

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.2981, 2.3220,
-2.0877)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.2981, 2.3220, -2.0877)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.3601, 2.1284,
-1.9992)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	736B77
RGB	115, 107, 119
RGB Percent	45%, 42%, 47%
CMY	0.5490, 0.5804, 0.5333
CMYK	0.03, 0.10, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	280°, 5%, 44%
HSV	280°, 10%, 47%
XYZ	15.6577, 15.4922, 19.6178
YIQ	110.7600, 0.9160, 5.4280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

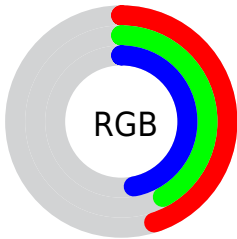
Format	Color
R _Y B	115, 107, 119
Decimal	7564151
CIE Lab	46.30, 5.55, -5.54
CIE LCh	46, 7.848, 315.052
Yxy	15.4928, 0.3084, 0.3052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285754231 (0xFF736B77)
YUV	110.7600, 4.0623, 3.7185
Hunter-Lab	39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992

Details

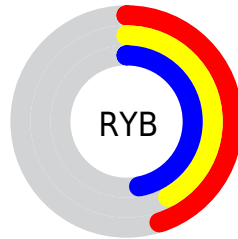
The HunterLab color $[39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[41.9942, -6.3016, 6.1263]$, and the grayscale version is $[39.7636, -2.1217, 2.1604]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59.6737, 1.8026, -1.4782]$, and $[22.0906, 2.2922, -2.3474]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.9397, 6.5946, -6.5311]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42.9211, -2.2561, 2.2992]$.

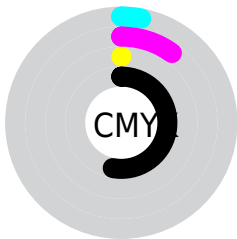
Distribution



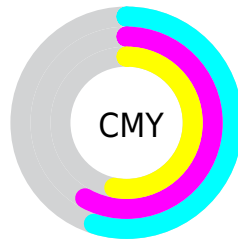
- Red (45%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.3601, 2.1284,
-1.9992

■ 39.3601, 2.1284,
-1.9992

■ 150.4427, -1.5019,
1.9066

■ 30.2754, 2.2737,
-2.1831

■ 59.7624, 1.6453,
-1.4480

■ 22.0218, 2.3431,
-2.2960

■ 70.9789, 1.3230,
-1.0941

■ 14.6945, 2.3193,
-2.3245

■ 82.8207, 0.9532,
-0.6937

■ 8.3526, 2.4514,
-2.3805

■ 95.2564, 0.5393,
-0.2500

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.2588, 0.0846,
0.2341

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 121.8042, -0.4086,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.8718, -0.9381,
1.3143

■ 39.3601, 2.1284,
-1.9992

■ 39.3601, 2.1284,
-1.9992

■ 35.9397, 6.5946,
-6.5311

■ 42.9211, -2.2561,
2.2992

■ 32.6794, 11.1427,
-11.3329

■ 46.6025, -6.5620,
6.3967

■ 29.6082, 15.7514,
-16.4293

■ 50.3909, -10.7999,
10.3263

■ 26.7610, 20.3674,
-21.8213

■ 54.2750, -14.9802,
14.1160

■ 24.1808, 24.8810,
-27.4583

■ 58.2453, -19.1132,
17.7898

■ 21.9179, 29.0974,
-33.1970

■ 62.2942, -23.2080,
21.3678

■ 20.0258, 32.7185,
-38.7603

■ 66.4152, -27.2729,
24.8666

■ 18.5502, 35.3708,
-43.7336

■ 70.6028, -31.3149,
28.3004

■ 17.3445, 37.3820,
-48.3191

■ 74.8524, -35.3400,
31.6806

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.3609, -0.5704, -3.6240



39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992



39.3609, 3.7153, 0.6787

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.3609, 2.1275, -1.9985



39.3609, -0.5808, 7.1524



39.3609, -7.5979, 0.6686

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992



41.9942, -6.3016, 6.1263

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.3609, -7.6005, 3.5522



39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992



39.3609, -3.6112, 7.1501

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.3609, 2.1275, -1.9985



39.3609, 2.1197, 5.8838



39.3609, -6.1607, 5.8774



39.3609, -6.1535, -2.0064

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992



39.3609, 3.9008, 2.6298



39.3609, -6.1607, 5.8774



39.3609, -7.7659, 1.6489

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.3609, 2.1275, -1.9985



55.9913, -1.2741, 1.3850



39.8384, -2.0596, -1.4625



27.0892, -0.4149, 0.4740



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.3609, 2.1275, -1.9985



51.6370, 4.1658, -3.9936



39.6574, 3.0151, -0.7645



19.2346, 0.8029, -0.7417



17.8627, 38.5122, -49.8653



38.8157, 84.2381, -112.6305

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.4788, 2.0577, 1.7757



51.8342, 4.0550, 2.2379



41.7369, -7.1327, 5.1195



19.2851, 0.7723, 0.8848



20.7980, 36.3805, 7.5227



45.7547, 79.7317, 18.9031

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

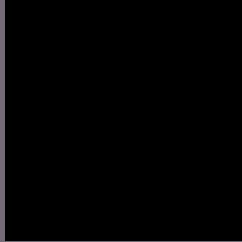
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992.



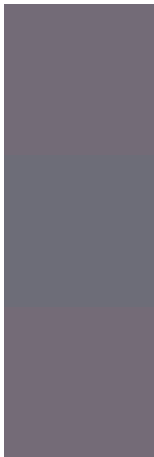
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992.

-1.9992.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992

Protanopia

39.4266, -0.3363, -2.4330

Deuteranopia

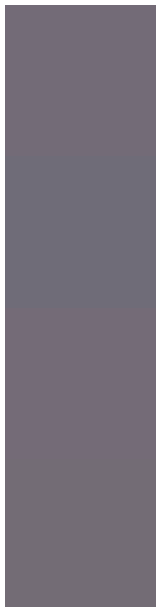
39.4466, 2.4197, -1.8832



Tritanopia

39.5360, 1.1773, -0.3962

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992

Protanomaly

39.3201, 0.6842, -2.5531

Deuteranomaly

39.4466, 2.4197, -1.8832

Tritanomaly

39.5655, 1.3368, -0.8161

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

39.7637, -0.9256, 0.7490

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 107, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 107, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 107, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 107, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 107, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 107, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 107, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 107, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 107, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 107,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.3601, 2.1284, -1.9992 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 107, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
107, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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