

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.8448, 2.8412,
-4.7671)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.8448, 2.8412, -4.7671)
contains.

HunterLab(39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(39.8451, 2.8387,
-4.7693)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	736C7E
RGB	115, 108, 126
RGB Percent	45%, 42%, 49%
CMY	0.5490, 0.5765, 0.5059
CMYK	0.09, 0.14, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	263°, 8%, 46%
HSV	263°, 14%, 49%
XYZ	16.1987, 15.8763, 21.9493
YIQ	112.1450, -1.6060, 7.0820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

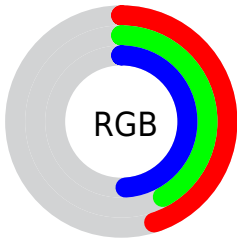
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 108, 126
Decimal	7564414
CIE Lab	46.81, 6.47, -8.97
CIE LCh	47, 11.064, 305.812
Yxy	15.8770, 0.2998, 0.2939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285754494 (0xFF736C7E)
YUV	112.1450, 6.8305, 2.5038
Hunter-Lab	39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693

Details

The HunterLab color $39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44.6394, -7.0381, 8.5387$, and the grayscale version is $40.2843, -2.1495, 2.1887$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60.2216, 2.7146, -4.8323$, and $22.5091, 2.8214, -4.5747$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $35.9277, 6.6536, -10.3194$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.9019, -0.8739, 0.3793$.

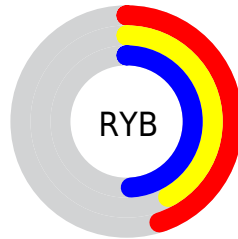
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (42%)

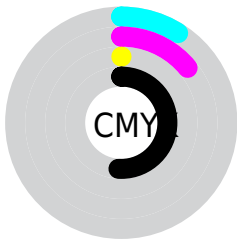
Blue (49%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (49%)

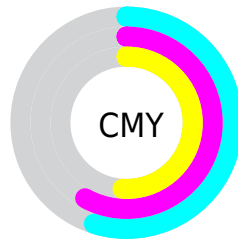


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.8451, 2.8387,
-4.7693

■ 39.8451, 2.8387,
-4.7693

■ 151.2001, -0.4377,
-2.0850

■ 30.7199, 2.9333,
-4.7867

■ 60.3196, 2.4478,
-4.5284

■ 22.4219, 2.9479,
-4.7252

■ 71.5689, 2.1678,
-4.3195

■ 15.0444, 2.8641,
-4.5734

■ 83.4417, 1.8383,
-4.0583

■ 8.6845, 2.7932,
-4.3936

■ 95.9069, 1.4631,
-3.7487

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.9376, 1.0453,
-3.3939

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 122.5102, 0.5879,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-2.9968

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.6039, 0.0929,
-2.5598

■ 39.8451, 2.8387,
-4.7693

■ 39.8451, 2.8387,
-4.7693

■ 35.9277, 6.6536,
-10.3194

■ 43.9019, -0.8739,
0.3793

■ 32.1703, 10.5929,
-16.3703

■ 48.0778, -4.5016,
5.2043

■ 28.6045, 14.6682,
-23.0310

■ 52.3598, -8.0631,
9.7713

■ 25.2716, 18.8705,
-30.4071

■ 56.7370, -11.5738,
14.1314

■ 22.2268, 23.1383,
-38.5525

■ 61.2004, -15.0462,
18.3253

■ 19.5422, 27.3025,
-47.3668

■ 65.7428, -18.4905,
22.3852

■ 17.3057, 31.0140,
-56.4194

■ 70.3581, -21.9153,
26.3369

■ 15.5896, 33.7826,
-64.8727

■ 75.0412, -25.3271,
30.2010

■ 14.6942, 35.4154,
-69.9708

■ 79.7878, -28.7315,
33.9940

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.8459, -1.2856, -6.4983



39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693



39.8459, 5.7169, -1.1984

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.8459, 2.8378, -4.7685



39.8459, 1.3246, 8.7110



39.8459, -10.0424, 1.3624

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693



44.6394, -7.0381, 8.5387

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.8459, -9.4098, 5.2658



39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693



39.8459, -2.9639, 9.2419

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.8459, 2.8378, -4.7685



39.8459, 4.8176, 6.5116



39.8459, -6.8624, 8.0471



39.8459, -8.6286, -2.7252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693



39.8459, 6.4785, 1.5888



39.8459, -6.8624, 8.0471



39.8459, -10.0613, 2.7404

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.8459, 2.8378, -4.7685



58.3499, -1.2521, 0.6288



42.3232, -4.2250, -1.6466



27.6600, -0.4468, 0.0957



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.8459, 2.8378, -4.7685



51.2253, 5.3250, -8.5563



40.6322, 5.4500, -3.6699



20.7049, 0.4471, -1.0171



14.8754, 35.8631, -70.9179

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.6120, 4.9539, -0.3690



52.4821, 8.7434, -1.2672



43.9616, -9.4860, 7.7877



20.9403, 1.1126, 0.3138



22.5820, 41.1033, -4.2520

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

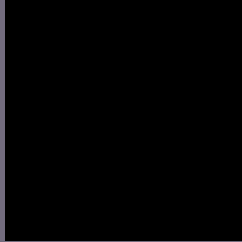
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693.

-4.7693.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693

Protanopia

39.8401, 0.1342, -5.3295

Deuteranopia

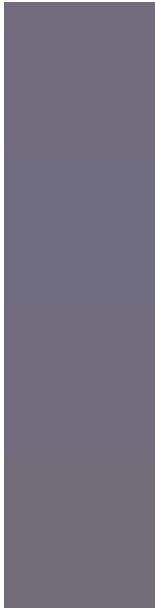
39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693



Tritanopia

39.7777, 0.7433, -1.0232

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693

Protanomaly

39.8109, 1.4196, -5.3468

Deuteranomaly

39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693

Tritanomaly

39.8687, 1.2347, -2.3124

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693

Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Achromatomaly

40.2044, -0.6288, -0.0561

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 108, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 108, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 108, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 108, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 108, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 108, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 108, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 108, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 108, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 108,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.8451, 2.8387, -4.7693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 108, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
108, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor