

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.8354, 16.1174,
1.1551)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.8354, 16.1174,
1.1551) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.8438, 16.1370,
1.1448)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	926172
RGB	146, 97, 114
RGB Percent	57%, 38%, 45%
CMY	0.4274, 0.6196, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.22, 0.43
HSL	339°, 20%, 48%
HSV	339°, 34%, 57%
XYZ	19.1660, 15.8753, 17.9736
YIQ	113.5890, 23.7470, 15.6750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

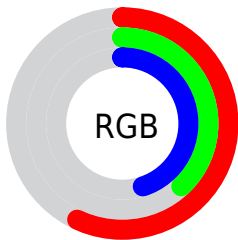
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 97, 114
Decimal	9593202
CIE Lab	46.81, 22.47, -1.42
CIE LCh	47, 22.511, 356.390
Yxy	15.8760, 0.3615, 0.2995
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287783282 (0xFF926172)
YUV	113.5890, 0.2026, 28.4244
Hunter-Lab	39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448

Details

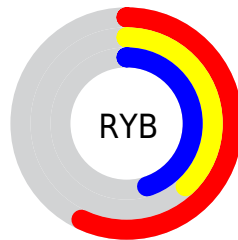
The HunterLab color **39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **49.6836, -18.0670, 5.5124**, and the grayscale version is **40.8563, -2.1800, 2.2198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.2914, 17.5343, 1.9810**, and **22.4816, 14.1720, 0.5080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.3533, 21.9377, 1.2223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.6528, 10.3514, 1.3888**.

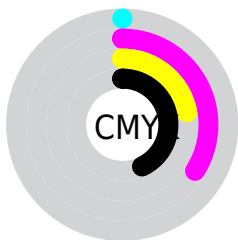
Distribution



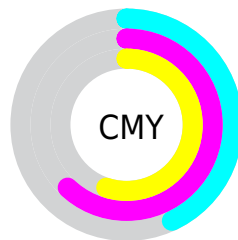
- Red (57%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.8438, 16.1370,
1.1448

■ 39.8438, 16.1370,
1.1448

151.1982, 19.0782,
6.6463

■ 30.7188, 15.3631,
0.7315

■ 60.3182, 17.3428,
2.1121

■ 22.4209, 14.4559,
0.3705

■ 71.5674, 17.8040,
2.6570

■ 15.0436, 13.3938,
0.0704

■ 83.4401, 18.1834,
3.2394

■ 8.6837, 12.3501,
-0.2039

■ 95.9053, 18.4885,
3.8570

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.9359, 18.7256,
4.5079

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.5085, 18.9001,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.1907

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.6021, 19.0163,
5.9039

■ 39.8438, 16.1370,
1.1448

■ 39.8438, 16.1370,
1.1448

■ 36.3533, 21.9377,
1.2223

■ 43.6528, 10.3514,
1.3888

■ 33.2363, 27.6150,
1.6800

■ 47.7288, 4.6598,
1.8943

■ 30.5582, 32.9278,
2.5713

■ 52.0329, -0.9095,
2.6133

■ 28.3831, 37.5341,
3.9172

■ 56.5332, -6.3510,
3.5061

■ 26.7612, 41.0384,
5.6780

■ 61.2039, -11.6721,
4.5412

■ 25.7069, 43.1240,
7.7313

■ 66.0241, -16.8859,
5.6943

■ 25.1931, 44.0804,
9.0204

■ 70.9772, -22.0071,
6.9461

■ 76.0494, -27.0504,
8.2816

■ 81.2294, -32.0291,
9.6888

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.8447, 12.9097, -7.7708



39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448



39.8447, 14.1295, 8.6600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.8447, 16.1354, 1.1456



39.8447, -9.3493, 14.0281



39.8447, -11.0389, -13.6359

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448



49.6836, -18.0670, 5.5124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.8447, -16.1358, -5.6397



39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448



39.8447, -15.2212, 10.0653

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.8447, 16.1354, 1.1456



39.8447, -1.0609, 15.0860



39.8447, -17.5988, 3.1657



39.8447, -3.1843, -17.3902

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448



39.8447, 10.1820, 12.1226



39.8447, -17.5988, 3.1657



39.8447, -13.1044, -11.2808

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.8447, 16.1354, 1.1456



65.2807, 3.6870, 2.8079



39.0908, 16.0405, -16.8778



30.4572, 2.1768, 1.2715



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.8447, 16.1354, 1.1456



49.5134, 27.0247, 1.5484



41.1656, 10.3380, 9.2572



24.1798, 1.0846, 1.0648



23.6415, 41.3813, 8.3423



2.7125, 4.9310, -0.4632

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.8447, 16.1354, 1.1456



49.5134, 27.0247, 1.5484



47.9387, -12.0268, -4.3045



24.1798, 1.0846, 1.0648



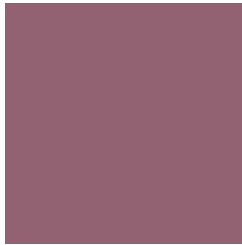
23.6415, 41.3813, 8.3423



2.7125, 4.9310, -0.4632

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

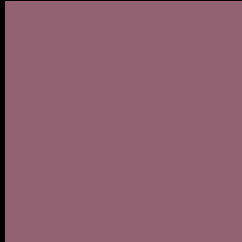
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

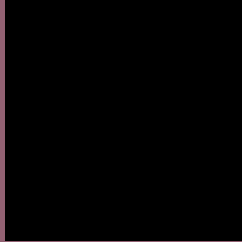
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.8438, 16.1370,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448

Protanopia

40.1111, -0.6490, -2.5112

Deuteranopia

40.0407, 2.6527, 2.0206



Tritanopia

39.7438, 14.1936, 4.3967

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448

Protanomaly

39.8132, 4.9858, -1.3707

Deuteranomaly

39.8976, 7.5385, 1.5004

Tritanomaly

39.8237, 14.5978, 3.2546

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448

Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287

Achromatomaly

40.4668, 4.1880, 1.6842

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 97, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 97, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 97, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 97, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 97, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 97, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 97, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 97, 114); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 97, 114); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 97, 114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.8438, 16.1370, 1.1448 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 97, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146, 97,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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