

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.4626, -3.1820,
5.0251)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.4626, -3.1820, 5.0251)
contains.

HunterLab(39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(39.3836, -2.8411,
4.9003)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F6E67
RGB	111, 110, 103
RGB Percent	44%, 43%, 40%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5686, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.07, 0.56
HSL	53°, 4%, 42%
HSV	53°, 7%, 44%
XYZ	14.5797, 15.5107, 15.0574
YIQ	109.5010, 2.8430, -1.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

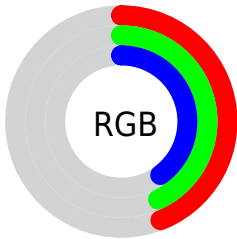
Format	Color
R _Y B	104, 111, 103
Decimal	7302759
CIE Lab	46.33, -0.99, 4.03
CIE LCh	46, 4.154, 103.835
Yxy	15.5114, 0.3229, 0.3436
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285492839 (0xFF6F6E67)
YUV	109.5010, -3.2050, 1.3146
Hunter-Lab	39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003

Details

The HunterLab color **39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **37.3252, -1.1738, -0.9101**, and the grayscale version is **39.3088, -2.0974, 2.1357**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.9669, -4.1609, 6.6517**, and **22.1298, -2.0976, 3.5757** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.7383, -3.6920, 8.3436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.0629, -1.8276, 1.0501**.

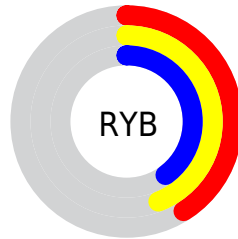
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (43%)

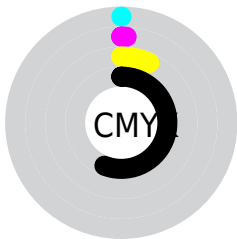
Blue (40%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (40%)

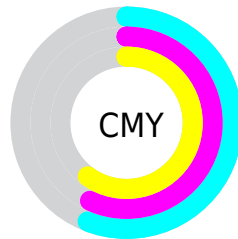


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.3836, -2.8411,
4.9003

■ 39.3836, -2.8411,
4.9003

■ 150.4795, -9.1944,
12.5988

■ 30.2969, -2.2944,
4.1571

■ 59.7895, -4.0430,
6.4526

■ 22.0412, -1.7848,
3.4313

■ 71.0075, -4.6925,
7.2624

■ 14.7115, -1.3158,
2.7172

■ 82.8508, -5.3728,
8.0953

■ 8.3691, -0.9642,
2.4535

■ 95.2879, -6.0825,
8.9511

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.2917, -6.8205,
9.8296

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 121.8385, -7.5857,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.9073, -8.3773,
11.6538

■ 39.3836, -2.8411,
4.9003

■ 39.3836, -2.8411,
4.9003

■ 38.7383, -3.6920,
8.3436

■ 40.0629, -1.8276,
1.0501

■ 38.1247, -4.3749,
11.3702

■ 40.7735, -0.6520,
-3.1982

■ 37.5434, -4.8898,
13.9758

■ 41.5158, 0.6806,
-7.8316

■ 36.9942, -5.2370,
16.1593

■ 42.2894, 2.1652,
-12.8361

■ 36.4766, -5.4189,
17.9240

■ 43.0937, 3.7963,
-18.1967

■ 35.9896, -5.4397,
19.2786

■ 43.9280, 5.5682,
-23.8976

■ 35.5321, -5.3062,
20.2387

■ 44.7918, 7.4747,
-29.9225

■ 35.1023, -5.0286,
20.8280

■ 45.6841, 9.5097,
-36.2552

■ 34.6935, -4.6447,
21.1445

■ 46.6044, 11.6669,
-42.8792

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.3845, -1.2369, 4.8721



39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003



39.3845, -4.2276, 4.2121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.3845, -2.8421, 4.9009



39.3845, -4.3147, 0.0463



39.3845, 0.9181, 1.3140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003



37.3252, -1.1738, -0.9101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.3845, 0.0664, -0.0431



39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003



39.3845, -2.9628, -0.7949

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.3845, -2.8421, 4.9009



39.3845, -5.0685, 1.4321



39.3845, -1.3596, -0.8282



39.3845, 0.9517, 2.8425

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003



39.3845, -4.8473, 3.4220



39.3845, -1.3596, -0.8282



39.3845, 0.7174, 0.8212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.3845, -2.8421, 4.9009



53.1647, -3.1310, 3.9705



37.5248, 0.4905, 2.4096



26.0657, -1.5239, 1.9054



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.3845, -2.8421, 4.9009



52.5226, -4.0529, 7.5418



39.4217, -4.1235, 4.9197



19.6182, -1.5027, 2.7741



37.5040, -4.8699, 23.0245



83.1900, -10.0494, 51.0854

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3252, -1.1738, -0.9101



48.9948, -1.1925, -2.4189



37.2942, 0.0949, -0.9269



18.3341, -0.4616, -0.8513



13.0101, 25.9549, -72.2906



27.7655, 62.8137, -170.3012

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

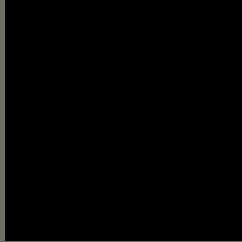
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003.

4.9003.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003

Protanopia

39.2776, -1.8083, 4.8010

Deuteranopia

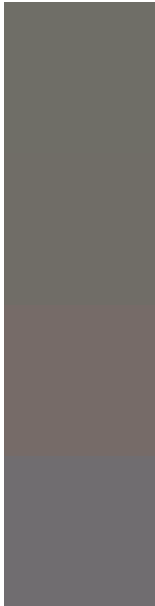
39.3003, 2.4367, 4.5011



Tritanopia

39.3957, 0.7595, -1.0396

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003

Protanomaly

39.1935, -2.1004, 4.7025

Deuteranomaly

39.2000, 0.7399, 4.3591

Tritanomaly

39.4359, -0.7766, 1.2398

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003

Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

Achromatomaly

39.4061, -2.5536, 3.3084

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 110, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 110, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 110, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 110, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 110, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 110, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 110, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 110, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 110, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 110,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.3836, -2.8411, 4.9003 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 110, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
110, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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