

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.0538, -0.3398,
2.0295)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.0538, -0.3398, 2.0295)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.9582, -0.3694,
1.8700)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	736E70
RGB	115, 110, 112
RGB Percent	45%, 43%, 44%
CMY	0.5490, 0.5686, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.55
HSL	336°, 2%, 44%
HSV	336°, 4%, 45%
XYZ	15.5708, 15.9666, 17.5905
YIQ	111.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

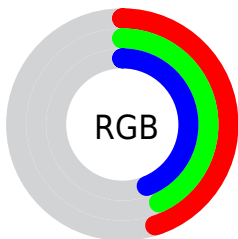
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 110, 112
Decimal	7564912
CIE Lab	46.93, 2.33, -0.43
CIE LCh	47, 2.371, 349.670
Yxy	15.9673, 0.3169, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285754992 (0xFF736E70)
YUV	111.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739
Hunter-Lab	39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700

Details

The HunterLab color $[39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[40.9502, -3.9141, 2.5440]$, and the grayscale version is $[40.1464, -2.1421, 2.1812]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[60.6106, -1.3507, 2.9676]$, and $[22.6240, -0.0035, 1.2293]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[36.7377, 3.9264, 1.0948]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[43.3265, -4.5762, 2.7758]$.

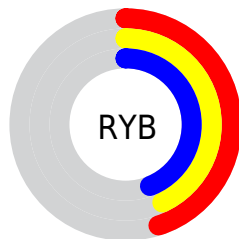
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (43%)

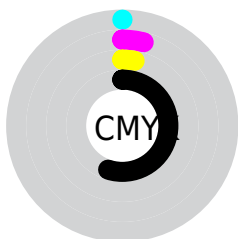
Blue (44%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (44%)

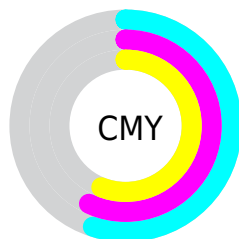


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.9582, -0.3694,
1.8700

■ 39.9582, -0.3694,
1.8700

■ 151.3765, -5.3494,
7.7664

■ 30.8237, -0.0260,
1.3984

■ 60.4495, -1.2080,
2.9413

■ 22.5153, 0.2601,
0.9737

■ 71.7063, -1.6924,
3.5337

■ 15.1262, 0.4780,
0.6024

■ 83.5864, -2.2161,
4.1611

■ 8.7599, 0.6923,
0.2756

■ 96.0585, -2.7767,
4.8216

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 109.0958, -3.3720,
5.5137

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 122.6747, -4.0002,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.7745, -4.6598,
6.9872

■ 39.9582, -0.3694,
1.8700

■ 39.9582, -0.3694,
1.8700

■ 36.7377, 3.9264,
1.0948

■ 43.3265, -4.5762,
2.7758

■ 33.6857, 8.3079,
0.4787

■ 46.8211, -8.6946,
3.7864

■ 30.8317, 12.7491,
0.0607

■ 50.4278, -12.7340,
4.8842

■ 28.2103, 17.1935,
-0.1130

■ 54.1340, -16.7043,
6.0548

■ 25.8626, 21.5349,
0.0096

■ 57.9297, -20.6159,
7.2872

■ 23.8339, 25.6002,
0.4783

■ 61.8063, -24.4784,
8.5726

■ 22.1698, 29.1453,
1.3257

■ 65.7568, -28.3006,
9.9042

■ 20.9064, 31.8863,
2.5445

■ 69.7753, -32.0900,
11.2764

■ 20.0381, 33.6495,
4.0490

■ 73.8567, -35.8534,
12.6846

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.9591, -0.7701, 1.0651



39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700



39.9591, -0.4466, 2.7401

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.9591, -0.3704, 1.8707



39.9591, -2.7308, 3.7348



39.9591, -3.2782, 0.8644

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700



40.9502, -3.9141, 2.5440

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.9591, -3.7944, 1.6017



39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700



39.9591, -3.4804, 3.2541

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.9591, -0.3704, 1.8707



39.9591, -1.8150, 3.8031



39.9591, -3.8680, 2.4771



39.9591, -2.4525, 0.4755

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700



39.9591, -0.7567, 3.2395



39.9591, -3.8680, 2.4771



39.9591, -3.4934, 1.0805

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.9591, -0.3704, 1.8707



54.9472, -2.3774, 2.8878



39.8762, -0.4847, 0.4465



26.8549, -1.1827, 1.4150



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.9591, -0.3704, 1.8707



53.1256, -0.0484, 2.4150



40.0392, -0.8995, 2.8105



19.8867, 0.0463, 0.8937



20.9476, 36.9292, 5.3512



46.0692, 80.8880, 14.3189

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.9591, -0.3704, 1.8707



53.1256, -0.0484, 2.4150



40.8668, -3.3815, 1.5908



19.8867, 0.0463, 0.8937



20.9476, 36.9292, 5.3512



46.0692, 80.8880, 14.3189

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

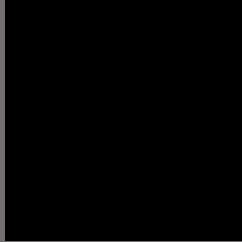
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700.

1.8700.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700

Protanopia

40.0618, -1.4063, 1.9745

Deuteranopia

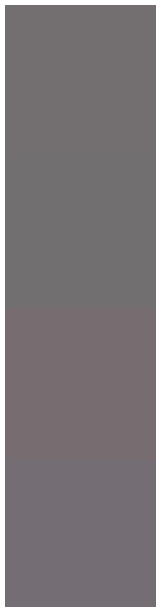
39.9499, 2.3474, 1.9078



Tritanopia

39.9478, 1.3214, -0.7995

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700

Protanomaly

40.1449, -1.1189, 2.0778

Deuteranomaly

40.0363, 1.2762, 1.9914

Tritanomaly

39.8889, 1.0034, 0.0375

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700

Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Achromatomaly

40.0618, -1.4063, 1.9745

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 110, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 110, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 110, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 110, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 110, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 110, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 110, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 110, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 110, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 110,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.9582, -0.3694, 1.8700 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 110, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
110, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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