

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.4896, -5.1505,
-6.1603)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.4896, -5.1505,
-6.1603) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.5526, -5.0649,
-6.3296)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C7180
RGB	92, 113, 128
RGB Percent	36%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5569, 0.4980
CMYK	0.28, 0.12, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	205°, 16%, 43%
HSV	205°, 28%, 50%
XYZ	14.2150, 15.6441, 22.6925
YIQ	108.4310, -17.3310, 0.2130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

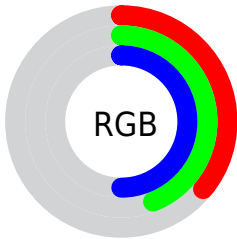
Format	Color
R _Y B	92, 105, 128
Decimal	6058368
CIE Lab	46.50, -4.01, -10.81
CIE LCh	47, 11.532, 249.645
Yxy	15.6447, 0.2705, 0.2977
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284248448 (0xFF5C7180)
YUV	108.4310, 9.6475, -14.4100
Hunter-Lab	39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296

Details

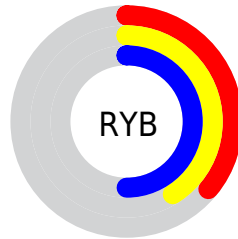
The HunterLab color $39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $39.8464, 2.3549, 9.5279$, and the grayscale version is $38.8587, -2.0734, 2.1113$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60.0717, -6.7013, -6.2486$, and $22.1427, -3.4107, -6.2223$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37.2626, -5.4964, -9.6301$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.9354, -4.3596, -3.1099$.

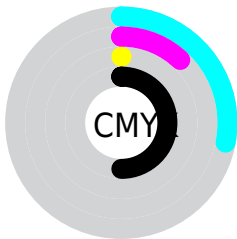
Distribution



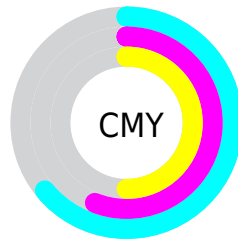
- Red (36%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.5526, -5.0649,
-6.3296

■ 39.5526, -5.0649,
-6.3296

150.7435,
-12.7046, -4.2992

■ 30.4518, -4.3251,
-6.2607

■ 59.9836, -6.6086,
-6.2525

■ 22.1805, -3.6026,
-6.1110

■ 71.2131, -7.4132,
-6.1210

■ 14.8332, -2.8924,
-5.8725

■ 83.0672, -8.2402,
-5.9344

■ 8.4860, -2.5129,
-5.6725

■ 95.5146, -9.0895,
-5.6967

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.5283, -9.9608,
-5.4116

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.0846,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.8540, -5.0820

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.1625,
-11.7687, -4.7104

■ 39.5526, -5.0649,
-6.3296

■ 39.5526, -5.0649,
-6.3296

■ 37.2626, -5.4964,
-9.6301

■ 41.9354, -4.3596,
-3.1099

■ 35.0711, -5.6183,
-13.0131

■ 44.4011, -3.4102,
0.0295

■ 32.9877, -5.3956,
-16.4735

■ 46.9436, -2.2453,
3.0936

■ 31.0213, -4.7930,
-20.0013

■ 49.5569, -0.8897,
6.0878

■ 29.1806, -3.7805,
-23.5800

■ 52.2357, 0.6352,
9.0181

■ 27.4725, -2.3388,
-27.1873

■ 54.9750, 2.3106,
11.8904

■ 25.8801, -0.5393,
-30.8488

■ 57.7705, 4.1203,
14.7106

■ 25.5856, -0.1932,
-31.5627

■ 60.6186, 6.0505,
17.4840

■ 63.5157, 8.0890,
20.2160

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.5534, -8.5314, -3.4421



39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296



39.5534, -0.6585, -6.8106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.5534, -5.0654, -6.3289



39.5534, 6.7460, 3.5019



39.5534, -7.4616, 7.9590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296



39.8464, 2.3549, 9.5279

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5534, -3.5460, 9.4116



39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296



39.5534, 4.7436, 7.0340

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.5534, -5.0654, -6.3289



39.5534, 6.2947, -0.8056



39.5534, 0.9295, 9.0929



39.5534, -9.8715, 4.8994

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296



39.5534, 2.2404, -5.6541



39.5534, 0.9295, 9.0929



39.5534, -6.2851, 8.6350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.5534, -5.0654, -6.3289



58.8954, -4.5334, 0.0145



43.3162, -14.9979, 7.6144



28.2846, -2.2826, -0.2576



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.5534, -5.0654, -6.3289



50.4450, -7.1453, -11.3020



34.8240, 2.9083, -13.2610



21.4378, -1.7051, -0.1320



25.4828, -0.2017, -31.4160

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.6553, 12.3572, -2.4678



45.8943, 21.1479, -4.5485



44.5847, -5.5898, 13.9098



20.9357, 1.0880, 0.3790



22.4723, 40.7074, -2.7101

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

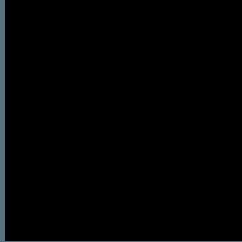
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

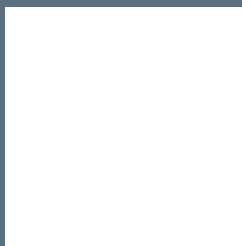
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296.

-6.3296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296

Protanopia

39.4256, -0.0238, -4.8843

Deuteranopia

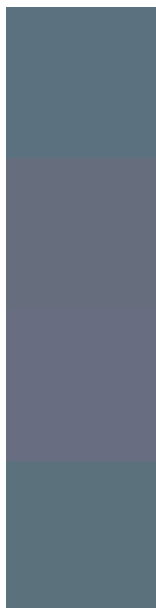
39.3445, 2.7191, -7.0061



Tritanopia

39.6091, -6.6443, -3.7592

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296

Protanomaly

39.3484, -1.6245, -5.5242

Deuteranomaly

39.3260, -0.1002, -7.0816

Tritanomaly

39.6730, -6.2876, -4.6595

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296

Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

Achromatomaly

39.0057, -3.5063, -0.6807

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 113, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 113, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 113, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 113, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 113, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 113, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 113, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 113, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 113, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 113,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.5526, -5.0649, -6.3296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 113, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 113,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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