

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.3655, 2.0534,
1.8753)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.3655, 2.0534, 1.8753)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.4501, 1.9092,
2.1717)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	776B6E
RGB	119, 107, 110
RGB Percent	47%, 42%, 43%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5804, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.08, 0.53
HSL	345°, 5%, 44%
HSV	345°, 10%, 47%
XYZ	15.6799, 15.5631, 16.9294
YIQ	110.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

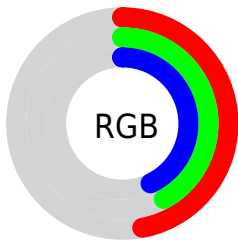
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 107, 110
Decimal	7826286
CIE _{Lab}	46.40, 5.27, 0.04
CIE _{LCh}	46, 5.274, 0.382
Yxy	15.5638, 0.3255, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286016366 (0xFF776B6E)
YUV	110.9300, -0.4585, 2.0774
Hunter-Lab	39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717

Details

The HunterLab color $[39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[41.9294, -6.0573, 2.3653]$, and the grayscale version is $[39.8439, -2.1260, 2.1648]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59.7664, 1.5625, 2.9452]$, and $[22.2040, 2.2355, 1.1640]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[36.1469, 6.1832, 2.1559]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42.9217, -2.2581, 2.3318]$.

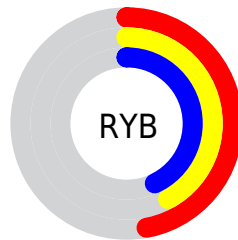
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (42%)

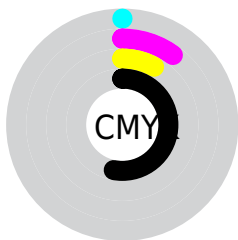
Blue (43%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (43%)

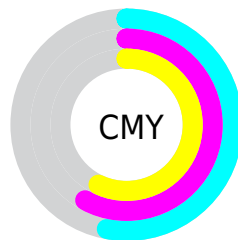


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.4501, 1.9092,
2.1717

■ 39.4501, 1.9092,
2.1717

■ 150.5835, -1.8397,
8.2356

■ 30.3579, 2.0717,
1.6753

■ 59.8659, 1.3948,
3.2873

■ 22.0960, 2.1601,
1.2233

■ 71.0885, 1.0583,
3.8999

■ 14.7594, 2.1574,
0.8214

■ 82.9360, 0.6749,
4.5464

■ 8.4153, 2.2814,
0.4754

■ 95.3772, 0.2482,
5.2251

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.3849, -0.2189,
5.9346

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 121.9354, -0.7239,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.0078, -1.2648,
7.4410

■ 39.4501, 1.9092,
2.1717

■ 39.4501, 1.9092,
2.1717

■ 36.1469, 6.1832,
2.1559

■ 42.9217, -2.2581,
2.3318

■ 33.0377, 10.5573,
2.3109

■ 46.5364, -6.3189,
2.6102

■ 30.1579, 14.9957,
2.6689

■ 50.2770, -10.2842,
2.9879

■ 27.5497, 19.4214,
3.2613

■ 54.1286, -14.1661,
3.4491

■ 25.2613, 23.6937,
4.1116

■ 58.0793, -17.9769,
3.9809

■ 23.3445, 27.5923,
5.2214

■ 62.1192, -21.7282,
4.5730

■ 21.8460, 30.8286,
6.5538

■ 66.2403, -25.4304,
5.2172

■ 20.7940, 33.1108,
8.0216

■ 70.4356, -29.0925,
5.9065

■ 20.0359, 34.7731,
9.3725

■ 74.6995, -32.7225,
6.6355

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.4510, 1.3747, 0.2510



39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717



39.4510, 1.3475, 3.9953

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.4510, 1.9081, 2.1724



39.4510, -4.0789, 5.2440



39.4510, -4.0344, -1.2496

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717



41.9294, -6.0573, 2.3653

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.4510, -5.4469, 0.2056



39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717



39.4510, -5.4722, 3.9542

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.4510, 1.9081, 2.1724



39.4510, -2.1333, 5.7124



39.4510, -5.9679, 2.1225



39.4510, -2.0809, -1.7849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717



39.4510, 0.4353, 4.9252



39.4510, -5.9679, 2.1225



39.4510, -4.5867, -0.8483

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.4510, 1.9081, 2.1724



56.0245, -1.3676, 3.0384



39.4474, 2.4187, -1.8823



27.1093, -0.4708, 1.4706



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.4510, 1.9081, 2.1724



51.7889, 3.8126, 2.8843



40.1696, 0.0820, 4.2216



19.2730, 0.7073, 1.0568



20.6484, 35.8296, 9.7106



45.4513, 78.6126, 23.3550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.4510, 1.9081, 2.1724



51.7889, 3.8126, 2.8843



41.1691, -4.2383, 0.1590



19.2730, 0.7073, 1.0568



20.6484, 35.8296, 9.7106



45.4513, 78.6126, 23.3550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

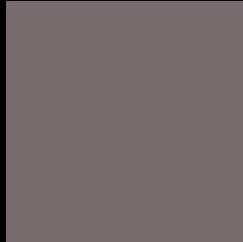
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

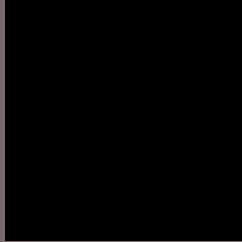
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4501, 1.9092,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717

Protanopia

39.3249, -1.2157, 1.5364

Deuteranopia

39.2771, 2.6804, 1.9809



Tritanopia

39.4195, 3.4415, -0.0453

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717

Protanomaly

39.3068, 0.1088, 1.5380

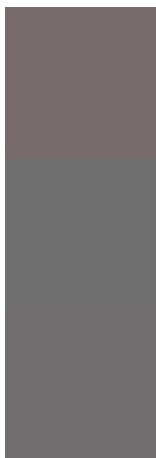
Deuteranomaly

39.2771, 2.6804, 1.9809

Tritanomaly

39.3616, 3.1327, 0.7769

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

39.8459, -0.8111, 2.1610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 107, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 107, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 107, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 107, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 107, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 107, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 107, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 107, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 107, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 107,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.4501, 1.9092, 2.1717 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 107, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
107, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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