

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.0500, -21.9934,  
-2.5816)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(40.0500, -21.9934,  
-2.5816) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(40.0596,  
-22.0487, -2.4742)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	007D79
RGB	0, 125, 121
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 47%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5098, 0.5255
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.51
HSL	178°, 100%, 25%
HSV	178°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	10.7848, 16.0477, 20.6182
YIQ	87.1690, -73.2160, -27.7440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

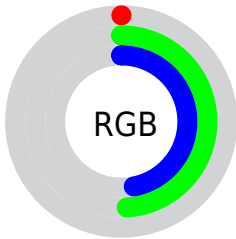
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 64, 125
Decimal	32121
CIELab	47.04, -29.65, -6.16
CIELCh	47, 30.282, 191.744
Yxy	16.0483, 0.2273, 0.3382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222201 (0xFF007D79)
YUV	87.1690, 16.6787, -76.4472
Hunter-Lab	40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742

# Details

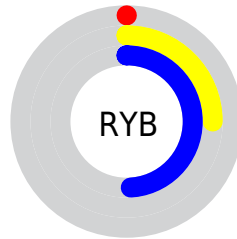
The HunterLab color **40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **20.9027, 35.8348, 13.1804**, and the grayscale version is **30.8960, -1.6485, 1.6786**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.5039, -26.6491, -1.9262**, and **23.4802, -12.8204, -1.6726** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.0602, -22.0493, -2.4736**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.1746, -21.5708, -2.5090**.

# Distribution



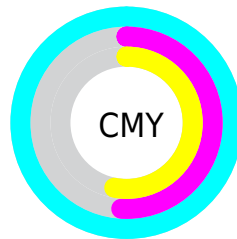
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.0596, -22.0487,  
-2.4742

40.0596, -22.0487,  
-2.4742

151.5344,  
-41.2245, 1.2313

30.9166, -19.5267,  
-2.6312

60.5657, -26.7132,  
-1.9738

22.5990, -16.8088,  
-2.7159

71.8294, -28.9164,  
-1.6436

15.1995, -13.7978,  
-2.7151

83.7159, -31.0592,  
-1.2659

8.8268, -15.1078,  
-2.6527

96.1941, -33.1545,  
-0.8442

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.2373,  
-35.2119, -0.3814

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.8219,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-37.2389, 0.1201

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.9271,  
-39.2415, 0.6583

■ 40.0596, -22.0487,  
-2.4742

■ 40.0596, -22.0487,  
-2.4742

■ 40.0602, -22.0493,  
-2.4736

■ 40.1746, -21.5708,  
-2.5090

■ 40.3420, -20.8845,  
-2.4725

■ 40.5965, -19.8603,  
-2.3186

■ 40.9467, -18.4718,  
-2.0367

■ 41.3989, -16.7055,  
-1.6206

■ 41.9576, -14.5585,  
-1.0674

■ 42.6252, -12.0378,  
-0.3779

■ 43.4031, -9.1583,  
0.4443

■ 44.2910, -5.9411,  
1.3934

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.0603, -21.5166, 8.3784



40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742



40.0603, -17.7239, -15.0472

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.0603, -22.0488, -2.4737



40.0603, 14.1407, -17.5336



40.0603, 5.2303, 17.7566

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742



20.9027, 35.8348, 13.1804

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.0603, 16.2643, 14.0684



40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742



40.0603, 21.8054, -5.1993

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.0603, -22.0488, -2.4737



40.0603, 2.5915, -25.2821



40.0603, 22.6247, 6.3358



40.0603, -6.6609, 18.0965



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742



40.0603, -12.3398, -21.9159



40.0603, 22.6247, 6.3358



40.0603, 9.1957, 16.9309

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.0603, -22.0488, -2.4737



56.9689, -16.3740, -0.5799



38.3337, -32.6900, 23.0481



27.0175, -8.3834, -0.4355



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.0603, -22.0488, -2.4737



53.6034, -29.5294, -3.2541



23.3592, 2.6004, -34.8082



22.1011, -2.8118, 0.7381



40.9253, -22.5271, -2.5236

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.9027, 35.8348, 13.1804



27.9627, 47.9279, 17.7514



27.2413, 17.7758, 17.0962



20.8478, 0.6149, 1.6319



21.3529, 36.6094, 13.4730

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.0596,

-22.0487, -2.4742.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742

### Protanopia

40.0618, -1.4063, 1.9745

### Deuteranopia

39.8984, 2.9529, -4.1950



## Tritanopia

40.0986, -17.9001, -8.4155

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742

## Protanomaly

38.8668, -12.8488, -1.0179

## Deuteranomaly

38.6597, -10.0342, -5.5984

## Tritanomaly

40.1490, -19.5715, -6.2734

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742

## Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

## Achromatomaly

33.1970, -12.4907, -0.8455

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 125, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 125, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 125, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 125, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 125, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 125, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 125, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 125, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 125, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 125,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.0596, -22.0487, -2.4742 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 125, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 125,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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