

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.1341, 24.1821,
-7.9895)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.1341, 24.1821,
-7.9895) contains.

HunterLab(40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(40.1844, 24.1464,
-8.0935)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	995C86
RGB	153, 92, 134
RGB Percent	60%, 36%, 53%
CMY	0.4000, 0.6392, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.12, 0.40
HSL	319°, 25%, 48%
HSV	319°, 40%, 60%
XYZ	21.2671, 16.1479, 24.5502
YIQ	115.0270, 22.8740, 25.9940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

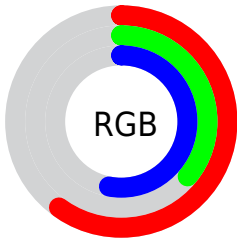
Format	Color
RYB	153, 92, 134
Decimal	10050694
CIELab	47.17, 31.27, -12.82
CIElCh	47, 33.796, 337.711
Yxy	16.1486, 0.3432, 0.2606
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288240774 (0xFF995C86)
YUV	115.0270, 9.3537, 33.3023
Hunter-Lab	40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935

Details

The HunterLab color $[40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $[51.1918, -24.4686, 13.6965]$, and the grayscale version is $[41.3757, -2.2077, 2.2480]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[60.5332, 26.1863, -8.2895]$, and $[22.6953, 21.2880, -7.5543]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[36.9189, 30.8736, -10.1957]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[43.8275, 17.2593, -5.6143]$.

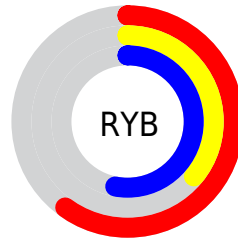
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (36%)

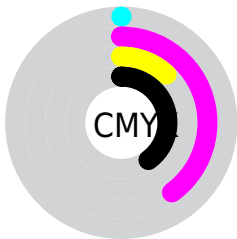
Blue (53%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (53%)

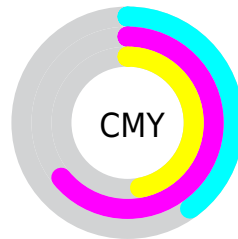


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

40.1844, 24.1464,
-8.0935

40.1844, 24.1464,
-8.0935

151.7290, 30.2337,
-6.7074

31.0312, 22.9676,
-7.9440

60.7091, 26.1303,
-8.1730

22.7022, 21.6523,
-7.7151

71.9812, 26.9623,
-8.1171

15.2900, 20.1993,
-7.4038

83.8757, 27.7003,
-8.0040

8.9086, 18.7676,
-7.0704

96.3615, 28.3529,
-7.8378

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.4118, 28.9269,
-7.6221

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.0034, 29.4283,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-7.3601

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.1153, 29.8625,
-7.0544

■ 40.1844, 24.1464,
-8.0935

■ 40.1844, 24.1464,
-8.0935

■ 36.9189, 30.8736,
-10.1957

■ 43.8275, 17.2593,
-5.6143

■ 34.0885, 37.1929,
-11.7810

■ 47.7908, 10.3742,
-2.8722

■ 31.7543, 42.7476,
-12.6865

■ 52.0283, 3.5751,
0.0536

■ 29.9641, 47.1229,
-12.7676

■ 56.5012, -3.0994,
3.1078

■ 28.7367, 49.9586,
-11.9552

■ 61.1776, -9.6380,
6.2532

■ 27.9376, 51.4838,
-10.4788

■ 66.0318, -16.0450,
9.4652

■ 27.9273, 51.5036,
-10.4589

■ 71.0428, -22.3319,
12.7275

■ 76.1932, -28.5132,
16.0295

■ 81.4689, -34.6039,
19.3642

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.1853, 14.5911, -21.9915



40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935



40.1853, 26.2323, 5.2947

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1853, 24.1448, -8.0925



40.1853, -5.4962, 19.5143



40.1853, -20.3226, -15.5657

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935



51.1918, -24.4686, 13.6965

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.1853, -24.3363, -1.1897



40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935



40.1853, -16.5258, 16.9864

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1853, 24.1448, -8.0925



40.1853, 7.9429, 18.7311



40.1853, -23.0419, 10.3113



40.1853, -11.3289, -27.1879

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935



40.1853, 22.8890, 11.8749



40.1853, -23.0419, 10.3113



40.1853, -22.2423, -10.7409

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1853, 24.1448, -8.0925



68.2517, 6.9269, -0.8741



36.4546, 14.7713, -26.2938



31.7595, 3.7481, -0.6260



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1853, 24.1448, -8.0925



49.7845, 40.5056, -13.4114



39.2823, 19.7445, 4.7021



25.0816, 1.5070, 0.1180



25.4010, 46.8657, -9.6764



3.2080, 6.0935, -2.5754

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1853, 24.1448, -8.0925



49.7845, 40.5056, -13.4114



51.9379, -20.0989, 2.9739



25.0816, 1.5070, 0.1180



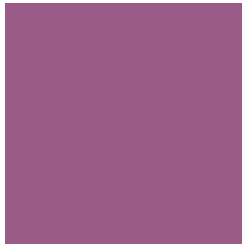
25.4010, 46.8657, -9.6764



3.2080, 6.0935, -2.5754

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

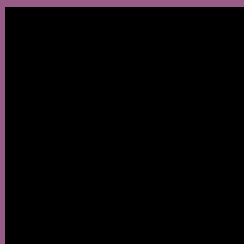
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935.

-8.0935.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935

Protanopia

40.3736, 1.9885, -15.6243

Deuteranopia

40.4573, 2.4931, -6.4949



Tritanopia

40.2980, 15.8322, 5.4455

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935

Protanomaly

39.8981, 9.4467, -13.2790

Deuteranomaly

39.9445, 10.1637, -7.6106

Tritanomaly

40.2567, 18.6652, 0.7977

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935

Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

Achromatomaly

40.7279, 6.8432, -1.5877

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 92, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 92, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 92, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 92, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 92, 134) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 92, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 92, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 92, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 92, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 92,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.1844, 24.1464, -8.0935 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 92, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 92,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor