

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.9214, 0.9302,
-5.4589)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.9214, 0.9302, -5.4589)
contains.

HunterLab(40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(40.0317, 0.8538,
-5.5644)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E6E80
RGB	110, 110, 128
RGB Percent	43%, 43%, 50%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5686, 0.4980
CMYK	0.14, 0.14, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	240°, 8%, 47%
HSV	240°, 14%, 50%
XYZ	15.9026, 16.0254, 22.6772
YIQ	112.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

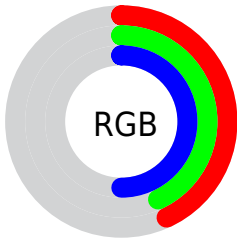
Format	Color
R _Y B	110, 110, 128
Decimal	7237248
CIE Lab	47.01, 3.93, -9.92
CIE LCh	47, 10.667, 291.619
Yxy	16.0260, 0.2912, 0.2935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285427328 (0xFF6E6E80)
YUV	112.0520, 7.8624, -1.7996
Hunter-Lab	40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644

Details

The HunterLab color $40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45.9927, -5.0557, 9.2346$, and the grayscale version is $40.2460, -2.1474, 2.1866$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60.7110, 0.0752, -5.2817$, and $22.6796, 1.0436, -5.3445$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $35.6343, 3.4666, -11.9613$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44.5776, -1.5508, 0.2788$.

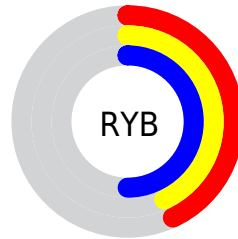
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (43%)

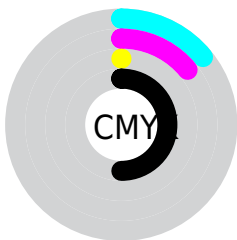
Blue (50%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (50%)

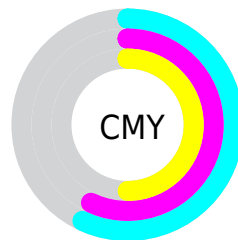


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.0317, 0.8538,
-5.5644

■ 40.0317, 0.8538,
-5.5644

151.4910, -3.4694,
-3.2021

■ 30.8911, 1.1011,
-5.5395

■ 60.5338, 0.1882,
-5.4038

■ 22.5760, 1.2821,
-5.4349

■ 71.7956, -0.2173,
-5.2330

■ 15.1794, 1.3827,
-5.2404

■ 83.6803, -0.6662,
-5.0085

■ 8.8085, 1.4736,
-5.0036

■ 96.1569, -1.1554,
-4.7343

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.1984, -1.6823,
-4.4139

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.7814, -2.2448,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-4.0501

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.8852, -2.8410,
-3.6454

■ 40.0317, 0.8538,
-5.5644

■ 40.0317, 0.8538,
-5.5644

■ 35.6343, 3.4666,
-11.9613

■ 44.5776, -1.5508,
0.2788

■ 31.4094, 6.3549,
-19.0847

■ 49.2499, -3.7942,
5.6955

■ 27.3949, 9.6006,
-27.1508

■ 54.0347, -5.9143,
10.7838

■ 23.6438, 13.2986,
-36.4097

■ 58.9202, -7.9392,
15.6169

■ 20.2335, 17.5266,
-47.0689

■ 63.8974, -9.8899,
20.2504

■ 17.2757, 22.2526,
-59.0547

■ 68.9587, -11.7826,
24.7268

■ 14.9210, 27.1295,
-71.4811

■ 74.0979, -13.6299,
29.0791

■ 13.3146, 31.3181,
-82.1885

■ 79.3097, -15.4414,
33.3327

■ 12.4850, 33.8595,
-88.6980

■ 84.5898, -17.2248,
37.5080

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.0325, -3.2980, -6.1074



40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644



40.0325, 4.3301, -2.8415

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.0325, 0.8530, -5.5636



40.0325, 2.9527, 7.6990



40.0325, -9.7516, 3.2729

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644



45.9927, -5.0557, 9.2346

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.0325, -8.2202, 6.6234



40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644



40.0325, -0.9650, 9.0025

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.0325, 0.8530, -5.5636



40.0325, 5.5763, 4.8835



40.0325, -5.0441, 8.6298



40.0325, -9.3094, -0.7283

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644



40.0325, 5.7426, -0.2966



40.0325, -5.0441, 8.6298



40.0325, -9.4529, 4.5061

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.0325, 0.8530, -5.5636



59.1312, -2.0485, 0.3476



45.0603, -7.4462, 0.9000



28.4154, -0.8923, -0.0714



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.0325, 0.8530, -5.5636



51.1527, 2.2517, -10.1166



40.7572, 3.2996, -4.5365



20.5226, -0.1766, -1.2628



12.4322, 33.7162, -88.3228

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.0697, 3.2875, 4.0671



52.8746, 6.2403, 5.9088



45.2854, -7.5782, 8.4576



20.8429, 0.5884, 1.7022



21.3320, 36.5318, 13.7834

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644.

-5.5644.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644

Protanopia

40.1442, -0.1533, -5.4280

Deuteranopia

40.0914, 2.4324, -5.4549



Tritanopia

39.9702, -1.2577, -1.7508

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644

Protanomaly

40.2226, 0.1155, -5.3161

Deuteranomaly

40.0081, 2.1519, -5.5740

Tritanomaly

40.0626, -0.7538, -3.0591

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644

Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Achromatomaly

40.0704, -1.0315, -0.6873

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 110, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 110, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 110, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 110, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

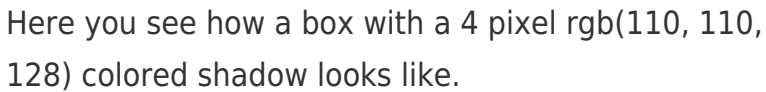
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 110, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 110, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 110, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 110, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 110, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 110, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.0317, 0.8538, -5.5644 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 110, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
110, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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