

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.5086, 46.5622,  
-96.1930)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(39.5086, 46.5622,  
-96.1930) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(39.4296, 46.7312,  
-96.5177)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	754FEE
RGB	117, 79, 238
RGB Percent	46%, 31%, 93%
CMY	0.5412, 0.6902, 0.0667
CMYK	0.51, 0.67, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	254°, 82%, 62%
HSV	254°, 67%, 93%
XYZ	25.5647, 15.5469, 82.5424
YIQ	108.4880, -28.3910, 57.5050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

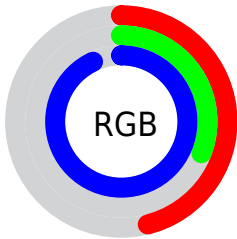
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	117, 79, 238
Decimal	7688174
CIE Lab	46.37, 53.90, -74.82
CIE LCh	46, 92.213, 305.769
Yxy	15.5474, 0.2067, 0.1257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285878254 (0xFF754FEE)
YUV	108.4880, 63.8494, 7.4650
Hunter-Lab	39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177

# Details

The HunterLab color **39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **86.0189, -34.7328, 47.2978**, and the grayscale version is **38.6835, -2.0641, 2.1017**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.3738, 38.1251, -61.7465**, and **22.1202, 42.7537, -102.7957** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.0165, 55.6133, -119.0540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.8197, 37.7524, -75.7747**.

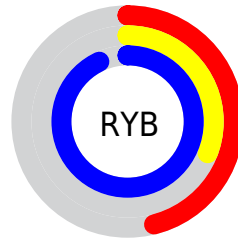
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (31%)

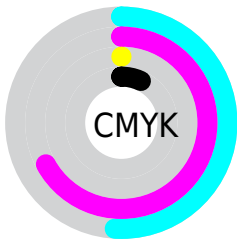
Blue (93%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (93%)

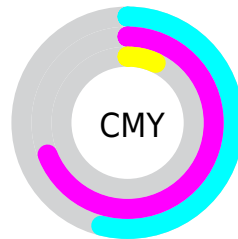


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



39.4296, 46.7312,  
-96.5177

39.4296, 46.7312,  
-96.5177

150.5509, 60.1447,  
-100.7370

30.3388, 44.7500,  
-98.5096

59.8420, 50.4137,  
-95.6091

22.0789, 42.7310,  
-102.7411

71.0631, 52.0936,  
-95.9154

14.7444, 40.8356,  
-111.7016

82.9094, 53.6682,  
-96.4791

8.4009, 40.2012,  
-134.1863

95.3493, 55.1425,  
-97.2033

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

108.3557, 56.5219,  
-98.0260

0.0000, NaN, -NF

121.9051, 57.8119,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-98.9063

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.9764, 59.0179,  
-99.8163

■ 39.4296, 46.7312,  
-96.5177

■ 39.4296, 46.7312,  
-96.5177

■ 34.0165, 55.6133,  
-119.0540

■ 45.8197, 37.7524,  
-75.7747

■ 29.8561, 63.1883,  
-141.1316

■ 52.9559, 29.1807,  
-57.4225

■ 27.1736, 67.6918,  
-158.5627

■ 60.6711, 21.1347,  
-41.2928

■ 26.5324, 68.7030,  
-163.2057

■ 68.8471, 13.5751,  
-26.9997

■ 77.4002, 6.4181,  
-14.1568

■ 86.2703, -0.4216,  
-2.4400

■ 95.4130, -7.0173,  
8.4052

■ 99.4752, -8.2187,  
12.9399

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.4302, 5.0537, -134.3824



39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177



39.4302, 82.3402, -35.2944

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.4302, 46.7324, -96.5162



39.4302, 30.3078, 27.6011



39.4302, -49.8786, -5.0185

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177



86.0189, -34.7328, 47.2978

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.4302, -47.2893, 20.6722



39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177



39.4302, -8.7887, 27.6011

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.4302, 46.7324, -96.5162



39.4302, 70.7277, 24.4419



39.4302, -34.8127, 27.0611



39.4302, -43.8551, -58.5135



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177



39.4302, 92.6956, -2.9971



39.4302, -34.8127, 27.0611



39.4302, -49.9484, 6.6784

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.4302, 46.7324, -96.5162



80.6435, 9.4283, -19.6995



70.4005, -22.9965, -25.1457



36.1001, 5.3702, -10.9193

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.4302, 46.7324, -96.5162



35.0477, 63.2582, -137.3437



48.4224, 65.9933, -68.0506



39.2570, 0.6460, -2.5638



19.9421, 51.4206, -120.9815



6.1255, 15.1672, -32.2980



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.8575, 71.2194, -27.4727



53.0052, 87.7218, -31.2888



81.1220, -54.1078, 43.6334



39.9538, 2.8292, -0.2990



34.6786, 64.8237, -19.7271

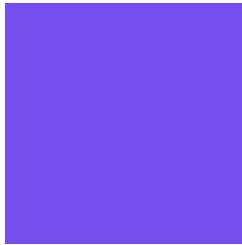


10.0787, 18.9681, -6.7280



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

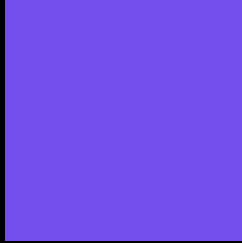
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

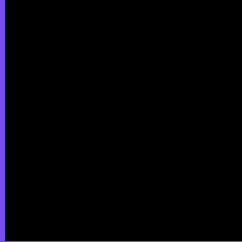
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177.

-96.5177.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177

### Protanopia

39.5421, 14.1931, -80.0630

### Deuteranopia

39.2920, 1.2899, -51.8960



## Tritanopia

39.3834, -8.8740, -4.5947

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177

## Protanomaly

38.0536, 23.3876, -90.5022

## Deuteranomaly

37.7245, 14.7142, -71.3016

## Tritanomaly

38.2783, 8.8474, -31.3957

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177

## Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

## Achromatomaly

37.8093, 12.8955, -25.1046

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 79, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 79, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 79, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 79, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 79, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 79, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 79, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 79, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 79, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 79,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.4296, 46.7312, -96.5177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 79, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 79,  
238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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