

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.0324, 14.7184,  
-16.2104)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(40.0324, 14.7184,  
-16.2104) contains.

<b>HunterLab(40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(40.1012, 14.2780,  
-15.8523)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	816593
RGB	129, 101, 147
RGB Percent	51%, 40%, 58%
CMY	0.4941, 0.6039, 0.4235
CMYK	0.12, 0.31, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	277°, 19%, 49%
HSV	277°, 31%, 58%
XYZ	18.9734, 16.0811, 29.7077
YIQ	114.6160, 1.9220, 20.2420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

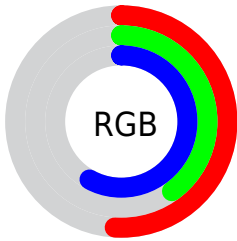
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	129, 101, 147
Decimal	8480147
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.08, 20.32, -20.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 29.188, 314.111
Yxy	16.0817, 0.2930, 0.2483
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286670227 (0xFF816593)
YUV	114.6160, 15.9653, 12.6148
Hunter-Lab	40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523

# Details

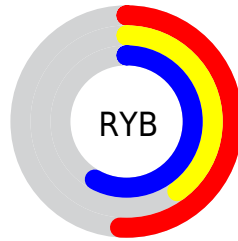
The HunterLab color  $40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $50.7241, -17.0107, 16.5663$ , and the grayscale version is  $41.1984, -2.1982, 2.2384$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $60.5133, 15.2257, -16.5867$ , and  $22.6829, 12.6752, -14.7269$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $36.1109, 19.9617, -22.7218$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $44.3390, 8.6787, -9.4386$ .

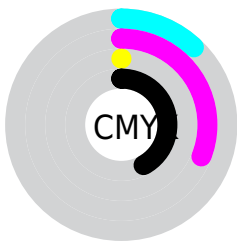
# Distribution



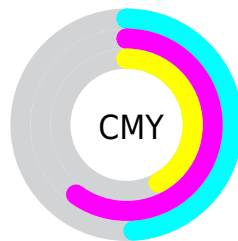
- Red (51%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.1012, 14.2780,  
-15.8523

40.1012, 14.2780,  
-15.8523

151.5993, 16.4000,  
-16.9610

30.9548, 13.6158,  
-15.4265

60.6136, 15.2769,  
-16.5105

22.6334, 12.8239,  
-14.9530

71.8801, 15.6407,  
-16.7435

15.2297, 11.8793,  
-14.4782

83.7692, 15.9266,  
-16.9151

8.8542, 10.8655,  
-14.2383

96.2500, 16.1416,  
-17.0287

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.2955, 16.2919,  
-17.0872

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.8824, 16.3823,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.0937

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.9899, 16.4171,  
-17.0508

■ 40.1012, 14.2780,  
-15.8523

■ 40.1012, 14.2780,  
-15.8523

■ 36.1109, 19.9617,  
-22.7218

■ 44.3390, 8.6787,  
-9.4386

■ 32.4138, 25.6666,  
-30.0696

■ 48.7840, 3.1884,  
-3.4325

■ 29.0710, 31.2467,  
-37.8376

■ 53.4075, -2.1946,  
2.2265

■ 26.1546, 36.4316,  
-45.8215

■ 58.1862, -7.4807,  
7.5955

■ 23.7418, 40.7945,  
-53.5912

■ 63.1019, -12.6840,  
12.7246

■ 21.8974, 43.8007,  
-60.4813

■ 68.1398, -17.8190,  
17.6565

■ 20.6257, 45.5353,  
-65.8432

■ 73.2877, -22.8992,  
22.4269

■ 78.5360, -27.9367,  
27.0651

■ 83.8764, -32.9416,  
31.5950

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.1020, 3.3410, -23.7491



40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523



40.1020, 21.1825, -3.9531

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1020, 14.2771, -15.8513



40.1020, 4.0348, 17.5005



40.1020, -21.2561, -3.2384

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523



50.7241, -17.0107, 16.5663

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.1020, -21.1147, 7.4802



40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523



40.1020, -7.3452, 17.5924

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1020, 14.2771, -15.8513



40.1020, 14.8337, 14.1494



40.1020, -16.2818, 14.4497



40.1020, -16.6924, -15.2039



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523



40.1020, 22.1362, 3.6485



40.1020, -16.2818, 14.4497



40.1020, -21.7399, 0.6597

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1020, 14.2771, -15.8513



66.5682, 2.7382, -2.9628



42.6181, -2.2133, -12.1802



31.4140, 1.7729, -1.9106



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1020, 14.2771, -15.8513



49.6306, 24.7969, -28.0395



41.8044, 19.0690, -10.4260



24.0771, 0.9965, -1.0781



19.2423, 42.4439, -61.1368



2.4983, 5.1732, -5.3211



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.0402, 15.2397, 0.3409



51.2918, 26.3442, 0.1525



49.6657, -20.8502, 14.0898



24.1883, 1.1302, 0.9441



23.7549, 41.7976, 6.6945



2.7307, 4.9967, -0.7184



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523.

-15.8523.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523

### Protanopia

40.1716, 3.2574, -20.3109

### Deuteranopia

40.2485, 2.7969, -14.6115



## Tritanopia

40.0767, 4.3460, 0.3268

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523

## Protanomaly

40.0809, 6.7883, -18.4935

## Deuteranomaly

40.2096, 6.8113, -15.2022

## Tritanomaly

40.0887, 7.7056, -4.8583

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523

## Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

## Achromatomaly

40.8378, 3.5063, -3.9256

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 101, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 101, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 101, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 101, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 101, 147) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 101, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 101, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 101, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 101, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 101,  
147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.1012, 14.2780, -15.8523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 101, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
101, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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