

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.5378, 39.1935,  
6.9013)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(39.5378, 39.1935,  
6.9013) contains.

<b>HunterLab(39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(39.5351, 39.0563,  
6.9641)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B64964
RGB	182, 73, 100
RGB Percent	71%, 29%, 39%
CMY	0.2863, 0.7137, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.45, 0.29
HSL	345°, 43%, 50%
HSV	345°, 60%, 71%
XYZ	23.9742, 15.6302, 13.8099
YIQ	108.6690, 56.2970, 31.5050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

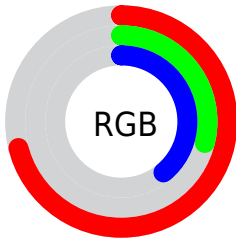
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	182, 73, 100
Decimal	11946340
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.49, 46.58, 7.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 47.139, 8.846
Yxy	15.6311, 0.4488, 0.2926
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290136420 (0xFFB64964)
YUV	108.6690, -4.2738, 64.3113
Hunter-Lab	39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641

# Details

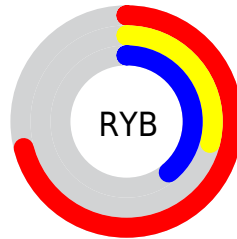
The HunterLab color **39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **61.0240, -32.5157, 6.9018**, and the grayscale version is **38.9813, -2.0799, 2.1179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.8806, 42.2357, 8.6482**, and **22.2270, 35.6311, 5.0104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.5184, 45.2920, 8.8955**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.2093, 32.0797, 5.4684**.

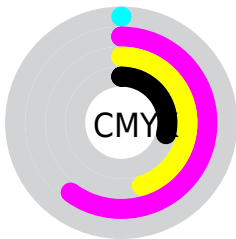
# Distribution



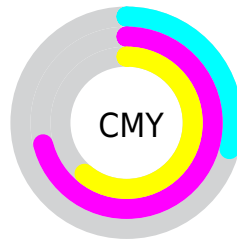
- Red (71%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



39.5351, 39.0563,  
6.9641

39.5351, 39.0563,  
6.9641

150.7166, 50.2563,  
16.0319

30.4360, 37.2856,  
6.0102

59.9638, 42.2472,  
8.8865

22.1663, 35.4287,  
5.0481

71.1921, 43.6744,  
9.8622

14.8208, 33.5725,  
4.0614

83.0452, 44.9964,  
10.8512

8.4742, 32.5028,  
4.0070

95.4915, 46.2201,  
11.8549

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.5042, 47.3521,  
12.8743

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.0595, 48.3985,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.9100

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.1365, 49.3649,  
14.9625

■ 39.5351, 39.0563,  
6.9641

■ 39.5351, 39.0563,  
6.9641

■ 36.5184, 45.2920,  
8.8955

■ 43.2093, 32.0797,  
5.4684

■ 34.2342, 50.2671,  
11.1736

■ 47.4464, 24.7894,  
4.4146

■ 32.7199, 53.4940,  
13.6196

■ 52.1596, 17.4529,  
3.7675

■ 31.8446, 55.0992,  
15.9213

■ 57.2730, 10.2185,  
3.4725

■ 31.8357, 55.1165,  
15.9441

■ 62.7237, 3.1526,  
3.4735

■ 68.4611, -3.7264,  
3.7200

■ 74.4450, -10.4245,  
4.1696

■ 80.6431, -16.9597,  
4.7875

■ 87.0296, -23.3536,  
5.5461

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.5362, 36.3867, -11.9481



39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641



39.5362, 29.2270, 17.9263

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.5362, 39.0534, 6.9650



39.5362, -21.8655, 20.3634



39.5362, -14.0357, -43.5770

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641



61.0240, -32.5157, 6.9018

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5362, -25.9724, -25.1562



39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641



39.5362, -29.8877, 12.4340

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.5362, 39.0534, 6.9650



39.5362, -7.3829, 23.0066



39.5362, -31.2404, -3.3541



39.5362, 3.4511, -47.3271



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641



39.5362, 17.8082, 21.4273



39.5362, -31.2404, -3.3541



39.5362, -18.7321, -38.5942

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.5362, 39.0534, 6.9650



78.2495, 12.2376, 4.6511



38.8424, 43.6796, -42.8541



35.8001, 7.0679, 2.2106



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.5362, 39.0534, 6.9650



48.0327, 63.4418, 12.9569



44.2600, 23.6754, 19.2419



30.0794, 1.3238, 1.6613



26.7702, 46.3803, 13.1474



5.1265, 9.0762, 1.0106



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.5362, 39.0534, 6.9650



48.0327, 63.4418, 12.9569



53.0605, -15.9137, -17.0346



30.0794, 1.3238, 1.6613



26.7702, 46.3803, 13.1474

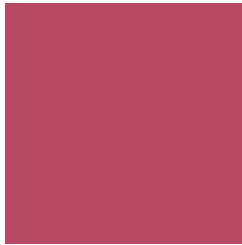


5.1265, 9.0762, 1.0106



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

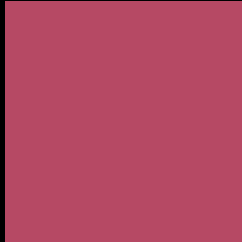
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

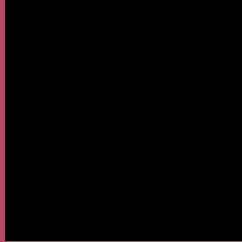
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.5351, 39.0563,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641

### Protanopia

39.8087, -0.3546, -2.4178

### Deuteranopia

39.8166, 2.3889, 8.4552



## Tritanopia

39.6746, 35.0969, 13.1324

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641

## Protanomaly

38.6987, 12.5758, 0.1305

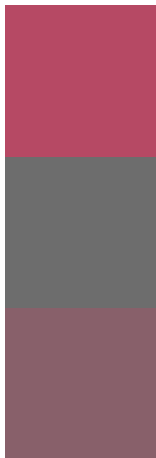
## Deuteranomaly

39.0519, 15.2255, 7.1600

## Tritanomaly

39.6408, 36.1941, 10.9241

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641

## Achromatopsia

39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247

## Achromatomaly

38.2630, 12.0556, 2.6596

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 73, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 73, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 73, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 73, 100) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 73, 100) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 73, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 73, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 73, 100); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 73, 100); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 73, 100) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.5351, 39.0563, 6.9641 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 73, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182, 73,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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