

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.7930, 2.3283,  
2.1398)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(39.7930, 2.3283, 2.1398)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(39.9221, 2.1985,  
2.3034)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	796C6F
RGB	121, 108, 111
RGB Percent	47%, 42%, 44%
CMY	0.5255, 0.5765, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.08, 0.53
HSL	346°, 6%, 45%
HSV	346°, 11%, 47%
XYZ	16.1169, 15.9377, 17.2657
YIQ	112.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

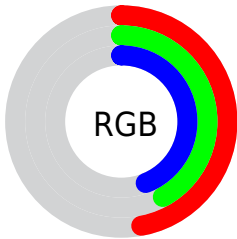
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	121, 108, 111
Decimal	7957615
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.89, 5.66, 0.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 5.661, 1.863
Yxy	15.9384, 0.3268, 0.3232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286147695 (0xFF796C6F)
YUV	112.2290, -0.6059, 7.6922
Hunter-Lab	39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034

# Details

The HunterLab color  $[39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $[42.6278, -6.3760, 2.3152]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[40.3418, -2.1525, 2.1918]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[60.2701, 1.8658, 3.0840]$ , and  $[22.5257, 2.0907, 1.5391]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[36.5598, 6.5332, 2.3866]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[43.4584, -2.0245, 2.3661]$ .

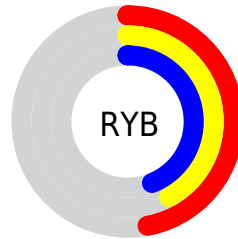
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (42%)

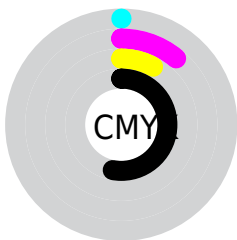
Blue (44%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (44%)

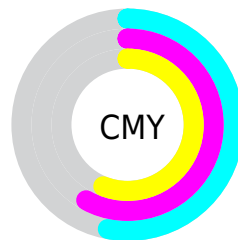


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.9221, 2.1985,  
2.3034

■ 39.9221, 2.1985,  
2.3034

151.3203, -1.4135,  
8.4412

■ 30.7906, 2.3416,  
1.7961

■ 60.4080, 1.7194,  
3.4386

■ 22.4855, 2.4093,  
1.3320

■ 71.6625, 1.3993,  
4.0600

■ 15.1001, 2.3843,  
0.9165

■ 83.5402, 1.0315,  
4.7149

■ 8.7359, 2.3591,  
0.5628

■ 96.0101, 0.6198,  
5.4017

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.0453, 0.1671,  
6.1188

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.6222, -0.3241,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.7201, -0.8516,  
7.6396

■ 39.9221, 2.1985,  
2.3034

■ 39.9221, 2.1985,  
2.3034

■ 36.5598, 6.5332,  
2.3866

■ 43.4584, -2.0245,  
2.3661

■ 33.3983, 10.9726,  
2.6415

■ 47.1425, -6.1361,  
2.5488

■ 30.4746, 15.4788,  
3.0990

■ 50.9563, -10.1477,  
2.8323

■ 27.8325, 19.9704,  
3.7878

■ 54.8845, -14.0721,  
3.2006

■ 25.5221, 24.2989,  
4.7259

■ 58.9147, -17.9222,  
3.6407

■ 23.5968, 28.2334,  
5.9070

■ 63.0368, -21.7101,  
4.1420

■ 22.1039, 31.4747,  
7.2836

■ 67.2421, -25.4466,  
4.6961

■ 21.0704, 33.7272,  
8.7579

■ 71.5238, -29.1412,  
5.2959

■ 20.3676, 35.2896,  
9.9870

■ 75.8758, -32.8020,  
5.9358

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.9230, 1.6784, 0.2225



39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034



39.9230, 1.5355, 4.2455

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.9230, 2.1974, 2.3041



39.9230, -4.3475, 5.4513



39.9230, -4.1136, -1.5523

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034



42.6278, -6.3760, 2.3152

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.9230, -5.6723, -0.0167



39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034



39.9230, -5.8053, 4.0300

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.9230, 2.1974, 2.3041



39.9230, -2.2701, 6.0003



39.9230, -6.2851, 2.0417



39.9230, -1.9943, -2.0750



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034



39.9230, 0.5218, 5.2191



39.9230, -6.2851, 2.0417



39.9230, -4.7189, -1.1335

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.9230, 2.1974, 2.3041



57.0324, -1.4045, 3.1314



39.9444, 2.8522, -2.1868



27.1078, -0.4794, 1.4931



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.9230, 2.1974, 2.3041



52.2380, 4.4247, 3.0918



40.7667, 0.1512, 4.4880



20.0719, 0.7371, 1.1424



21.0809, 36.5181, 10.3930



45.9210, 79.3113, 24.4776



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.9230, 2.1974, 2.3041



52.2380, 4.4247, 3.0918



41.7329, -4.3420, -0.0600



20.0719, 0.7371, 1.1424



21.0809, 36.5181, 10.3930



45.9210, 79.3113, 24.4776



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

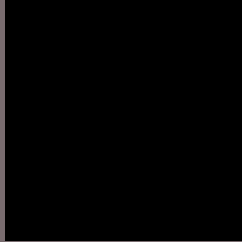
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.9221, 2.1985,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034

### Protanopia

40.0897, -1.2537, 1.5761

### Deuteranopia

40.0130, 2.5043, 2.4155



## Tritanopia

39.8923, 3.7328, 0.0894

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034

## Protanomaly

40.0434, -0.0771, 1.9760

## Deuteranomaly

40.0130, 2.5043, 2.4155

## Tritanomaly

39.8345, 3.4247, 0.9109

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034

## Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

## Achromatomaly

40.2288, -0.8295, 2.1818

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 108, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 108, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 108, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 108, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 108, 111) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 108, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 108, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 108, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 108, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 108,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.9221, 2.1985, 2.3034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 108, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
108, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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