

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.4966, 3.3145,
-39.6248)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.4966, 3.3145,
-39.6248) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.4966, 3.3145,
-39.6248)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	436EB3
RGB	67, 110, 179
RGB Percent	26%, 43%, 70%
CMY	0.7372, 0.5686, 0.2980
CMYK	0.63, 0.39, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	217°, 46%, 48%
HSV	217°, 63%, 70%
XYZ	16.0273, 15.5998, 44.8142
YIQ	105.0090, -47.7770, 12.3430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

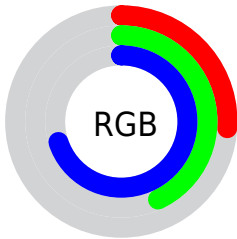
Format	Color
RYB	67, 98, 179
Decimal	4419251
CIELab	46.45, 7.08, -41.11
CIELCh	46, 41.710, 279.766
Yxy	15.6003, 0.2097, 0.2041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282609331 (0xFF436EB3)
YUV	105.0090, 36.4776, -33.3339
Hunter-Lab	39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248

Details

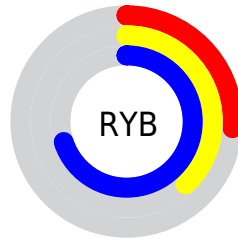
The HunterLab color $[39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336699 . A complement of this color would be $[52.5346, 4.5905, 26.4579]$, and the grayscale version is $[37.4685, -1.9992, 2.0357]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59.8731, 3.1385, -40.8834]$, and $[22.4975, 4.6119, -38.0758]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.8174, 6.4310, -48.4140]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[43.4321, 0.9118, -31.4412]$.

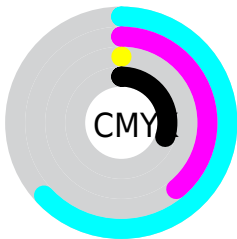
Distribution



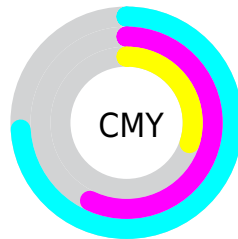
- Red (26%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.4966, 3.3145,
-39.6248

■ 39.4966, 3.3145,
-39.6248

■ 150.6558, 0.2991,
-44.9386

■ 30.4003, 3.3723,
-39.1199

■ 59.9191, 2.9933,
-40.9349

■ 22.1342, 3.3452,
-38.9294

■ 71.1448, 2.7446,
-41.6133

■ 14.7928, 3.2150,
-39.5035

■ 82.9953, 2.4446,
-42.2695

■ 8.4474, 3.1992,
-42.6400

■ 95.4393, 2.0976,
-42.8912

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 108.4497, 1.7070,
-43.4715

0.0000, NaN, -NF

122.0028, 1.2754,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-44.0071

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.0777, 0.8055,
-44.4962

■ 39.4966, 3.3145,
-39.6248

■ 39.4966, 3.3145,
-39.6248

■ 35.8174, 6.4310,
-48.4140

■ 43.4321, 0.9118,
-31.4412

■ 32.4340, 10.3459,
-57.7949

■ 47.5867, -0.8771,
-23.8296

■ 29.3917, 15.0977,
-67.6559

■ 51.9318, -2.1455,
-16.7285

■ 27.3432, 19.0474,
-75.2945

■ 56.4434, -2.9758,
-10.0710

■ 61.1021, -3.4376,
-3.7927

■ 65.8919, -3.5881,
2.1644

■ 70.7997, -3.4745,
7.8506

■ 75.8144, -3.1351,
13.3090

■ 80.9271, -2.6015,
18.5758

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.4973, -12.3164, -36.9874



39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248



39.4973, 19.8576, -28.0850

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.4973, 3.3149, -39.6238



39.4973, 24.8012, 16.7964



39.4973, -27.2954, 11.0870

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248



52.5346, 4.5905, 26.4579

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.4973, -20.1264, 18.8188



39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248



39.4973, 9.2521, 21.0729

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.4973, 3.3149, -39.6238



39.4973, 33.5183, 6.8537



39.4973, -7.2563, 21.6236



39.4973, -28.3605, -3.2145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248



39.4973, 28.5695, -15.8717



39.4973, -7.2563, 21.6236



39.4973, -25.5818, 14.3501

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.4973, 3.3149, -39.6238



77.5396, -4.2331, -10.6988



59.2966, -35.2771, 13.2948



35.6739, -1.8909, -6.1758



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.4973, 3.3149, -39.6238



46.2086, 10.4155, -69.3485



29.8296, 27.4029, -65.9078



29.5757, -1.6610, -0.8618



23.2399, 15.4018, -62.2959



5.3374, 0.2634, -7.2399

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.3726, 41.7575, 1.5822



46.5487, 66.1727, 5.2027



63.9912, -19.2645, 34.1729



29.2532, 1.4474, 1.1546



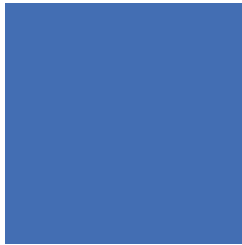
26.6183, 46.7607, 8.0837



4.8429, 8.7366, -0.3045

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

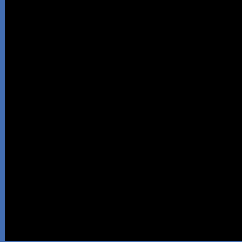
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248

Protanopia

39.4065, 6.9602, -38.1788

Deuteranopia

39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248



Tritanopia

39.4169, -15.9932, -7.7584

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248

Protanomaly

39.3920, 5.6462, -39.0233

Deuteranomaly

39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248

Tritanomaly

39.1570, -9.4642, -18.4595

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248

Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

Achromatomaly

37.9546, -1.8157, -10.7454

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 110, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 110, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 110, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 110, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 110, 179) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 110, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 110, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 110, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 110, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 110,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.4966, 3.3145, -39.6248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 110, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 110,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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