

Converting Colors

HunterLab(4.9191, 16.4666,
3.4433)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(4.9191, 16.4666, 3.4433)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(6.2715, 10.7401,
4.0525)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	250000
RGB	37, 0, 0
RGB Percent	15%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.8549, 1.0000, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 1.00, 0.85
HSL	0°, 100%, 7%
HSV	0°, 100%, 15%
XYZ	0.7630, 0.3933, 0.0357
YIQ	11.0630, 22.0520, 7.8440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	37, 0, 0
Decimal	2424832
CIELab	3.55, 15.94, 5.62
CIELCh	4, 16.899, 19.407
Yxy	0.3933, 0.6401, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280614912 (0xFF250000)
YUV	11.0630, -5.4541, 22.7467
Hunter-Lab	6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525

Details

The HunterLab color **6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **12.0690, -6.3982, -1.2734**, and the grayscale version is **5.8129, -0.3102, 0.3158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.9894, 9.1614, 4.1837**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.2717, 10.7393, 4.0526**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.9410, 9.0284, 3.5275**.

Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (0%)

Blue (0%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.2715, 10.7401,
4.0525

6.2715, 10.7401,
4.0525

91.7803, 11.4041,
10.1245

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

19.9105, 9.3243,
4.0046

0.0000, NaN, NaN

27.9202, 9.9245,
4.8452

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

36.7848, 10.3977,
5.6891

0.0000, NaN, NaN

46.4288, 10.7638,
6.5436

0.0000, NaN, NaN


56.7934, 11.0375,
7.4125


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


67.8318, 11.2300,


8.2982


 79.5051, 11.3498,
9.2019


 6.2715, 10.7401,
4.0525


 6.2715, 10.7401,
4.0525


 6.2717, 10.7393,
4.0526

 6.9410, 9.0284,
3.5275

 7.5511, 7.6781,
3.1189

 8.1202, 6.5577,
2.7845

 8.7366, 5.4645,
2.4626

 9.4216, 4.3674,
2.1443

■ 10.1663, 3.2868,
1.8359

■ 10.9628, 2.2341,
1.5406

■ 11.8045, 1.2142,
1.2595

■ 12.6856, 0.2280,
0.9926

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.2717, 11.2063, -1.7119



6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525



6.2717, 7.3049, 4.3902

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.2717, 10.7393, 4.0526



6.2717, -9.2507, 4.3902



6.2717, -2.4935, -12.0072

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



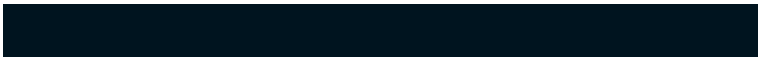
6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525



12.0690, -6.3982, -1.2734

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.2717, -7.9749, -8.5837



6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525



6.2717, -10.9755, 2.3947

Square

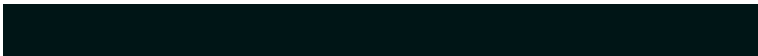
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.2717, 10.7393, 4.0526



6.2717, -4.2363, 4.3902



6.2717, -10.9755, -3.3698



6.2717, 3.5663, -11.3589

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525



6.2717, 3.7948, 4.3902



6.2717, -10.9755, -3.3698



6.2717, -4.4648, -11.2453

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.2717, 10.7393, 4.0526



13.7609, 3.1248, 2.0412



7.2587, 14.2708, -9.5738



7.9473, 1.7998, 1.1772



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.2717, 10.7393, 4.0526



7.9963, 13.6927, 5.1670



9.1778, 3.1440, 5.7103



7.3299, 0.0046, 0.5309



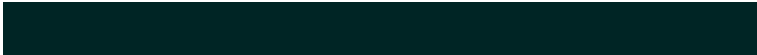
13.3267, 22.8212, 8.6114



36.8376, 63.0843, 23.8035

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0690, -6.3982, -1.2734



15.3879, -8.1576, -1.6236



7.6326, -0.2975, -8.8980



7.6268, -0.7872, 0.2869



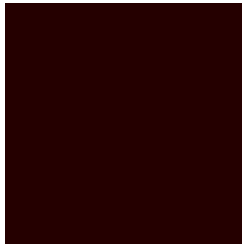
25.6459, -13.5956, -2.7060



70.8905, -37.5810, -7.4804

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

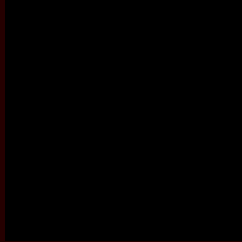
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 6.2715, 10.7401,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525

Protanopia

7.9758, -1.2115, 3.8261

Tritanopia

6.7708, 9.1233, 4.3319

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525

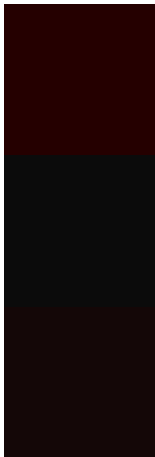
Protanomaly

7.0889, 2.7000, 3.6949

Tritanomaly

6.6086, 9.6289, 4.2407

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525

Achromatopsia

5.7849, -0.3087, 0.3143

Achromatomaly

5.6216, 2.9529, 1.3956

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 0, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 0, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 0, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 0, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 0, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 0, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 0, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 0, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 0, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 0, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 0, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 0,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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