

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.0751, -7.4152,
0.3371)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.0751, -7.4152, 0.3371)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.1531, -7.4272,
0.3382)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D7171
RGB	93, 113, 113
RGB Percent	36%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.6353, 0.5569, 0.5569
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	180°, 10%, 40%
HSV	180°, 18%, 44%
XYZ	13.4000, 15.3297, 17.8754
YIQ	107.0200, -11.9200, -4.2400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

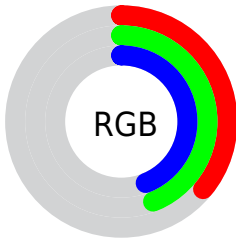
Format	Color
R _Y B	93, 103, 113
Decimal	6123889
CIE Lab	46.08, -7.37, -2.47
CIE LCh	46, 7.771, 198.554
Yxy	15.3303, 0.2875, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284313969 (0xFF5D7171)
YUV	107.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955
Hunter-Lab	39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382

Details

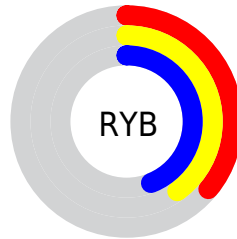
The HunterLab color $39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $34.8283, 4.1433, 3.9031$, and the grayscale version is $38.3448, -2.0460, 2.0833$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $59.6290, -9.3120, 1.1851$, and $21.7786, -5.5647, -0.2923$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38.4493, -9.9994, -0.5735$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $39.9552, -4.5617, 1.3568$.

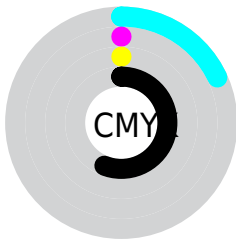
Distribution



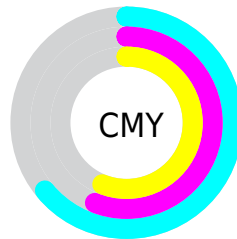
- Red (36%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.1531, -7.4272,
0.3382

■ 39.1531, -7.4272,
0.3382

150.1189,
-16.5086, 5.4038

■ 30.0857, -6.4688,
-0.0113

■ 59.5244, -9.3572,
1.1905

■ 21.8513, -5.5031,
-0.3025

■ 70.7268, -10.3359,
1.6831

■ 14.5456, -4.5144,
-0.5246

■ 82.5553, -11.3273,
2.2158

■ 8.2064, -4.3501,
-0.8023

■ 94.9783, -12.3326,
2.7861

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.9686,
-13.3529, 3.3917

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.5024,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.3887, 4.0309

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.5587,
-15.4406, 4.7020

■ 39.1531, -7.4272,
0.3382

■ 39.1531, -7.4272,
0.3382

■ 38.4493, -9.9994,
-0.5735

■ 39.9552, -4.5617,
1.3568

■ 37.8419, -12.2572,
-1.3736

■ 40.8520, -1.4237,
2.4729

■ 37.3308, -14.1875,
-2.0570

■ 41.8421, 1.9610,
3.6784

■ 36.9141, -15.7830,
-2.6213

■ 42.9228, 5.5666,
4.9644

■ 36.5884, -17.0442,
-3.0670

■ 44.0909, 9.3670,
6.3221

■ 36.3485, -17.9808,
-3.3977

■ 45.3429, 13.3372,
7.7428

■ 36.1877, -18.6130,
-3.6207

■ 46.6750, 17.4540,
9.2185

■ 36.0828, -19.0270,
-3.7666

■ 48.0833, 21.6958,
10.7415

■ 36.0595, -19.1189,
-3.7990

■ 49.5640, 26.0434,
12.3053

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.1539, -7.6033, 3.2081



39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382



39.1539, -5.8486, -2.2238

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.1539, -7.4279, 0.3388



39.1539, 2.3417, -1.6905



39.1539, -0.9362, 7.1520

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382



34.8283, 4.1433, 3.9031

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.1539, 1.8134, 6.0372



39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382



39.1539, 3.7436, 1.0230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.1539, -7.4279, 0.3388



39.1539, -0.2328, -3.4551



39.1539, 3.5474, 3.8428



39.1539, -3.9157, 6.9992

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382



39.1539, -4.1848, -3.3467



39.1539, 3.5474, 3.8428



39.1539, 0.0472, 6.9167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.1539, -7.4279, 0.3388



53.7613, -5.0601, 2.1868



38.6598, -10.2657, 7.7596



25.8238, -2.5391, 1.0140



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.1539, -7.4279, 0.3388



52.0137, -11.3166, -0.0354



36.4511, -3.1711, -3.0071



19.5325, -2.4256, 0.5978



38.4045, -20.3623, -4.0460



85.7155, -45.4471, -9.0297

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.8283, 4.1433, 3.9031



45.0031, 7.4704, 5.7525



37.3308, -0.2825, 6.5501



18.4432, 0.4810, 1.4929



19.9559, 34.1752, 12.8942



44.5398, 76.2758, 28.7797

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

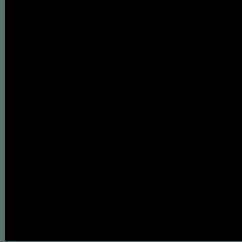
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.1531, -7.4272,

0.3382.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382

Protanopia

38.9434, -1.1968, 1.5166

Deuteranopia

39.1215, 2.3846, 0.0215



Tritanopia

39.1772, -5.4041, -3.3296

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382

Protanomaly

39.0418, -3.6103, 1.1556

Deuteranomaly

39.1667, -1.5919, 0.0077

Tritanomaly

39.0846, -5.9199, -2.0200

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382

Achromatopsia

38.3441, -2.0459, 2.0833

Achromatomaly

38.5567, -4.0103, 1.4403

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 113, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 113, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 113, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 113, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 113, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 113, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 113, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 113, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 113, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 113,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.1531, -7.4272, 0.3382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 113, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 113,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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