

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.2097, -1.0747,
-24.7719)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.2097, -1.0747,
-24.7719) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.2097, -1.0747,
-24.7719)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C6F9E
RGB	76, 111, 158
RGB Percent	30%, 44%, 62%
CMY	0.7019, 0.5647, 0.3804
CMYK	0.52, 0.30, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	214°, 35%, 46%
HSV	214°, 52%, 62%
XYZ	14.8365, 15.3740, 34.5333
YIQ	105.8930, -35.9470, 7.1970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

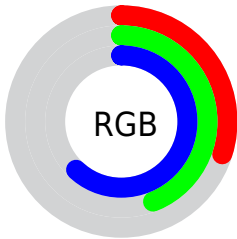
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 101, 158
Decimal	5009310
CIE _{Lab}	46.14, 1.36, -29.25
CIE _{LCh}	46, 29.281, 272.665
Yxy	15.3746, 0.2292, 0.2375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283199390 (0xFF4C6F9E)
YUV	105.8930, 25.6888, -26.2162
Hunter-Lab	39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719

Details

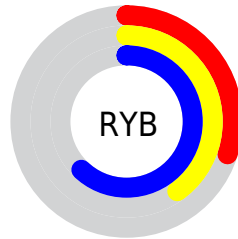
The HunterLab color $[39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336699 . A complement of this color would be $[46.8589, 3.6629, 20.2862]$, and the grayscale version is $[37.8399, -2.0190, 2.0559]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59.4900, -1.6808, -26.1111]$, and $[21.9695, -0.5350, -23.2711]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.9551, 0.5919, -31.1763]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42.6389, -2.2404, -18.7458]$.

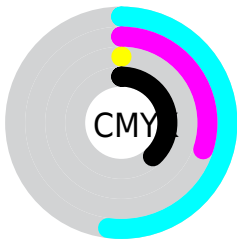
Distribution



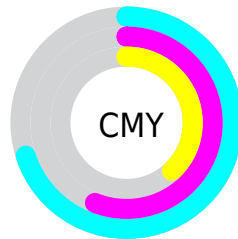
- Red (30%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.2097, -1.0747,
-24.7719

■ 39.2097, -1.0747,
-24.7719

■ 150.2073, -6.4321,
-28.0128

■ 30.1375, -0.6748,
-24.1977

■ 59.5894, -2.0119,
-25.8523

■ 21.8978, -0.3279,
-23.6746

■ 70.7956, -2.5418,
-26.3231

■ 14.5862, -0.0423,
-23.3692

■ 82.6278, -3.1086,
-26.7393

■ 8.2466, 0.2790,
-24.2244

■ 95.0542, -3.7104,
-27.1002

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 108.0478, -4.3451,
-27.4064

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.5848, -5.0112,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-27.6594

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.6442, -5.7073,
-27.8609

■ 39.2097, -1.0747,
-24.7719

■ 39.2097, -1.0747,
-24.7719

■ 35.9551, 0.5919,
-31.1763

■ 42.6389, -2.2404,
-18.7458

■ 32.8974, 2.8335,
-37.9792

■ 46.2197, -2.9759,
-13.0673

■ 30.0647, 5.7170,
-45.1672

■ 49.9353, -3.3444,
-7.6966

■ 27.4857, 9.2814,
-52.6797

■ 53.7710, -3.3997,
-2.5943

■ 25.5641, 12.5531,
-59.0515

■ 57.7145, -3.1873,
2.2765

■ 61.7555, -2.7449,
6.9488

■ 65.8853, -2.1040,
11.4515

■ 70.0966, -1.2906,
15.8095

■ 74.3831, -0.3262,
20.0444

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.2104, -11.6177, -21.1397



39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719



39.2104, 10.3891, -19.6644

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.2104, -1.0747, -24.7710



39.2104, 18.0137, 11.7645



39.2104, -19.6535, 10.5182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719



46.8589, 3.6629, 20.2862

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.2104, -13.1881, 15.8941



39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719



39.2104, 8.4349, 16.4567

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.2104, -1.0747, -24.7710



39.2104, 22.1649, 3.0871



39.2104, -3.1036, 17.7208



39.2104, -21.5940, 1.1570

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719



39.2104, 16.8035, -12.6534



39.2104, -3.1036, 17.7208



39.2104, -17.9766, 12.7498

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.2104, -1.0747, -24.7710



70.1595, -4.5963, -6.4911



52.3521, -27.6869, 10.7491



32.8403, -2.1744, -3.7122



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.2104, -1.0747, -24.7710



47.8948, 1.1484, -43.1871



30.6728, 17.2626, -43.3257



26.2249, -1.6115, -0.6137



23.0419, 10.8741, -52.2743



4.2085, -0.6100, -3.9435

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8596, 30.1934, -0.9502



45.1849, 49.7490, -0.4741



56.3053, -14.2676, 27.2447



25.8666, 1.2772, 0.9004



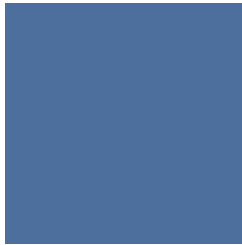
24.8157, 43.8531, 5.5278



3.4410, 6.3087, -1.0003

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

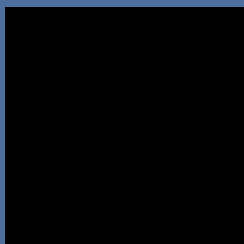
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

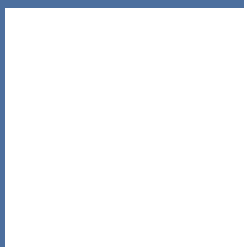
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719.

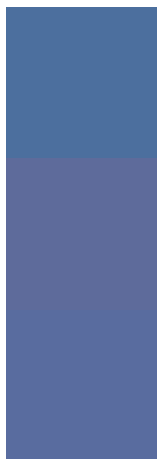


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719

Protanopia

39.0661, 3.7824, -22.9253

Deuteranopia

39.1819, 3.1400, -25.4357



Tritanopia

39.1826, -12.5031, -5.9428

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719

Protanomaly

38.9251, 2.0142, -23.8871

Deuteranomaly

39.1475, 1.6324, -25.5267

Tritanomaly

39.1939, -8.5986, -12.3727

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719

Achromatopsia

37.9643, -2.0257, 2.0627

Achromatomaly

38.2605, -2.6504, -6.5366

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 111, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 111, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 111, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 111, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

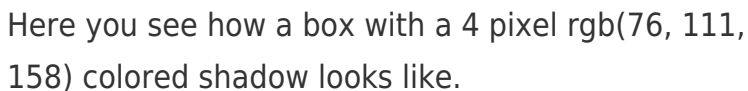
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 111, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 111, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 111, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 111, 158); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 111, 158); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 111, 158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.2097, -1.0747, -24.7719 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 111, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 111,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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