

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.0191, 12.5124,  
-19.9294)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(39.0191, 12.5124,  
-19.9294) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(39.0777, 12.6968,  
-20.1201)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	776497
RGB	119, 100, 151
RGB Percent	47%, 39%, 59%
CMY	0.5333, 0.6078, 0.4078
CMYK	0.21, 0.34, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	262°, 20%, 49%
HSV	262°, 34%, 59%
XYZ	17.7509, 15.2707, 31.2902
YIQ	111.4950, -5.0470, 19.8890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

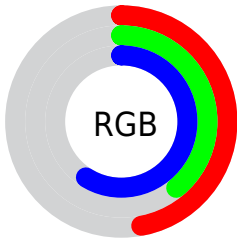
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	119, 100, 151
Decimal	7824535
CIE Lab	46.00, 18.55, -25.08
CIE LCh	46, 31.192, 306.484
Yxy	15.2713, 0.2760, 0.2375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286014615 (0xFF776497)
YUV	111.4950, 19.4760, 6.5819
Hunter-Lab	39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201

# Details

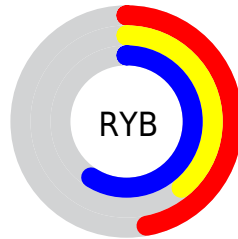
The HunterLab color  $[39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666699$ . A complement of this color would be  $[52.8765, -15.2855, 18.7950]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[39.9894, -2.1337, 2.1727]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[59.4236, 13.4574, -20.7756]$ , and  $[21.7520, 11.3971, -19.2599]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[34.6422, 17.6894, -28.4540]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[43.7556, 7.8825, -12.5731]$ .

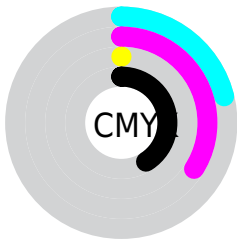
# Distribution



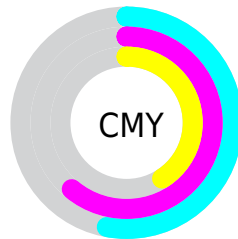
- Red (47%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.0777, 12.6968,  
-20.1201

■ 39.0777, 12.6968,  
-20.1201

■ 150.0008, 14.2182,  
-22.3802

■ 30.0167, 12.1129,  
-19.5989

■ 59.4377, 13.5471,  
-21.0197

■ 21.7892, 11.4008,  
-19.0726

■ 70.6350, 13.8402,  
-21.3830

■ 14.4914, 10.5359,  
-18.6434

■ 82.4586, 14.0576,  
-21.6867

■ 8.1525, 10.0049,  
-19.0630

■ 94.8769, 14.2064,  
-21.9323

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

107.8628, 14.2923,  
-22.1221

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.3924, 14.3203,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.2585

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.4446, 14.2944,  
-22.3437

■ 39.0777, 12.6968,  
-20.1201

■ 39.0777, 12.6968,  
-20.1201

■ 34.6422, 17.6894,  
-28.4540

■ 43.7556, 7.8825,  
-12.5731

■ 30.4998, 22.8551,  
-37.7219

■ 48.6341, 3.2290,  
-5.6689

■ 26.7233, 28.1187,  
-48.0001

■ 53.6845, -1.2915,  
0.7220

■ 23.4077, 33.2623,  
-59.1542

■ 58.8846, -5.7056,  
6.7045

■ 20.6689, 37.8235,  
-70.5886

■ 64.2168, -10.0369,  
12.3622

18.6215, 41.0716,  
-81.0275

69.6675, -14.3051,  
17.7611

17.5571, 42.7931,  
-87.3053

75.2255, -18.5262,  
22.9531

80.8818, -22.7133,  
27.9789

86.6288, -26.8769,  
32.8712

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.0785, 0.5692, -26.7907



39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201



39.0785, 21.5585, -7.7496

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.0785, 12.6962, -20.1191



39.0785, 7.6132, 17.4418



39.0785, -22.5815, -0.4499

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201



52.8765, -15.2855, 18.7950

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.0785, -21.1768, 9.9523



39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201



39.0785, -4.6745, 18.3224

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.0785, 12.6962, -20.1191



39.0785, 18.3837, 13.1115



39.0785, -14.9548, 16.0427



39.0785, -19.0552, -13.4134



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201



39.0785, 23.8874, 0.7487



39.0785, -14.9548, 16.0427



39.0785, -22.6634, 3.4572

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.0785, 12.6962, -20.1191



67.4739, 2.1410, -4.4594



46.3985, -7.5871, -8.9555



31.7539, 1.3957, -2.6610



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.0785, 12.6962, -20.1191



47.4900, 22.3485, -35.8076



41.5892, 20.2695, -15.7577



24.7645, 0.5657, -1.3193



16.2405, 39.5163, -80.2326



2.4304, 5.3314, -7.4930



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.6656, 19.1295, -5.0555



51.9659, 32.7167, -8.7642



51.1538, -21.7998, 17.1641



25.0691, 1.4397, 0.2962



25.1033, 45.7969, -5.5355

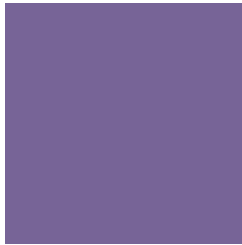


3.1813, 5.9992, -2.2160



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

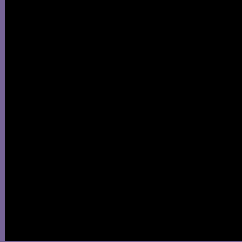
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201.

-20.1201.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201

### Protanopia

39.0856, 4.0206, -24.2326

### Deuteranopia

39.2892, 2.6504, -18.6522



## Tritanopia

39.0987, 1.0629, -0.9448

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201

## Protanomaly

38.8484, 7.1226, -23.2648

## Deuteranomaly

39.1260, 6.2686, -19.5055

## Tritanomaly

38.8979, 5.2737, -7.5959

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201

## Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

## Achromatomaly

39.4958, 3.0268, -5.2411

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 100, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 100, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 100, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 100, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 100, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 100, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 100, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 100, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 100, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 100,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.0777, 12.6968, -20.1201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 100, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
100, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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