

Converting Colors

HunterLab(39.9879, 3.0118,
-0.7833)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(39.9879, 3.0118, -0.7833)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(40.0327, 2.9711,
-0.6643)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 786C76 |
| RGB | 120, 108, 118 |
| RGB Percent | 47%, 42%, 46% |
| CMY | 0.5294, 0.5765, 0.5373 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.10, 0.02, 0.53 |
| HSL | 310°, 5%, 45% |
| HSV | 310°, 10%, 47% |
| XYZ | 16.3783, 16.0262, 19.3696 |
| YIQ | 112.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

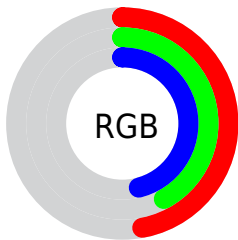
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 120, 108, 118 |
| Decimal | 7892086 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 47.01, 6.64, -3.85 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 47, 7.677, 329.942 |
| Yxy | 16.0269, 0.3163, 0.3095 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286082166 (0xFF786C76) |
| YUV | 112.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775 |
| Hunter-Lab | 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 |

Details

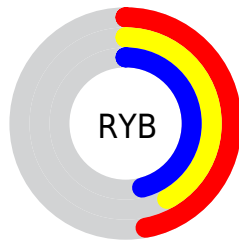
The HunterLab color $40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $42.1275, -7.1329, 5.0711$, and the grayscale version is $40.5221, -2.1622, 2.2016$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60.3897, 2.6985, -0.0785$, and $22.7099, 3.0689, -1.0802$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36.9057, 8.3581, -3.6573$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.3392, -2.3134, 2.3552$.

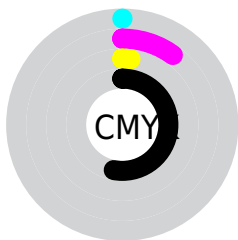
Distribution



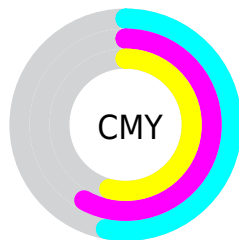
- Red (47%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.0327, 2.9711,
-0.6643

■ 40.0327, 2.9711,
-0.6643

151.4926, -0.2441,
3.9068

■ 30.8920, 3.0570,
-0.9431

■ 60.5350, 2.5958,
0.0597

■ 22.5768, 3.0624,
-1.1581

■ 71.7969, 2.3232,
0.4931

■ 15.1801, 2.9687,
-1.2974

■ 83.6817, 2.0006,
0.9695

■ 8.8092, 2.8436,
-1.3828

■ 96.1583, 1.6321,
1.4857

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.1999, 1.2208,
2.0395

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.7830, 0.7695,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.8867, 0.2806,
3.2517

40.0327, 2.9711,
-0.6643

40.0327, 2.9711,
-0.6643

36.9057, 8.3581,
-3.6573

43.3392, -2.3134,
2.3552

33.9840, 13.8191,
-6.5913

46.7992, -7.4825,
5.3792

31.3018, 19.2863,
-9.4098

50.3943, -12.5394,
8.3977

28.8979, 24.6404,
-12.0279

54.1087, -17.4928,
11.4057

26.8140, 29.6944,
-14.3272

57.9294, -22.3540,
14.4018

■ 25.0910, 34.1907,
-16.1605

■ 61.8456, -27.1350,
17.3865

■ 23.7611, 37.8308,
-17.3744

■ 65.8482, -31.8474,
20.3611

■ 22.8372, 40.3500,
-17.8551

■ 69.9298, -36.5019,
23.3276

■ 22.1658, 42.1096,
-17.8520

■ 74.0839, -41.1081,
26.2881

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.0336, 0.7774, -2.8655



40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643



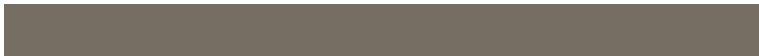
40.0336, 3.7861, 2.1736

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.0336, 2.9701, -0.6636



40.0336, -2.1324, 7.2803



40.0336, -7.0081, -0.6533

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643



42.1275, -7.1329, 5.0711

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.0336, -7.7369, 2.1847



40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643



40.0336, -4.9728, 6.6423

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.0336, 2.9701, -0.6636



40.0336, 0.7878, 6.6374



40.0336, -7.0026, 4.8276



40.0336, -4.9826, -2.8593

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643



40.0336, 3.4215, 4.0033



40.0336, -7.0026, 4.8276



40.0336, -7.4102, 0.2649

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.0336, 2.9701, -0.6636



56.1050, -0.9291, 1.8906



39.2390, 0.4036, -2.6637



27.1578, -0.2072, 0.7798



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.0336, 2.9701, -0.6636



52.1180, 5.5682, -1.7958



39.8607, 2.0430, 1.7956



20.1658, 1.2420, -0.1945



23.1477, 43.9695, -18.5951



50.4490, 95.6550, -39.1793

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.0336, 2.9701, -0.6636



52.1180, 5.5682, -1.7958



42.2876, -6.2391, 2.7813



20.1658, 1.2420, -0.1945



23.1477, 43.9695, -18.5951



50.4490, 95.6550, -39.1793

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

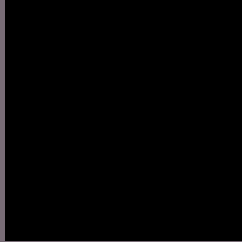
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643.

-0.6643.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643

Protanopia

40.1304, -0.7051, -1.5372

Deuteranopia

39.9438, 2.6728, -0.7809



Tritanopia

40.0032, 2.8130, -0.2447

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643

Protanomaly

40.0764, 0.4404, -1.1174

Deuteranomaly

39.9438, 2.6728, -0.7809

Tritanomaly

40.0032, 2.8130, -0.2447

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643

Achromatopsia

40.6365, -2.1683, 2.2079

Achromatomaly

40.3976, -0.0808, 1.0865

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 108, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 108, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 108, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 108, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 108, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 108, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 108, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 108, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 108, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 108,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.0327, 2.9711, -0.6643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 108, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
108, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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