

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.7382, -2.8757,  
-21.8321)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(39.7382, -2.8757,  
-21.8321) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(39.6400, -2.7162,  
-22.0041)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4C719B
RGB	76, 113, 155
RGB Percent	30%, 44%, 61%
CMY	0.7019, 0.5569, 0.3922
CMYK	0.51, 0.27, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	212°, 34%, 45%
HSV	212°, 51%, 61%
XYZ	14.8020, 15.7133, 33.2632
YIQ	106.7250, -35.5340, 5.2180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

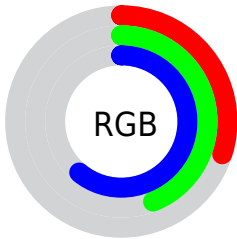
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	76, 101, 155
Decimal	5009819
CIE Lab	46.60, -0.80, -26.77
CIE LCh	47, 26.786, 268.281
Yxy	15.7139, 0.2321, 0.2464
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283199899 (0xFF4C719B)
YUV	106.7250, 23.7996, -26.9458
Hunter-Lab	39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041

# Details

The HunterLab color **39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **45.2194, 4.9503, 18.9847**, and the grayscale version is **38.1625, -2.0363, 2.0734**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.1918, -4.0891, -23.0409**, and **22.1555, -1.4017, -21.4203** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.6027, -1.4488, -27.7029**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.8371, -3.5120, -16.5868**.

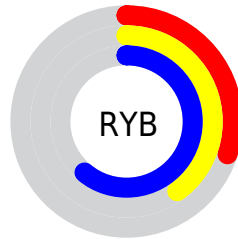
# Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (44%)

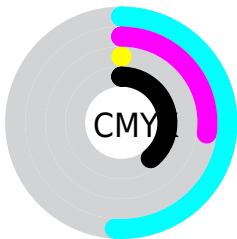
Blue (61%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (61%)

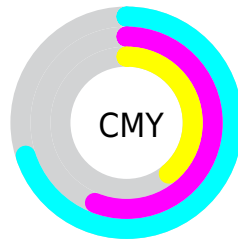


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.6400, -2.7162,  
-22.0041

■ 39.6400, -2.7162,  
-22.0041

■ 150.8799, -8.9955,  
-24.6524

■ 30.5318, -2.1795,  
-21.4578

■ 60.0839, -3.8977,  
-22.9779

■ 22.2525, -1.6819,  
-20.9233

■ 71.3193, -4.5384,  
-23.3838

■ 14.8962, -1.2267,  
-20.5200

■ 83.1791, -5.2104,  
-23.7319

■ 8.5458, -0.8661,  
-20.8385

■ 95.6318, -5.9122,  
-24.0228

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 108.6505, -6.6426,  
-24.2582

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.2117, -7.4006,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-24.4401

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.2943, -8.1852,  
-24.5708

■ 39.6400, -2.7162,  
-22.0041

■ 39.6400, -2.7162,  
-22.0041

■ 36.6027, -1.4488,  
-27.7029

■ 42.8371, -3.5120,  
-16.5868

■ 33.7425, 0.3543,  
-33.6915

■ 46.1743, -3.8978,  
-11.4350

■ 31.0816, 2.7508,  
-39.9541

■ 49.6375, -3.9297,  
-6.5234

■ 28.6409, 5.7770,  
-46.4460

■ 53.2137, -3.6563,  
-1.8257

■ 26.6055, 8.9412,  
-52.5560

■ 56.8919, -3.1193,  
2.6841

■ 60.6629, -2.3538,  
7.0302

■ 64.5187, -1.3894,  
11.2343

■ 68.4524, -0.2509,  
15.3158

■ 72.4581, 1.0410,  
19.2916

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.6407, -12.1080, -17.7131



39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041



39.6407, 7.8264, -18.5565

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.6407, -2.7162, -22.0033



39.6407, 17.1090, 10.1656



39.6407, -17.7573, 10.9251

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041



45.2194, 4.9503, 18.9847

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.6407, -11.1681, 15.5372



39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041



39.6407, 8.9728, 15.1849

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.6407, -2.7162, -22.0033



39.6407, 19.9563, 1.5820



39.6407, -1.5147, 16.8692



39.6407, -20.2174, 2.7250



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041



39.6407, 13.9689, -12.7318



39.6407, -1.5147, 16.8692



39.6407, -15.9876, 12.8588

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.6407, -2.7162, -22.0033



69.1242, -5.0977, -5.1305



51.2442, -27.3173, 11.6907



32.4396, -2.4586, -3.0288



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.6407, -2.7162, -22.0033



48.5012, -1.6836, -38.0334



30.2111, 15.5952, -41.9703



25.4547, -1.6924, -0.4838



24.0014, 7.6921, -46.6046



3.9755, -0.8571, -3.1188



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.5107, 29.4033, -2.3584



44.4864, 48.2431, -2.8455



55.5012, -12.5667, 26.6747



25.0368, 1.2665, 0.7551



24.4680, 43.4947, 3.4663



3.1107, 5.7478, -1.2509



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

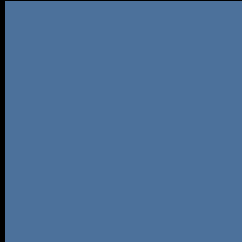
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

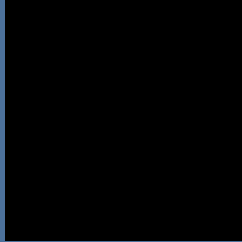
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041.



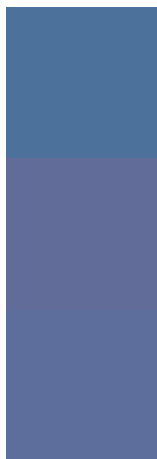
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041.

-22.0041.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041

### Protanopia

39.6808, 2.8294, -19.8849

### Deuteranopia

39.5787, 2.8233, -22.6791



## Tritanopia

39.6342, -12.2104, -6.3414

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041

## Protanomaly

39.4660, 0.7929, -20.9424

## Deuteranomaly

39.4695, 1.0593, -22.9076

## Tritanomaly

39.5321, -8.8627, -11.8579

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041

## Achromatopsia

38.3441, -2.0459, 2.0833

## Achromatomaly

38.5737, -3.0401, -5.5941

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 113, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 113, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 113, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 113, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 113, 155) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 113, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 113, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 113, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 113, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 113,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.6400, -2.7162, -22.0041 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 113, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 113,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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