

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.0764, -2.1392,
2.1780)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.0764, -2.1392, 2.1780)
contains.

HunterLab(40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(40.2529, -2.1478,
2.1870)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	707070
RGB	112, 112, 112
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.5608, 0.5608, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	123°, 0%, 44%
HSV	123°, 0%, 44%
XYZ	15.4009, 16.2030, 17.6450
YIQ	112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	112, 112, 112
Decimal	7368816
CIELab	47.24, 0.00, -0.00
CIELCh	47, 0.005, 288.894
Yxy	16.2037, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285558896 (0xFF707070)
YUV	112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Details

The HunterLab color $40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40.2534, -2.1469, 2.1865$, and the grayscale version is $40.2537, -2.1478, 2.1871$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60.9293, -3.2510, 3.3104$, and $22.6428, -1.2082, 1.2302$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.1056, -6.7686, 5.1382$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.5136, 2.7662, -0.9274$.

Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

Blue (44%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (44%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.2529, -2.1478,
2.1870

■ 40.2529, -2.1478,
2.1870

■ 151.8356, -8.1078,
8.2594

■ 31.0940, -1.6596,
1.6893

■ 60.7877, -3.2453,
3.3048

■ 22.7588, -1.2145,
1.2359

■ 72.0643, -3.8475,
3.9184

■ 15.3396, -0.8184,
0.8325

■ 83.9631, -4.4830,
4.5659

■ 8.9531, -0.4774,
0.4851

■ 96.4531, -5.1500,
5.2455

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 109.5074, -5.8472,
5.9559

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 123.1027, -6.5732,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.2183, -7.3271,
7.4639

■ 40.2529, -2.1478,
2.1870

■ 40.2529, -2.1478,
2.1870

■ 39.1056, -6.7686,
5.1382

■ 41.5136, 2.7662,
-0.9274

■ 38.0736, -11.0465,
7.8945

■ 42.8801, 7.9311,
-4.1789

■ 37.1614, -14.9361,
10.4265

■ 44.3477, 13.3043,
-7.5410

■ 36.3712, -18.3943,
12.7056

■ 45.9107, 18.8481,
-10.9910

■ 35.7039, -21.3847,
14.7066

■ 47.5636, 24.5297,
-14.5092

■ 35.1585, -23.8812,
16.4100

■ 49.3007, 30.3212,
-18.0792

■ 34.7316, -25.8710,
17.8038

■ 51.1166, 36.1990,
-21.6873

■ 34.4177, -27.3583,
18.8856

■ 53.0063, 42.1436,
-25.3224

■ 34.2081, -28.3668,
19.6641

■ 54.9650, 48.1393,
-28.9758

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.2538, -2.1507, 2.1875



40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870



40.2538, -2.1471, 2.1887

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2538, -2.1487, 2.1876



40.2538, -2.1475, 2.1939



40.2538, -2.1538, 2.1918

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870



40.2534, -2.1469, 2.1865

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.2538, -2.1529, 2.1935



40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870



40.2538, -2.1493, 2.1947

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2538, -2.1487, 2.1876



40.2538, -2.1463, 2.1923



40.2538, -2.1512, 2.1946



40.2538, -2.1537, 2.1899

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870



40.2538, -2.1464, 2.1898



40.2538, -2.1512, 2.1946



40.2538, -2.1536, 2.1924

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2538, -2.1487, 2.1876



53.3523, -2.8467, 2.8987



40.2539, -2.1482, 2.1879



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2538, -2.1487, 2.1876



53.3523, -2.8467, 2.8987



40.2538, -2.1486, 2.1872



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



36.6224, -31.2567, 21.6994



81.7117, -69.9269, 48.8195

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.2534, -2.1469, 2.1865



53.3523, -2.8467, 2.8987



40.2534, -2.1471, 2.1869



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



22.7462, 44.1920, -25.9087



50.7243, 98.4818, -57.2594

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

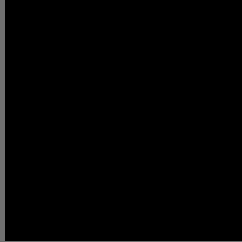
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Protanopia

40.1449, -1.1189, 2.0778

Deuteranopia

40.0686, 2.8025, 1.6220



Tritanopia

40.2935, -0.1447, -1.3206

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Protanomaly

40.0618, -1.4063, 1.9745

Deuteranomaly

39.9763, 1.1286, 1.4824

Tritanomaly

40.2044, -0.6288, -0.0561

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

Achromatomaly

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 112, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 112, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 112, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 112, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 112, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 112, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 112, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 112, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 112, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 112,  
112) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 112, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
112, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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