

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.6443, -3.4580,
1.0871)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.6443, -3.4580, 1.0871)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.5289, -3.2061,
0.8685)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A6F71
RGB	106, 111, 113
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.5843, 0.5647, 0.5569
CMYK	0.06, 0.02, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	197°, 3%, 43%
HSV	197°, 6%, 44%
XYZ	14.6090, 15.6253, 17.8688
YIQ	109.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

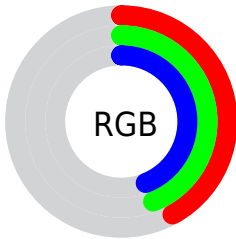
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 109, 113
Decimal	6975345
CIE _{Lab}	46.48, -1.47, -1.78
CIE _{LCh}	46, 2.308, 230.287
Yxy	15.6260, 0.3037, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285165425 (0xFF6A6F71)
YUV	109.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738
Hunter-Lab	39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685

Details

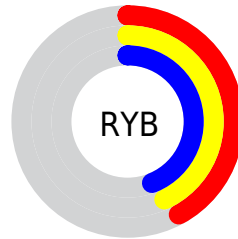
The HunterLab color $39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $39.0850, -0.9252, 3.3827$, and the grayscale version is $39.3814, -2.1013, 2.1397$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60.0659, -4.6903, 1.7927$, and $22.0601, -1.9078, 0.1189$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37.7986, -4.7183, -1.2972$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.3295, -1.4940, 3.0286$.

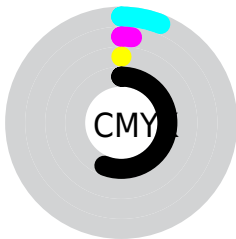
Distribution



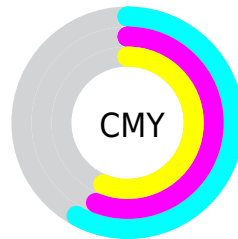
- Red (42%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.5289, -3.2061,
0.8685

■ 39.5289, -3.2061,
0.8685

■ 150.7065, -9.7665,
6.2191

■ 30.4301, -2.6284,
0.4773

■ 59.9564, -4.4628,
1.7958

■ 22.1610, -2.0847,
0.1405

■ 71.1843, -5.1373,
2.3226

■ 14.8162, -1.5773,
-0.1323

■ 83.0369, -5.8413,
2.8878

■ 8.4698, -1.2110,
-0.4078

■ 95.4829, -6.5735,
3.4890

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.4952, -7.3329,
4.1243

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 122.0501, -8.1188,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.1268, -8.9303,
5.4907

■ 39.5289, -3.2061,
0.8685

■ 39.5289, -3.2061,
0.8685

■ 37.7986, -4.7183,
-1.2972

■ 41.3295, -1.4940,
3.0286

■ 36.1408, -6.0060,
-3.4654

■ 43.1936, 0.3998,
5.1776

■ 34.5610, -7.0466,
-5.6286

■ 45.1178, 2.4559,
7.3139

■ 33.0639, -7.8166,
-7.7782

■ 47.0982, 4.6575,
9.4360

■ 31.6538, -8.2932,
-9.9034

■ 49.1313, 6.9894,
11.5435

■ 30.3345, -8.4566,
-11.9920

■ 51.2137, 9.4386,
13.6361

■ 29.1086, -8.2928,
-14.0304

■ 53.3424, 11.9934,
15.7143

■ 27.9771, -7.7964,
-16.0061

■ 55.5146, 14.6436,
17.7786

■ 26.9266, -7.0173,
-17.9313

■ 57.7277, 17.3802,
19.8300

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.5297, -3.7156, 1.5788



39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685



39.5297, -2.4018, 0.5007

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.5297, -3.2069, 0.8691



39.5297, -0.3975, 1.8740



39.5297, -2.7073, 3.6594

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685



39.0850, -0.9252, 3.3827

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5297, -1.8200, 3.7344



39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685



39.5297, -0.4811, 2.7162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.5297, -3.2069, 0.8691



39.5297, -0.7763, 1.0893



39.5297, -1.0036, 3.3927



39.5297, -3.4289, 3.1854

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685



39.5297, -1.8030, 0.5037



39.5297, -1.0036, 3.3927



39.5297, -2.4187, 3.7317

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.5297, -3.2069, 0.8691



53.8834, -3.3733, 2.3611



39.9463, -4.8663, 3.4785



25.9314, -1.6043, 1.1582



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.5297, -3.2069, 0.8691



52.6627, -4.5047, 0.8756



38.5748, -1.6284, -0.2717



19.2912, -1.6507, 0.3200



28.1966, -7.0554, -20.0128



61.7092, -13.9406, -47.0374

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.6870, 0.7399, 0.8024



51.3580, 1.6182, 0.7753



40.0328, -2.5096, 4.4288



18.8128, 0.5944, 0.2832



21.5602, 40.0118, -10.0160



47.9604, 88.7308, -20.1493

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

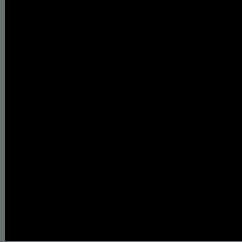
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

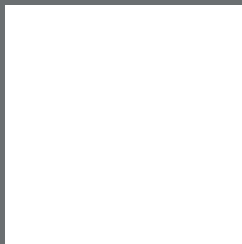
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.5289, -3.2061,

0.8685.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685

Protanopia

39.3531, -1.0621, 1.1353

Deuteranopia

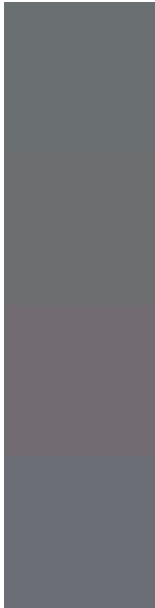
39.5629, 2.5148, 0.5650



Tritanopia

39.5089, -1.5108, -1.8721

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685

Protanomaly

39.4625, -2.0822, 1.2490

Deuteranomaly

39.3922, 0.5713, 0.3224

Tritanomaly

39.4487, -1.8401, -1.0184

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685

Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

Achromatomaly

39.4345, -2.2361, 1.6490

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 111, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 111, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 111, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 111, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 111, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 111, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 111, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 111, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.5289, -3.2061, 0.8685 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 111, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
111, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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