

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.5488, 2.0142,
10.5722)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.5488, 2.0142,
10.5722) contains.

HunterLab(39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(39.4992, 2.3574,
10.5221)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806A58
RGB	128, 106, 88
RGB Percent	50%, 42%, 35%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5843, 0.6549
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.31, 0.50
HSL	27°, 19%, 42%
HSV	27°, 31%, 50%
XYZ	15.8176, 15.6019, 11.4103
YIQ	110.5260, 18.8900, -0.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

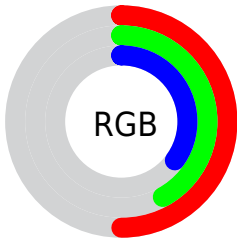
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 121, 88
Decimal	8415832
CIE Lab	46.45, 5.85, 13.38
CIE LCh	46, 14.601, 66.376
Yxy	15.6026, 0.3693, 0.3643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286605912 (0xFF806A58)
YUV	110.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247
Hunter-Lab	39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221

Details

The HunterLab color $[39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[38.4508, -4.6338, -7.8783]$, and the grayscale version is $[39.7254, -2.1196, 2.1584]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59.8103, 1.8779, 13.0521]$, and $[22.1693, 2.4585, 7.8454]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[37.4391, 4.2692, 12.5457]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41.6469, 0.6286, 8.2187]$.

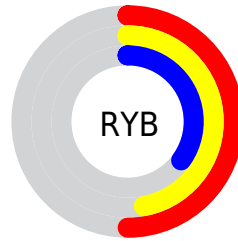
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (42%)

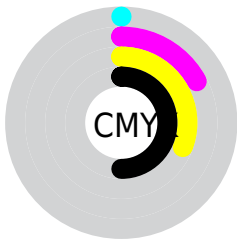
Blue (35%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (35%)

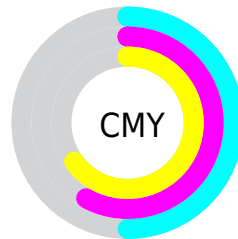


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.4992, 2.3574,
10.5221

■ 39.4992, 2.3574,
10.5221

150.6603, -1.1581,
22.3080

■ 30.4029, 2.4856,
9.1403

■ 59.9224, 1.9039,
13.1872

■ 22.1365, 2.5370,
7.6960

■ 71.1483, 1.5955,
14.4937

■ 14.7948, 2.4935,
6.1489

■ 82.9990, 1.2387,
15.7928

■ 8.4493, 2.5662,
5.9145

■ 95.4432, 0.8375,
17.0894

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.4537, 0.3948,
18.3869

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.0070, -0.0868,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

19.6879

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.0820, -0.6050,
20.9944

■ 39.4992, 2.3574,
10.5221

■ 39.4992, 2.3574,
10.5221

■ 37.4391, 4.2692,
12.5457

■ 41.6469, 0.6286,
8.2187

■ 35.4722, 6.3772,
14.2552

■ 43.8721, -0.9245,
5.6641

■ 33.6083, 8.6845,
15.6171

■ 46.1692, -2.3159,
2.8859

■ 31.8569, 11.1888,
16.5989

■ 48.5321, -3.5585,
-0.0918

■ 30.2279, 13.8769,
17.1741

■ 50.9556, -4.6649,
-3.2481

■ 28.7308, 16.7208,
17.3305

■ 53.4352, -5.6470,
-6.5647

■ 27.5246, 19.2480,
17.2975

■ 55.9667, -6.5157,
-10.0261

■ 58.5464, -7.2814,
-13.6186

■ 61.1711, -7.9531,
-17.3303

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.5001, 7.0596, 7.8211



39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221



39.5001, -3.3136, 11.1328

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.5001, 2.3560, 10.5227



39.5001, -12.3738, 0.9806



39.5001, 4.5683, -7.1474

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221



38.4508, -4.6338, -7.8783

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5001, -0.8913, -9.6114



39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221



39.5001, -10.5121, -4.5106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.5001, 2.3560, 10.5227



39.5001, -11.6128, 6.0854



39.5001, -6.3855, -8.5842



39.5001, 8.3864, -2.2370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221



39.5001, -6.8387, 10.3606



39.5001, -6.3855, -8.5842



39.5001, 2.8528, -8.3186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.5001, 2.3560, 10.5227



58.8287, -1.6207, 6.7857



35.6295, 13.8310, -2.3515



28.2822, -0.6676, 3.5010



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.5001, 2.3560, 10.5227



50.5936, 4.7736, 15.7791



44.9618, -6.7280, 15.4125



21.5364, -0.6008, 2.4679



27.4133, 19.1548, 17.2273

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.4508, -4.6338, -7.8783



48.9203, -6.3300, -13.5443



33.0844, 4.5644, -16.1320



21.3846, -1.6181, -0.1963

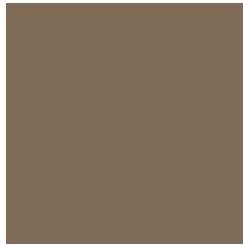


24.3726, 1.7366, -34.2124

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

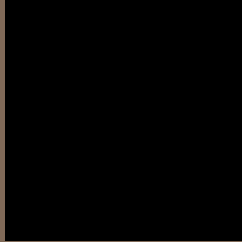
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.4992, 2.3574,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221

Protanopia

39.5878, -2.7376, 9.8590

Deuteranopia

39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221



Tritanopia

39.5898, 7.7253, 2.0078

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221

Protanomaly

39.6529, -1.1624, 10.2819

Deuteranomaly

39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221

Tritanomaly

39.5294, 5.8029, 5.2128

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

39.6213, -0.6204, 5.2016

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 106, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 106, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 106, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 106, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 106, 88) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 106, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 106, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 106, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 106, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 106,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.4992, 2.3574, 10.5221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 106, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
106, 88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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