

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.0805, 18.7529,  
7.5956)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(39.0805, 18.7529,  
7.5956) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(39.0783, 18.7444,  
7.6181)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	995C60
RGB	153, 92, 96
RGB Percent	60%, 36%, 38%
CMY	0.4000, 0.6392, 0.6235
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.37, 0.40
HSL	356°, 25%, 48%
HSV	356°, 40%, 60%
XYZ	19.0753, 15.2711, 13.0086
YIQ	110.6950, 35.0720, 14.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

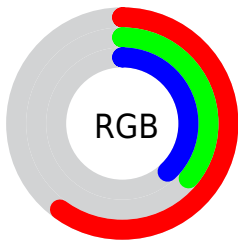
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	153, 92, 96
Decimal	10050656
CIE Lab	46.00, 25.48, 8.40
CIE LCh	46, 26.830, 18.244
Yxy	15.2719, 0.4028, 0.3225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288240736 (0xFF995C60)
YUV	110.6950, -7.2446, 37.1015
Hunter-Lab	39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181

# Details

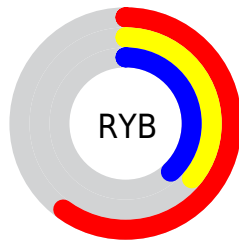
The HunterLab color **39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **52.1805, -18.6905, -0.4834**, and the grayscale version is **39.7714, -2.1221, 2.1609**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.3932, 20.2004, 9.8046**, and **21.7738, 17.0838, 5.4990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.5576, 24.5292, 9.1279**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.9925, 13.0201, 6.2582**.

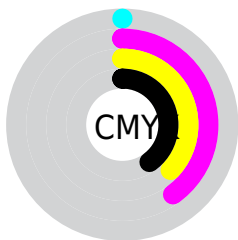
# Distribution



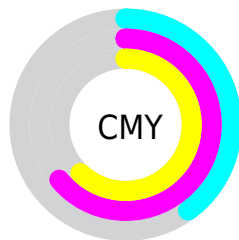
- Red (60%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.0783, 18.7444,  
7.6181

■ 39.0783, 18.7444,  
7.6181

150.0020, 22.8507,  
17.1806

■ 30.0174, 17.8135,  
6.5857

■ 59.4386, 20.2446,  
9.6759

■ 21.7899, 16.7448,  
5.5348

■ 70.6359, 20.8441,  
10.7118

■ 14.4919, 15.5223,  
4.4438

■ 82.4596, 21.3565,  
11.7573

■ 8.1530, 14.7353,  
4.7143

■ 94.8780, 21.7896,  
12.8142

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.8639, 22.1504,  
13.8842

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.3935, 22.4444,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

14.9682

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.4458, 22.6764,  
16.0668

■ 39.0783, 18.7444,  
7.6181

■ 39.0783, 18.7444,  
7.6181

■ 35.5576, 24.5292,  
9.1279

■ 42.9925, 13.0201,  
6.2582

■ 32.5012, 30.1873,  
10.7517

■ 47.2341, 7.4583,  
5.0514

■ 29.9875, 35.3986,  
12.4127


■ 51.7521, 2.0916,  
3.9889


■ 28.0844, 39.7379,  
13.9836


■ 56.5048, -3.0793,  
3.0548


■ 26.8263, 42.7834,  
15.3069


■ 61.4592, -8.0699,  
2.2318


 26.0751, 44.6966,  
16.1829

 66.5887, -12.9020,  
1.5038

 26.0658, 44.7228,  
16.1898

 71.8725, -17.5985,  
0.8564

 77.2933, -22.1811,  
0.2773

 82.8373, -26.6691,  
-0.2438

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.0793, 19.4461, -1.9442



39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181



39.0793, 12.1194, 13.8098

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.0793, 18.7424, 7.6188



39.0793, -15.8954, 12.7805



39.0793, -6.0730, -21.4128

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181



52.1805, -18.6905, -0.4834

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.0793, -14.5159, -14.8613



39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181



39.0793, -19.7779, 5.8028

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.0793, 18.7424, 7.6188



39.0793, -8.1441, 16.2089



39.0793, -19.3008, -4.2989



39.0793, 4.3625, -20.5545



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181



39.0793, 5.5927, 15.9763



39.0793, -19.3008, -4.2989



39.0793, -9.2165, -19.9465

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.0793, 18.7424, 7.6188



67.7931, 4.4775, 5.6588



40.4206, 26.2389, -18.8394



31.5236, 2.4916, 2.7344



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.0793, 18.7424, 7.6188



47.9929, 32.1172, 12.0225



45.3926, 5.4970, 14.8405



24.9578, 0.8412, 1.8822



23.7009, 40.6735, 14.6564



2.9242, 5.0704, 1.4043



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0793, 18.7424, 7.6188



47.9929, 32.1172, 12.0225



44.3204, -6.2838, -13.1160



24.9578, 0.8412, 1.8822



23.7009, 40.6735, 14.6564

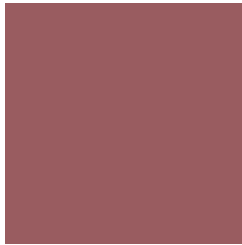


2.9242, 5.0704, 1.4043



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

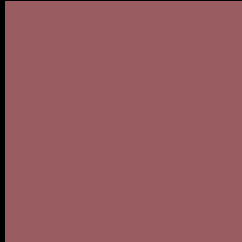
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

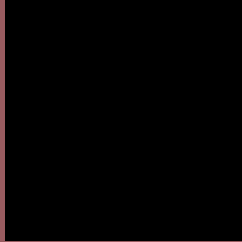
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.0783, 18.7444,

7.6181.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181

### Protanopia

39.2453, -1.8167, 3.9604

### Deuteranopia

39.1751, 2.8712, 8.1628



## Tritanopia

39.1260, 18.9803, 6.9311

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181

## Protanomaly

38.9510, 5.1627, 4.9576

## Deuteranomaly

38.9549, 8.7008, 7.6780

## Tritanomaly

39.1020, 18.8617, 7.2765

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181

## Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

## Achromatomaly

39.2133, 4.9192, 3.6323

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 92, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 92, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 92, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 92, 96) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 92, 96) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 92, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 92, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 92, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 92, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 92,  
96) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.0783, 18.7444, 7.6181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 92, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 92,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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