

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.8345, 12.9016,  
-7.7525)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(39.8345, 12.9016,  
-7.7525) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(39.9498, 12.7095,  
-7.5585)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	856584
RGB	133, 101, 132
RGB Percent	52%, 40%, 52%
CMY	0.4784, 0.6039, 0.4824
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.01, 0.48
HSL	302°, 14%, 46%
HSV	302°, 24%, 52%
XYZ	18.4914, 15.9599, 23.9358
YIQ	114.1020, 9.1210, 16.4250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

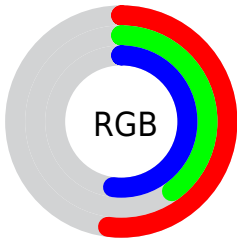
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	133, 101, 132
Decimal	8742276
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.92, 18.51, -12.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 22.175, 326.565
Yxy	15.9606, 0.3167, 0.2734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286932356 (0xFF856584)
YUV	114.1020, 8.8237, 16.5735
Hunter-Lab	39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585

# Details

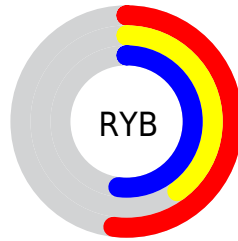
The HunterLab color  $39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $45.2787, -15.5573, 11.1667$ , and the grayscale version is  $41.0254, -2.1890, 2.2290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $60.3311, 13.4626, -7.6955$ , and  $22.5873, 11.4269, -7.3631$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $36.8402, 19.2308, -11.8558$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $43.3211, 6.2583, -3.2777$ .

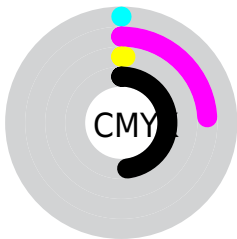
# Distribution



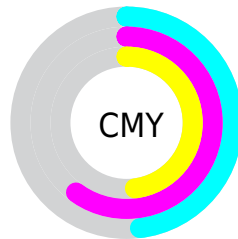
- Red (52%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585

39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585

151.3634, 14.1573, -5.9848

30.8160, 12.1381, -7.4321

60.4398, 13.5377, -7.5928

22.5084, 11.4410, -7.2255

71.6961, 13.8217, -7.5150

15.1202, 10.5936, -6.9343

83.5757, 14.0307, -7.3804

8.7543, 9.7093, -6.6396

96.0472, 14.1717, -7.1934

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.0840, 14.2505, -6.9574

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.6625, 14.2717,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-6.6756

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.7618, 14.2395,  
-6.3506

■ 39.9498, 12.7095,  
-7.5585

■ 39.9498, 12.7095,  
-7.5585

■ 36.8402, 19.2308,  
-11.8558

■ 43.3211, 6.2583,  
-3.2777

■ 34.0315, 25.7150,  
-16.0945

■ 46.9154, -0.0621,  
0.9414

■ 31.5707, 31.9766,  
-20.1479

■ 50.7033, -6.2302,  
5.0806

■ 29.5046, 37.7475,  
-23.8368

■ 54.6598, -12.2437,  
9.1351

■ 27.8733, 42.6929,  
-26.9415

■ 58.7643, -18.1114,  
13.1078

■ 26.7000, 46.4767,  
-29.2459

■ 62.9998, -23.8475,  
17.0057

■ 25.9722, 48.8923,  
-30.6237

■ 67.3522, -29.4678,  
20.8372

■ 25.6270, 50.0554,  
-31.2565

■ 71.8100, -34.9880,  
24.6114

■ 76.3634, -40.4230,  
28.3367

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.9507, 5.5764, -14.7146



39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585



39.9507, 15.8529, 1.2154

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.9507, 12.7083, -7.5576



39.9507, -1.1328, 14.9594



39.9507, -15.9430, -5.5644

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585



45.2787, -15.5573, 11.1667

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.9507, -17.4116, 3.1106



39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585



39.9507, -9.3003, 13.8916

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.9507, 12.7083, -7.5576



39.9507, 7.4454, 13.2493



39.9507, -15.0827, 9.9441



39.9507, -10.8877, -13.4026



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585



39.9507, 15.0829, 6.4259



39.9507, -15.0827, 9.9441



39.9507, -16.8529, -2.6022

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.9507, 12.7083, -7.5576



61.2611, 2.5184, -0.4803



37.1473, 3.7775, -12.4619



28.9730, 1.3766, -0.3491



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.9507, 12.7083, -7.5576



51.0843, 21.8905, -13.3375



39.4544, 10.1590, -0.5558



21.8183, 1.5112, -0.5746



25.0115, 48.8538, -30.5111



1.4788, 2.8986, -1.8821



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.9507, 12.7083, -7.5576



51.0843, 21.8905, -13.3375



45.6500, -13.4247, 5.8211



21.8183, 1.5112, -0.5746



25.0115, 48.8538, -30.5111

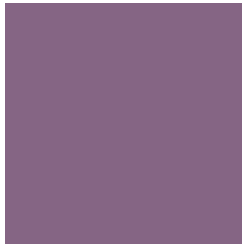


1.4788, 2.8986, -1.8821



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

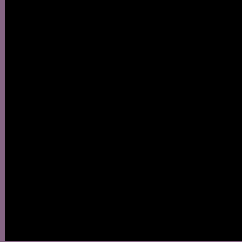
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585.

-7.5585.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585

### Protanopia

39.9876, 1.3950, -10.9868

### Deuteranopia

40.1082, 2.6888, -6.9805



## Tritanopia

40.0515, 6.7361, 1.6704

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585

## Protanomaly

39.9222, 5.1265, -9.9031

## Deuteranomaly

39.9247, 6.1216, -7.1794

## Tritanomaly

40.1024, 8.6080, -1.4097

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585

## Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287

## Achromatomaly

40.4756, 3.2789, -1.4994

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 101, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 101, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 101, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 101, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 101, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 101, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 101, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101, 132); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101, 132); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101, 132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.9498, 12.7095, -7.5585 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 101, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
101, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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