

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.6106, -0.3139,
2.3934)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.6106, -0.3139, 2.3934)
contains.

HunterLab(39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

HunterLab(39.6332, -0.2097,
2.3498)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	736D6E
RGB	115, 109, 110
RGB Percent	45%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.5490, 0.5725, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.04, 0.55
HSL	350°, 3%, 44%
HSV	350°, 5%, 45%
XYZ	15.3533, 15.7079, 16.9746
YIQ	110.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

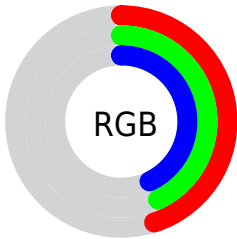
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 109, 110
Decimal	7564654
CIE Lab	46.59, 2.53, 0.27
CIE LCh	47, 2.540, 6.149
Yxy	15.7086, 0.3196, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285754734 (0xFF736D6E)
YUV	110.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887
Hunter-Lab	39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498

Details

The HunterLab color $39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40.8999, -4.0358, 2.0528$, and the grayscale version is $39.8362, -2.1256, 2.1644$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $59.9714, -0.6899, 3.1480$, and $22.3549, 0.2805, 1.3075$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36.3533, 3.7095, 2.6302$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.0641, -4.0163, 2.1815$.

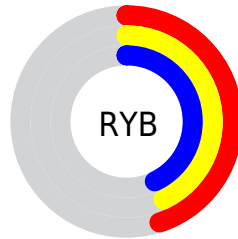
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (43%)

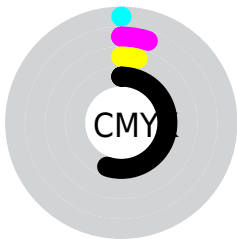
Blue (43%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (43%)

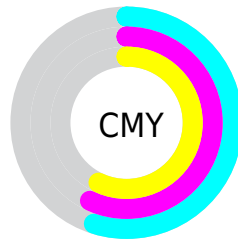


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.6332, -0.2097,
2.3498

■ 39.6332, -0.2097,
2.3498

■ 150.8695, -5.0982,
8.5141

■ 30.5257, 0.1200,
1.8385

■ 60.0762, -1.0240,
3.4920

■ 22.2470, 0.3911,
1.3700

■ 71.3112, -1.4974,
4.1167

■ 14.8914, 0.5920,
0.9496

■ 83.1705, -2.0107,
4.7746

■ 8.5413, 0.8323,
0.5970

■ 95.6229, -2.5613,
5.4642

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.6412, -3.1471,
6.1842

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 122.2020, -3.7662,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.2843, -4.4170,
7.7101

■ 39.6332, -0.2097,
2.3498

■ 39.6332, -0.2097,
2.3498

■ 36.3533, 3.7095,
2.6302

■ 43.0641, -4.0163,
2.1815

■ 33.2464, 7.7459,
3.0406

■ 46.6239, -7.7167,
2.1060

■ 30.3439, 11.8831,
3.6025

■ 50.2974, -11.3247,
2.1096

■ 27.6832, 16.0756,
4.3351

■ 54.0720, -14.8534,
2.1800

■ 25.3086, 20.2275,
5.2496

■ 57.9370, -18.3154,
2.3073

■ 23.2700, 24.1721,
6.3387

■ 61.8840, -21.7219,
2.4835

■ 21.6173, 27.6641,
7.5640

■ 65.9057, -25.0828,
2.7018

■ 20.3897, 30.4110,
8.8464

■ 69.9961, -28.4066,
2.9567

■ 19.5682, 32.2734,
10.0502

■ 74.1500, -31.7005,
3.2437

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.6341, -0.3647, 1.4198



39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498



39.6341, -0.5715, 3.2085

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.6341, -0.2107, 2.3504



39.6341, -3.2311, 3.5888



39.6341, -2.8820, 0.4690

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498



40.8999, -4.0358, 2.0528

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.6341, -3.6390, 1.0767



39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498



39.6341, -3.8392, 2.8811

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.6341, -0.2107, 2.3504



39.6341, -2.3202, 3.9121



39.6341, -3.9877, 1.9634



39.6341, -1.9132, 0.3186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498



39.6341, -1.0533, 3.6288



39.6341, -3.9877, 1.9634



39.6341, -3.1694, 0.6273

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.6341, -0.2107, 2.3504



54.4683, -1.9088, 3.0589



39.6903, 0.2643, 0.2321



26.6387, -0.9714, 1.4922



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.6341, -0.2107, 2.3504



52.6141, 0.2056, 3.1738



40.1478, -1.2756, 3.3491



19.7141, 0.1123, 1.1931



20.5394, 35.4266, 11.3163



45.2435, 77.8437, 26.4223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.6341, -0.2107, 2.3504



52.6141, 0.2056, 3.1738



40.3730, -2.9769, 1.0058



19.7141, 0.1123, 1.1931



20.5394, 35.4266, 11.3163



45.2435, 77.8437, 26.4223

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

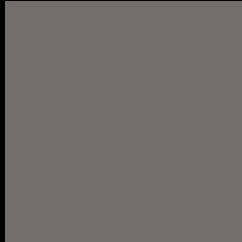
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

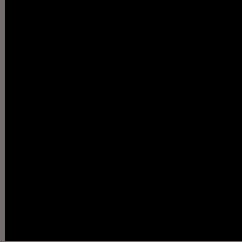
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.6332, -0.2097,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498

Protanopia

39.6515, -1.5379, 2.3480

Deuteranopia

39.6310, 2.5185, 2.3950



Tritanopia

39.6221, 1.4693, -0.2842

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498

Protanomaly

39.7346, -1.2503, 2.4504

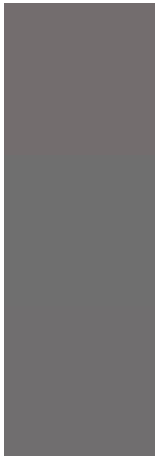
Deuteranomaly

39.7150, 1.4437, 2.4747

Tritanomaly

39.5639, 1.1558, 0.5424

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

39.6791, -1.3870, 1.9541

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 109, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 109, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 109, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 109, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

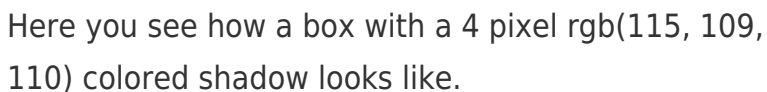
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 109, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 109, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 109, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 109, 110); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 109, 110); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 109, 110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.6332, -0.2097, 2.3498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 109, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
109, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor