

Converting Colors

HunterLab(40.1895, -6.6128,
4.3974)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(40.1895, -6.6128, 4.3974)
contains.

HunterLab(40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

HunterLab(40.2314, -6.8438,
4.5753)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67736A
RGB	103, 115, 106
RGB Percent	40%, 45%, 42%
CMY	0.5961, 0.5490, 0.5843
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.08, 0.55
HSL	135°, 6%, 43%
HSV	135°, 10%, 45%
XYZ	14.3258, 16.1857, 16.0048
YIQ	110.3860, -4.2630, -5.3430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

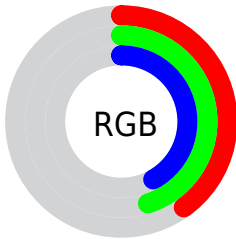
Format	Color
R _Y B	103, 113, 115
Decimal	6779754
CIE Lab	47.22, -6.40, 3.45
CIE LCh	47, 7.266, 151.696
Yxy	16.1863, 0.3080, 0.3480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284969834 (0xFF67736A)
YUV	110.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775
Hunter-Lab	40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753

Details

The HunterLab color $40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $38.0994, 2.8800, -0.3294$, and the grayscale version is $39.6450, -2.1154, 2.1540$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $60.7797, -8.7708, 6.1822$, and $22.7395, -5.0394, 3.1353$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.2197, -10.9689, 6.7392$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41.3551, -2.4092, 2.3480$.

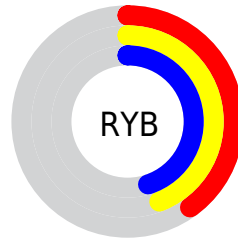
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (45%)

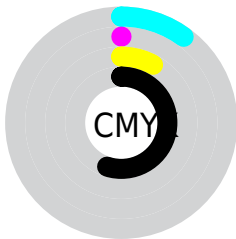
Blue (42%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (45%)

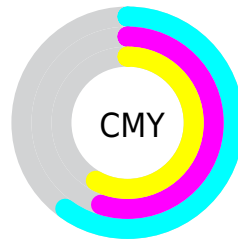


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.2314, -6.8438,
4.5753

■ 40.2314, -6.8438,
4.5753

151.8021,
-15.5205, 12.0476

■ 31.0743, -5.9490,
3.8674

■ 60.7630, -8.6638,
6.0660

■ 22.7410, -5.0549,
3.1816

■ 72.0382, -9.5933,
6.8484

■ 15.3241, -4.1502,
2.5142

■ 83.9356, -10.5385,
7.6554

■ 8.9391, -3.5961,
2.0842

■ 96.4243, -11.5002,
8.4869

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.4774,
-12.4789, 9.3422

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.0715,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.4751, 10.2211

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.1859,
-14.4890, 11.1230

■ 40.2314, -6.8438,
4.5753

■ 40.2314, -6.8438,
4.5753

■ 39.2197, -10.9689,
6.7392

■ 41.3551, -2.4092,
2.3480

■ 38.3206, -14.7414,
8.8169

■ 42.5843, 2.2960,
0.0750

■ 37.5368, -18.1240,
10.7869

■ 43.9153, 7.2314,
-2.2260

■ 36.8691, -21.0844,
12.6274

■ 45.3433, 12.3595,
-4.5404

■ 36.3165, -23.5986,
14.3176

■ 46.8632, 17.6469,
-6.8559

■ 35.8760, -25.6539,
15.8391

■ 48.4698, 23.0637,
-9.1626

■ 35.5425, -27.2513,
17.1770

■ 50.1580, 28.5844,
-11.4531

■ 35.3083, -28.4087,
18.3208

■ 51.9230, 34.1872,
-13.7215

■ 35.1419, -29.2457,
19.2086

■ 53.7599, 39.8540,
-15.9640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.2323, -4.9780, 6.3637



40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753



40.2323, -7.4629, 2.0359

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2323, -6.8447, 4.5759



40.2323, -1.9871, -3.3560



40.2323, 2.6035, 4.8248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753



38.0994, 2.8800, -0.3294

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.2323, 3.4562, 2.3434



40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753



40.2323, 0.7607, -2.4852

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2323, -6.8447, 4.5759



40.2323, -4.7054, -2.6573



40.2323, 2.7727, -0.3517



40.2323, 0.4731, 6.5003

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753



40.2323, -7.0979, 0.2219



40.2323, 2.7727, -0.3517



40.2323, 3.0517, 4.0634

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2323, -6.8447, 4.5759



54.9276, -4.8297, 3.9367



40.8649, -4.7386, 6.4799



26.7749, -2.5686, 2.0272



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2323, -6.8447, 4.5759



53.4271, -10.8079, 6.9743



40.3871, -5.9801, 2.3623



20.2777, -3.1382, 2.1449



37.5690, -31.2954, 20.5998



82.8626, -69.5339, 46.5328

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.0994, 2.8800, -0.3294



49.7915, 5.7745, -1.3865



37.9348, 1.9980, 2.0125



19.3469, 1.1048, 0.0044



22.2173, 41.5102, -12.4831



48.8998, 91.1170, -25.5698

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

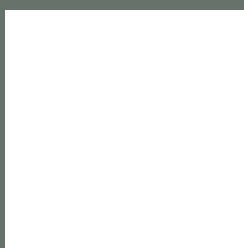
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 40.2314, -6.8438,

4.5753.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753

Protanopia

40.1016, -1.6935, 5.3173

Deuteranopia

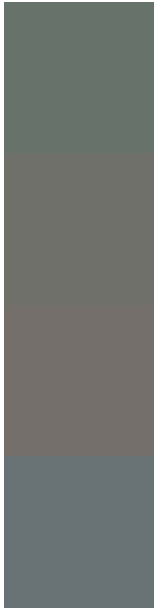
40.0896, 2.5467, 4.1757



Tritanopia

40.3479, -2.6479, -2.2405

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753

Protanomaly

39.9847, -3.4587, 4.7606

Deuteranomaly

40.1789, -1.2712, 4.2096

Tritanomaly

40.3718, -4.3500, 0.5351

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753

Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

Achromatomaly

39.7722, -3.9953, 2.8695

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 115, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 115, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 115, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 115, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 115, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 115, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 115, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 115, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 115, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 115,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 40.2314, -6.8438, 4.5753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 115, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
115, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor