

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.5923, -2.3821,
-1.1524)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.5923, -2.3821,
-1.1524) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.6750, -2.4029,
-1.2077)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A6F76
RGB	106, 111, 118
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.5843, 0.5647, 0.5373
CMYK	0.10, 0.06, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	215°, 5%, 44%
HSV	215°, 10%, 46%
XYZ	14.8983, 15.7411, 19.3926
YIQ	110.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

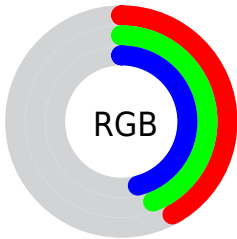
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 110, 118
Decimal	6975350
CIE Lab	46.63, -0.38, -4.54
CIE LCh	47, 4.554, 265.201
Yxy	15.7417, 0.2978, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285165430 (0xFF6A6F76)
YUV	110.3030, 3.7946, -3.7737
Hunter-Lab	39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077

Details

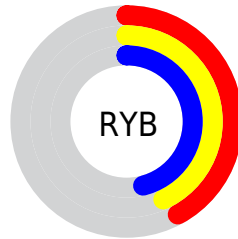
The HunterLab color $[39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[40.8685, -1.7335, 5.3702]$, and the grayscale version is $[39.5915, -2.1125, 2.1511]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[60.2202, -3.8420, -0.4026]$, and $[22.1969, -1.1562, -1.8199]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[36.9098, -2.3548, -4.8300]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42.5151, -2.2747, 2.2553]$.

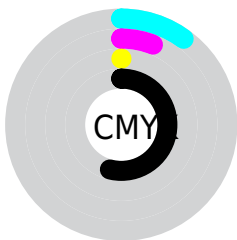
Distribution



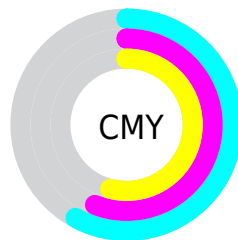
- Red (42%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.6750, -2.4029,
-1.2077

■ 39.6750, -2.4029,
-1.2077

■ 150.9347, -8.5062,
3.0875

■ 30.5640, -1.8932,
-1.4469

■ 60.1242, -3.5383,
-0.5557

■ 22.2815, -1.4247,
-1.6191

■ 71.3620, -4.1578,
-0.1552

■ 14.9216, -1.0021,
-1.7117

■ 83.2240, -4.8096,
0.2897

■ 8.5697, -0.6514,
-1.7852

■ 95.6789, -5.4922,
0.7759

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.6997, -6.2042,
1.3008

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 122.2628, -6.9446,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.8622

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.3473, -7.7122,
2.4584

■ 39.6750, -2.4029,
-1.2077

■ 39.6750, -2.4029,
-1.2077

■ 36.9098, -2.3548,
-4.8300

■ 42.5151, -2.2747,
2.2553

■ 34.2251, -2.0984,
-8.6396

■ 45.4208, -1.9923,
5.5798

■ 31.6312, -1.5991,
-12.6640

■ 48.3872, -1.5773,
8.7865

■ 29.1398, -0.8155,
-16.9322

■ 51.4094, -1.0465,
11.8927

■ 26.7647, 0.2995,
-21.4711

■ 54.4833, -0.4142,
14.9132

■ 24.5220, 1.7970,
-26.2994

■ 57.6052, 0.3077,
17.8604

■ 22.4304, 3.7261,
-31.4188

■ 60.7721, 1.1091,
20.7451

■ 20.5103, 6.1235,
-36.8012

■ 63.9811, 1.9817,
23.5764

■ 18.7617, 8.8011,
-42.4495

■ 67.2299, 2.9181,
26.3623

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.6758, -4.0445, -0.5945



39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077



39.6758, -0.6582, -0.8857

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.6758, -2.4037, -1.2070



39.6758, 1.0104, 3.5148



39.6758, -4.8778, 3.9648

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077



40.8685, -1.7335, 5.3702

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.6758, -3.5592, 4.9812



39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077



39.6758, -0.1563, 4.7295

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.6758, -2.4037, -1.2070



39.6758, 1.3327, 1.8876



39.6758, -1.8338, 5.2550



39.6758, -5.4569, 2.4298

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077



39.6758, 0.3271, -0.1921



39.6758, -1.8338, 5.2550



39.6758, -4.5075, 4.3758

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.6758, -2.4037, -1.2070



55.2721, -3.0882, 1.6766



41.4838, -6.3669, 3.2060



26.3745, -1.4879, 0.6494



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.6758, -2.4037, -1.2070



51.8210, -3.1945, -2.6047



38.3794, 0.1058, -2.8271



19.5383, -1.1712, -0.3931



19.4531, 9.2883, -44.3655



41.0227, 24.8341, -104.8846

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1250, 2.2234, 1.3564



50.9527, 4.2126, 1.5577



42.1824, -4.2375, 6.7522



19.2972, 0.8377, 0.7115



20.9905, 37.0862, 4.7314



46.1609, 81.2240, 12.9897

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

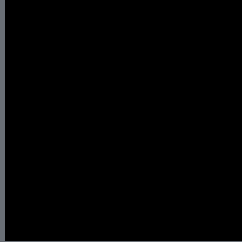
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

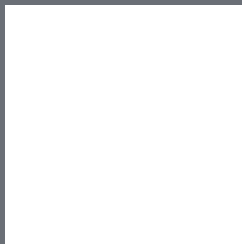
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077.

-1.2077.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077

Protanopia

39.6878, -1.0126, -0.7042

Deuteranopia

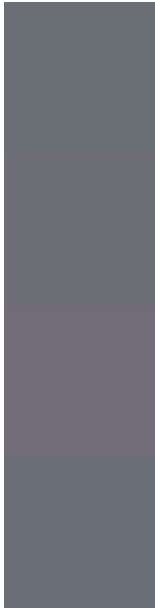
39.5338, 2.7128, -1.7664



Tritanopia

39.7355, -2.0712, -2.0653

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077

Protanomaly

39.6074, -1.2904, -0.8097

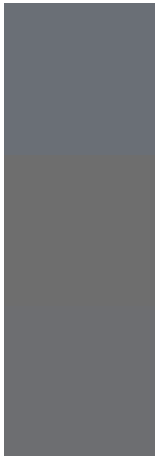
Deuteranomaly

39.4560, 1.0853, -1.8945

Tritanomaly

39.7051, -2.2378, -1.6346

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077

Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

Achromatomaly

39.4909, -1.9269, 0.8450

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 111, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 111, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 111, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 111, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

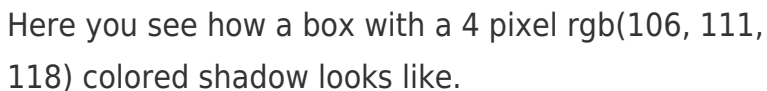
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 111, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 111, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 111, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 111, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.6750, -2.4029, -1.2077 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 111, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
111, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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