



40.8475, 4.3896, 7.7456



21.6930, 0.8381, 1.2082



22.0261, 38.1820, 10.6540



1.3345, 2.3869, 0.0756

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.9670, 9.3937, 2.5888



49.4147, 16.5036, 3.6817



43.5973, -7.5452, -3.4454



21.6930, 0.8381, 1.2082



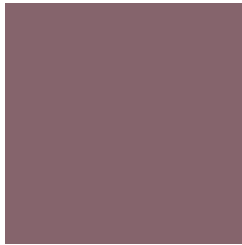
22.0261, 38.1820, 10.6540



1.3345, 2.3869, 0.0756

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

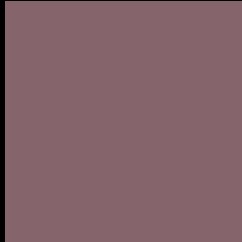
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

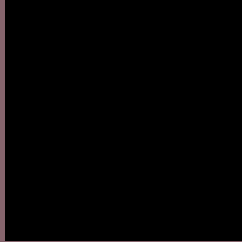
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.9661, 9.3951,

2.5881.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881

Protanopia

39.0287, -0.7322, 0.3033

Deuteranopia

38.9330, 2.7078, 2.8547



Tritanopia

38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881

Protanomaly

38.8618, 2.6905, 1.0492

Deuteranomaly

38.8870, 5.2147, 2.8452

Tritanomaly

38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 100, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 100, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 100, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 100, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 100, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 100, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 100, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 100, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 100, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 100,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.9661, 9.3951, 2.5881 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 100, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
100, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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