

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.1499, -36.5377,
27.2638)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.1499, -36.5377,
27.2638) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(40.6233,
-34.8345, 24.4221)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008400
RGB	0, 132, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4823, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.48
HSL	120°, 100%, 26%
HSV	120°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504
YIQ	77.4840, -36.3000, -69.0360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

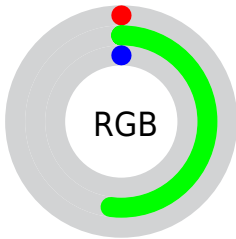
Format	Color
RYB	0, 132, 132
Decimal	33792
CIELab	47.63, -52.86, 51.02
CIELCh	48, 73.466, 136.017
Yxy	16.5032, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278223872 (0xFF008400)
YUV	77.4840, -38.1996, -67.9535
Hunter-Lab	40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221

Details

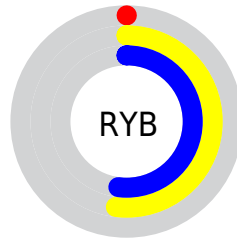
The HunterLab color $[40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 339900 . A complement of this color would be $[25.6350, 50.3986, -33.8062]$, and the grayscale version is $[27.5594, -1.4705, 1.4974]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[61.1052, -42.4333, 32.0574]$, and $[24.2587, -20.8019, 14.5839]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[40.6241, -34.8351, 24.4222]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40.7675, -34.1499, 23.9589]$.

Distribution



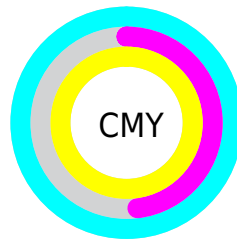
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

40.6233, -34.8345,
24.4221

40.6233, -34.8345,
24.4221

152.4116,
-65.2548, 54.9028

31.4340, -30.5374,
20.1764

61.2124, -42.5861,
32.1874

23.0653, -25.8252,
16.1457

72.5138, -46.1611,
35.7819

15.6085, -20.8603,
10.9260

84.4361, -49.5884,
39.2264

9.1894, -16.0815,
6.4326

96.9483, -52.8945,
42.5450

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.0241,
-56.0998, 45.7574


0.0000, NaN, NaN


123.6399,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-59.2202, 48.8796


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 137.7752,
-62.2684, 51.9245


 40.6233, -34.8345,
24.4221


 40.6233, -34.8345,
24.4221


 40.6241, -34.8351,
24.4222

 40.7675, -34.1499,
23.9589

 40.9933, -33.0762,
23.2326

 41.3484, -31.4021,
22.1005

 41.8449, -29.0887,
20.5362

 42.4911, -26.1249,
18.5323

■ 43.2916, -22.5232,
16.0974

■ 44.2482, -18.3154,
13.2533

■ 45.3601, -13.5479,
10.0314

■ 46.6244, -8.2768,
6.4698

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.6241, -16.3503, 27.2632



40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221



40.6241, -43.1556, 12.9937

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6241, -34.8350, 24.4222



40.6241, -14.7058, -89.3358



40.6241, 65.9505, 14.2281

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221



25.6350, 50.3986, -33.8062

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6241, 66.7565, -12.6916



40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221



40.6241, 14.2698, -88.0235

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6241, -34.8350, 24.4222



40.6241, -33.9218, -56.9022



40.6241, 45.8585, -54.0317



40.6241, 43.8923, 24.7888

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221



40.6241, -43.8811, -3.7081



40.6241, 45.8585, -54.0317



40.6241, 68.8886, 7.3554

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6241, -34.8350, 24.4222



58.6342, -24.7060, 17.8586



46.2698, -12.4277, 28.2937



28.0616, -12.9280, 9.2976



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6241, -34.8350, 24.4222



53.9159, -46.2327, 32.4130



41.1054, -31.8315, 17.3370



22.8139, -3.8056, 2.9996



39.9732, -34.2769, 24.0309



2.3528, -2.0175, 1.4144

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.6350, 50.3986, -33.8062



34.0224, 66.8884, -44.8670



23.0198, 41.1308, 1.6289



21.8239, 1.5412, -0.6542



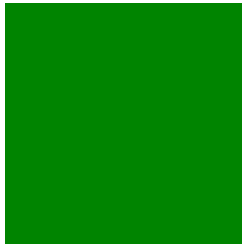
25.2242, 49.5911, -33.2645



1.4847, 2.9189, -1.9581

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

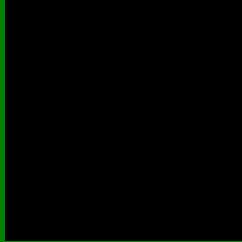
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.6233,

-34.8345, 24.4221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221

Protanopia

40.4008, -5.9412, 24.7908

Deuteranopia

40.4412, 2.6509, 23.2619



Tritanopia

40.8309, -15.0935, -7.3267

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221



Protanomaly

38.9644, -21.8737, 23.6268



Deuteranomaly

38.3512, -17.9132, 22.4335



Tritanomaly

39.9186, -26.0640, 11.3764

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221



Achromatopsia

27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801



Achromatomaly

30.6987, -18.2789, 12.9844

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 132, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 132, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 132, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 132, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.6233, -34.8345, 24.4221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 132,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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