

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.5477, 26.5013,  
23.8126)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(39.5477, 26.5013,  
23.8126) contains.

<b>HunterLab(39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(39.5237, 26.5833,  
23.8269)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B05414
RGB	176, 84, 20
RGB Percent	69%, 33%, 8%
CMY	0.3098, 0.6706, 0.9216
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.89, 0.31
HSL	25°, 80%, 38%
HSV	25°, 89%, 69%
XYZ	21.2010, 15.6212, 2.5596
YIQ	104.2120, 75.3760, -0.4000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

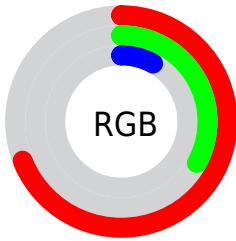
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	176, 129, 20
Decimal	11555860
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.47, 33.95, 50.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 60.783, 56.048
Yxy	15.6221, 0.5383, 0.3967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289745940 (0xFFB05414)
YUV	104.2120, -41.5165, 62.9581
Hunter-Lab	39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269

# Details

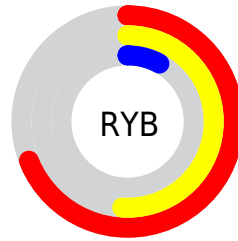
The HunterLab color **39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. A complement of this color would be **38.5626, -3.0573, -39.4426**, and the grayscale version is **37.4197, -1.9966, 2.0331**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.8226, 28.7660, 31.4578**, and **22.3248, 24.3938, 14.1835** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.5276, 31.0809, 23.5594**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.7629, 22.1629, 23.5663**.

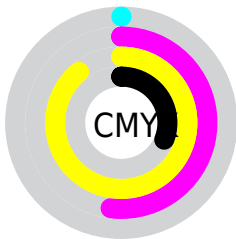
# Distribution



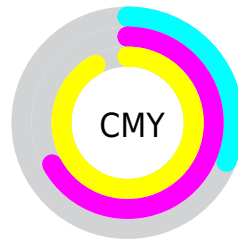
- Red (69%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (8%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (8%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.5237, 26.5833,  
23.8269

■ 39.5237, 26.5833,  
23.8269

150.6988, 33.6511,  
54.1300

■ 30.4255, 25.2797,  
19.5993

■ 59.9507, 28.8069,  
31.5599

■ 22.1569, 23.8439,  
15.5098

■ 71.1783, 29.7545,  
35.1352

■ 14.8126, 22.2855,  
10.3688

■ 83.0306, 30.6047,  
38.5593

■ 8.4664, 21.0760,  
5.9265

■ 95.4763, 31.3660,  
41.8571

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.4883, 32.0454,  
45.0483


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 122.0429, 32.6493,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


48.1492


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 136.1193, 33.1830,  
51.1728


 39.5237, 26.5833,  
23.8269


 39.5237, 26.5833,  
23.8269


 37.5276, 31.0809,  
23.5594


 41.7629, 22.1629,  
23.5663

 37.2719, 31.6835,  
23.5215

 44.2299, 17.9470,  
22.6892

 46.9068, 13.9900,  
21.2246

 49.7742, 10.3205,  
19.2220

 52.8139, 6.9462,  
16.7376

■ 56.0090, 3.8612,  
13.8274

■ 59.3446, 1.0514,  
10.5433

■ 62.8071, -1.5018,  
6.9315

■ 66.3848, -3.8189,  
3.0320

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.5248, 47.5169, 16.8078



39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269



39.5248, 1.0671, 25.5373

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.5248, 26.5803, 23.8274



39.5248, -37.9762, 5.0139



39.5248, 19.8708, -59.6559

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269



38.5626, -3.0573, -39.4426

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5248, -5.1919, -69.7529



39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269



39.5248, -35.1930, -21.9057

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.5248, 26.5803, 23.8274



39.5248, -33.1652, 19.4716



39.5248, -24.4086, -53.0687



39.5248, 43.0481, -30.3745



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269



39.5248, -13.8971, 25.2209



39.5248, -24.4086, -53.0687



39.5248, 11.2416, -65.9423

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.5248, 26.5803, 23.8274



75.9419, 4.7417, 18.1324



33.0700, 56.3907, -6.9636



34.6755, 2.8221, 9.0825



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.5248, 26.5803, 23.8274



49.7739, 43.7563, 31.4365



58.7885, -9.7540, 35.3869



30.0979, -0.6408, 3.4602



32.0972, 26.7026, 20.2456



6.6353, 2.5636, 4.1335



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5626, -3.0573, -39.4426



48.0706, 1.0003, -62.2436



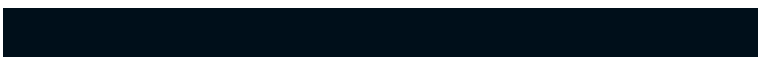
21.2629, 36.1936, -100.7956



30.0585, -2.4556, -0.2722



31.0652, -0.2079, -38.3800



6.4427, -1.5147, -4.7829



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

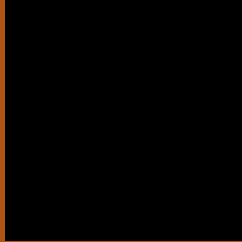
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.5237, 26.5833,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269

### Protanopia

39.7593, -5.2002, 22.8622

### Deuteranopia

39.5962, 2.2342, 24.4381



## Tritanopia

39.4384, 33.6550, 12.2815

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269

## Protanomaly

39.1185, 6.0123, 22.9002

## Deuteranomaly

39.1625, 11.0010, 24.0200

## Tritanomaly

39.2700, 30.5611, 18.0674

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269

## Achromatopsia

37.2064, -1.9852, 2.0215

## Achromatomaly

37.1164, 5.6608, 12.9010

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 84, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 84, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 84, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 84, 20) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 84, 20) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 84, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 84, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 84, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 84, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 84,  
20) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.5237, 26.5833, 23.8269 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 84, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 84,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor